THE TWELVE PACES.

Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,820—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1912. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON, WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing 3-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
1912				
7th Dec.	ARCADIA	7000	MOLDAVIA	10000
14th ,,	EGYPT	8000		
21st ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MANGOLIA	10000
28th ,,	PERSIA	8000		
1913				
4th Jan	SALSETTE	6040	MANTUA	11000
11th ,,	MACEDONIA	10500		
18th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
25th ,,	ARABIA	8000		
1st Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10500
8th ,,	CHINA	8000		
15th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
22nd ,,	EGYPT	8000		
1st March	MOREA	11000		
8th ,,	PERSIA	8000		
15th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
19th ,,	† ARCADIA	7000		
22nd ,,	MANTUA	11000		
24th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA	12500
5th Apl.	ARABIA	8000		
12th ,,	MOLDAVIA	10000		
19th ,,	MALOJA	12500		
26th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
3rd May	EGYPT	8000		
10th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10500
17th ,,	PERSIA	8000		

All the above Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

† INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

ONE CLASS ONLY.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P.M. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS

BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES — Booked without charge.
BERTHS — Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS — Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK — Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE — Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS — Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

ELLERMAN'S

CITY & HALL LINES

(JOINT SERVICE).

Approximate sailings from Bombay and Karachi for MARSEILLES and LIVERPOOL, &c.

SPRING 1913.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay 1913.	Leave Karachi 1913.
*City of Birmingham	7475	10 Feb.	8 Feb.
City of Sparta	5415	.....	19 ,,
*City of Marseilles	3800	3 March	1 March
Trafford Hall	5321	.....	18 ,,
City of Athens	5594	15 March	...
City of Poona (Tw. Screw)	3500	.....	5 April
City of Tripoli	4582	9 April	.....
*City of Lahore	6875	16 April	14 ,,
City of Benares	6973	.....	23 ,,
*City of Birmingham	7475	7 May	5 May
*City of Sparta	5415	17 ,,	15 ,,
City of Manchester	6551	.....	21 ,,
City of York	7810	.....	31 ,,
Trafford Hall	5321	.....	12 June
City of London	9000	.....	19 July

* Calling at Bombay for PASSENGERS ONLY.

FARES.	1st class Single.	1st class Return.	2nd class Single.	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	578	891	429	649
London via Marseilles	653	1,091	439	809
Liverpool	605	957	452	704

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employes, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced stewardess.

All steamers have Electric Light and Fan fitted in each cabin FREE of CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

For passages and full particulars apply to:—

Bombay—Messrs. Ed. Bates and Sons Agency.

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,

Karachi—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co. Ltd.

CLARKES B 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI,

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamers. Tons. Sailing Date. Time. Route via

Lhasa .....2184 Mon. 9th Dec. 11 a.m.* P.D. and C.M.
Dwarka .....1605 Thurs. 12th Dec. 9 a.m. † C.M.
Linga .....2185 Friday 13th Dec. ‡ 6 a.m. direct.

* Porebunder, Dwarka, Cutch Mandvie.
† Cutch Mandvie.
‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH. (Weekly).

S. S. "Dwarka" 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 12th Dec., calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mohomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Bankura" 3,200 tons, on Wednesday, 11th December, calling at Verawal, Mangrol, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Pentakota," 3418 tons, on Thursday, 26th December, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Virawa," 3360 tons on or about 7th December.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.
7th December, 1912.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons	Captains	To sail on
Semiramis	3999	P. Pavisich	16th Dec.
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich	1st Jan. 1913
Bregenz	3905	A. de Petris	16th ,,

HOMEWARD PASSENGERS' SEASON 1913

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
Cleopatra	4039	N. Chersich	1st Feb.
Semiramis	3999	P. Pavisich	15th ,,
Gablonz	8000	...	1st Mar.
Habsburg	3979	F. Seberich	16th ,,
Cleopatra	4039	N, Chersich	1st April.
Semiramis	3999	P. Pavisich	16th ,,
Gablonz	8000	...	1st May.
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich	16th ,,
Cleopatra	4039	N, Chersich	1st June.

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about.
Vorwaerts	5990	...	23th Feb.
F. Ferdinand	6046	...	28th Mar.
Austria	7588	...	28th April.

All the above Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES ACCELERATED LINE.

FIRST CLASS—

To Trieste or Venice ..... Rs. 500
To Trieste or Venice and back... ,, 750
To London via Trieste ..... ,, 579 to 644*
To London via Trieste and back. ,, 903 to 1088*

SECOND CLASS—

To Trieste or Venice ..... Rs. 350
To Trieste or Venice and back.., ,, 525
To London via Trieste ..... ,, 429 to 449†
To London via Trieste and back. ,, 683 to 723†

* Fares according to class of Railway.
† Fares according to Route on Railway.

ORDINARY LINES.

SALOON CLASS—

To Trieste or Venice ..... Rs. 450
To Trieste to Venice and back... ,, 675
To London via Trieste ..... ,, 529 to 594*
To London via Trieste and back. ,, 832 to 966*

* Fares according to Route and class on Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS ELECTRIC FANS and LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, by the St. Gothards, Tauren and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Societa Nizionale di Servizi Maritimi from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail about:
Vorwaerts	5990	E. Danneckker...	6th Dec.

For further particulars regarding passages apply to

E. STUPARICH,
Acting Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Co.
52, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.

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The leading Financial Paper in the East.
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The leading Insurance medium in the East.
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A free copy will be forwarded post free on application from any well-known firm.

LARGE CIRCULATION throughout INDIA, BURMA and CEYLON.

COMMERCE
HEAD OFFICE:—
25-26, Waterloo Street, CALCUTTA.

HOTELS.

LONDON

HOTEL WINDSOR.

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER.

(*Near the Houses of Parliament.*)

FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

CONTAINING 250 Apartments, moderate charges.

Tariff and full particulars on application to the

PROPRIETOR.

Telegraphic address "EARNESTNESS" LONDON.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL FACING THE SEA. FORT, BOMBAY.

OAKES' MADRAS CHEROOTS

Are recognised as the standards of excellence. They are hand-made, and guaranteed free from opium. Highest awards whenever exhibited. The following are a few popular Brands:—

	Per 100 Rs.	A.
Orientals, 5"—Boxed 100	3	8
United Service, 6" ,, 50	7	0
Vishnus (Longs) 5" ,, 100	3	14
Vishnus (Shorts) 3½" ,, 100	2	12

Obtainable at all Stores and Tobacconists throughout India and Burma, or direct from the Company at the Prices quoted above, delivered free by Post.

Write for New Illustrated Edition of Cigar Price List.

OAKES & CO., Ltd.,
Post Box 24, MADRAS.

INSURANCES.

THE ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1874.

FUNDS OVER RS. 4,00,00,000

INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

LOW PREMIUMS.

GENEROUS CONDITIONS.

PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.

ECONOMICAL MANAGEMENT.

For Prospectus, containing all particulars, apply

R. PATERSON BROWN,
MANAGER.

Oriental Building, Bombay.

THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, Ltd.

THE OLDEST LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY IN BOMBAY.

(ESTABLISHED 1871).

Financially very strong, with Funds equal to three-fourths of its net liabilities.

Lowest premiums consistent with efficiency.

Liberal terms and prompt payment of claims.

Wanted influential Agents. Liberal terms on application.

For particulars apply to

F. L. McAFEE, B.A.,
Secretary.

61, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

ESTABLISHED 1825.

CLAIMS PAID	£ 29,500,000
ACCUMULATED FUNDS	13,000,000
ANNUAL REVENUE	1,550,000
BONUS DECLARED	8,170,000

A Reversionary Bonus at the rate of 1½ per cent. (or Rs. 15 per Rs. 1,000 assured) per annum, has been declared for the five years ended 15th November, 1910.

NEW SCHEMES.

DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS at English Rates, CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS and EDUCATIONAL ANNUITIES with return of all premiums in the event of child's death.

For full information apply to

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary,
Bombay Branch.

BINNY & Co., Ltd.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS,

and where to buy them as cheaply as you can at

LONDON CASH PRICES.

MEMORY, which is the treasurer of the mind, is also the instigator which prompts us to send greetings, gifts and good wishes for the enjoyment of a Happy Christmas and health and prosperity with the New Year for years to come. Christmas means good-will which we extend to our friends far and near; Christmas means charity which inclines mankind to think favourably of their fellowmen and to do them good; it also means generosity to the poor. Apart from Christmas being made, the special season and the occasion for indulgence in the dispensation of charity, it is also the special season of joy, because we are in turn remembered by others. Such remembrances are evidenced by the beautiful Christmas cards (the selection of which costs no little time and thought) which carry messages of love, peace, and good-will. There are many, however, whose "outpourings of good feeling" require special expression in the more substantial form of gifts. Individual taste must be met if a present is to find proper appreciation, but if readers of this advertisement will do us the honour and would kindly extend to us their good-will and inspect the originals of some of the gifts enumerated below, we think they will have no difficulty in finding that which will bespeak the warmest wishes of their hearts to the recipients.

GIFTS FOR LADIES.

Necklets, earrings, brooches, pendants, rings, bracelets, watches, lockets, toilet sets, chatelaines, scent bottles, card cases, vanity boxes, manicure sets and a thousand other knick-knacks.

GIFTS FOR GENTLEMEN.

Vest buttons, links, tie pins, cigarette cases, cigarette holders, tobacco boxes, tobacco pipes, match boxes, wrist watches, pencils, cigar piercers, signet rings, card cases, sovereign purses, fountain pens, flasks, military brushes, cigar boxes, Goerz vest pocket cameras, and binoculars.

GIFTS FOR CHILDREN.

Watches, brooches, bangles, prayer and hymn books, rattles, mugs, fork spoon and ring in case, fruit knives and saving banks, etc.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

150° "SHELL"

"SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL.

150°

It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

150° "SHELL"

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE.

REFINED and PACKED 150° TEST in AMERICA.

NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5-4 PER CASE

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn

SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

"SHELL" "SHELL"

IMPORTED BY

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., (INDIA) LD.,

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

150° 150°

CONDOR'S

WORLD RENOWNED HOUSEHOLD REMEDIES.

All the medicines in the world are not known to the public unless they have been tried ONCE at least. Undernoted are the few reliable and effective Specifics which are in enormous Demand since 1870. Why not try them.

TRIAL IS A BEST TEST!

CONDORYNE.

A remedy far superior to all the Chlorodynes on the market. Rs. 1 per bottle.

IODISED SARSAPARILLA.

An invaluable remedy in all Impurities of Blood. Price, Re. 1-8.

CORN AND WART CURE.

An excellent preparation for the speedy and permanent removal of Corns, Warts, etc. Price, Annas 8 only.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS GIVES INSTANT RELIEF. Price, Annas 8.

CAMPHORATED MYRRH DENTIFRICE.

An invaluable an exceedingly pleasant preparation for cleansing the teeth, strengthens the gums, imparts a pleasant and refreshing odour to the breath, prevents decay, removes all stains from the teeth, and renders them pearly white. Price, Annas 4 per pot only.

CAMPHOR COUGH AND COLD BALSAM.

An unrivalled and extremely palatable mixture for all chronic and acute affections of the Throat Chest and Lungs. Gives instant relief and effects a speedy cure. Price, Annas 12 per bottle.

FEMALE PILLS.

(Mild.) An excellent remedy in suppressions, irregularities and disorders peculiar to the Sex. Price, Re. 1.

TRIAL IS A BEST TEST!!

FEMALE PILLS.

(Strong.) Same as the above but far more speedy and efficacious in action. Guaranteed safe and harmless. Rs. 3.

RINGWORM SPECIFIC.

A never failing remedy in even the most obstinate form of all skin diseases. Price, Annas 8 per pot.

CONTRA-FAT.

A perfectly harmless and extraordinarily effective remedy in Obesity. Involves no restriction in diet and is very pleasant to take. Well worth a trial. Rs. 3 per bottle.

GENUINE HAIR GROWER.

A non-oily and delicately perfumed hair tonic. Promotes a rapid and luxuriant growth of the hair cools and cleanses the scalp, removes dandruff, and speedily restores grey hairs to their natural colour. Price, Rs. 3 only.

SANTALINE CAPSULES.

An exceedingly popular and highly efficacious remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of even the most chronic or acute urethral discharges. Price, Rs. 3 per bottle.

ANTICHOLERA MIXTURE.

Price, Re. 1. Perfumed Prickly Heat Powder Annas, 8.

ORIENTAL PILE OINTMENT.

Price, Rs. 2-8

CONDOR'S SORE THROAT SOLUTION.

Price, Rs. 3.

CONDOR AND SONS.

(SUCCESSORS, D. FERNANDES & CO.,)

Chemists, Druggists, Provision Merchants, Tobacconists etc., 20 Meadows Street, Fort,

BOMBAY.

☞ THE ONLY EUROPEAN FIRM IN INDIA who supply all articles to the public at lowest rates prevailing in the market and deliver same to your door free of carriage and coolly charges, for all your monthly orders valued over Rs. 25 only.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,

BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils.
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand;
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.
White Rose	150°	,, ,,
Chester	125°	,, ,,
Devoe's	125°	,, ,,
Monkey	125°	,, ,,

These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.

Elephant 125° in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, GORGONZOLA and PARMESAN, CHEESE, the best obtainable.

PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, unsurpassable for purity.

ITALIAN WHITE WINE VINEGAR, the produce of the grape only.

MACCARONI, VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES, always in stock, consignments, received by every Italian Steamer Monthly.

HOR'S D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best Home Firms.

WINES and LIQUEURS, from the best Houses in France and Italy.

SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock. Soft shell Almonds and Walnuts, Hazelnuts, Chestnuts and Malaca Raisins, and Greek Figs.

Our famous GRIGNOLINO CLARET (pure grape Wine) in great demand.

CHRISTMAS ORDERS NOW REGISTERED AT

MONGINI BROTHERS.

CHRISTMAS BOXES containing a CAKE, CONFECTIONERY, CRACKERS, etc., from Rs. 10 to Rs. 25, list on application.

Finest Cumberland Hams	8 to 12 lbs.	Rs. 1-4 per lb.
,, ,, ,,	18 to 25 lbs.	,, 1-2 per lb.
Whole Cooked Hams trimmed & ready for the table		,, 2-0 per lb.
Finest Wiltshire Bacon Middles on cut ...	...	,, 1-2 per lb.

CHEDDAR, GUIYERE & DUTCH CHEESE on cut and in tins.

FANCY PRESENTATION BOXES of SWEETS and CHOCOLATES, XMAS CRACKERS, SANTA CLAUS STOCKINGS, ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS for Table Decoration, etc., etc., etc.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

GRIMAULT & Cos.

ENERGICAL SYRUP

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Cholorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

A FACT WORTH NOTING.

PAGE & SANDEMAN'S

Celebrated

INVALID'S PORT,

Gold Capsule, is

SECOND TO NONE.

Insist on having it.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

PAGE & SANDEMAN, LONDON, ENGLAND.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

To
NAROTAM MURARJI GOKULDAS, Esqr.,
Sheriff of Bombay.

SIR,—THE HON'BLE Mr. GOPAL KRISHNA GOKHALE, C.I.E., will return to Bombay, on the 10th December, from South Africa, after his visit to that Colony, in response to the invitation of our Countrymen there. We, the undersigned, have the honour to request you, therefore, to convene a PUBLIC MEETING of the Citizens of Bombay, in the Town Hall, on the 14th December next, to welcome the Hon'ble Mr. GOKHALE, and to give him occasion to announce publicly the results of his visit as regards the position of His Majesty the King Emperor's Indian Subjects in His Majesty's territories in South Africa.

We have the honour to remain,
Sir,
Your most obedient servants,

Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy	Dinshaw Petit
Cowasjee Jehangir	Currimbhoy Ebrahim
Sassoon David	Bhalchandra Krishna
Vithaldas D. Thackersey	H. E. E. Procter
S. B. Broacha	N. S. Glazebrook
Stanley Reed	Munmohundas Ramji
C. H. Armstrong	Lalubhai Samaldas
Bomanjee Dinshaw Petit	Gokuldas K. Parekh
Ratan Tata	J. Baptista
H. A. Wadya	Faiz B. Tyabji
Jaffer Rahimtoola	Chunilal D. Saraiya
K. Natarajan	Chunilal V. Mehta
Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy	Cowasji Jehangir (Jr.)
Purshotamdas Thakordas	Mahomedbhoy Currimbhoy
N. N. Wadia	K. Subramaniam

and others.

IN accordance with the above requisition, I hereby call a Public Meeting of the Inhabitants of Bombay, in the TOWN HALL, on SATURDAY, the 14th December, 1912, at 5-45 P.M. (S.T.).

NAROTTAM MORARJEE GOCULDAS,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Bombay, 5th December, 1912.

SASSOON MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Society will be held in the Institute Building, on TUESDAY, the 10th December, 1912, at 6-15 p.m.

A full attendance is requested.—

G. F. CHALK,
Honorary Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ADJOURNED ORDINARY and EXTRAORDINARY MEETINGS of the Gujarat Automobile Transport Co., Ltd., will be held on TUESDAY, the 10th Dec., at 5-30 p. m. and 6 p.m., (S.T.), respectively.

L. DAVE and Co.,
Agents.

BOMBAY SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Bombay Scottish Orphanage Society will take place in the School at Mahim, on SATURDAY, the 14th December, 1912, at 5 P.M. The Annual Distribution of Prizes will also take place and the Annual Report will be submitted. The Hon. Sir Richard A. Lamb, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., has kindly consented to preside, and Lady Lamb will distribute the Prizes.

All friends of the Society are cordially invited to attend.

J. A. STEWART,
Hon. Secretary.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the POST of a Draftsman in the office of the Electrical Engineer, Public Works Department, Bombay. Salary Rs. 110 per mensem. The appointment will be on the temporary establishment, P. W. D., but will probably be permanent. Applications should state age, experience, and should be accompanied with copies of testimonials.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER,
Public Works Department, Bombay.

NOTICE.

WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB.

THE GENERAL MEETING of CLUB MEMBERS ADVERTISED for 11th December will be held on THURSDAY, 12th December 1912, at the Chamber of Commerce Rooms Bombay, at 5-45 P.M.

By Order,
J. E. HUGHES.
Ag. Secretary,
Western India Turf Club.

Bombay, 26th November, 1912.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of FLOUR BAGS for one year from 1st January to 31st December 1913 Quality A. Twill 44 of 26 1-2 2 5-8 Oz. by Samnaggar, Titaghur or Hastings Mills. Also for the purchase of Empty Wheat Bags. Full particulars can be obtained on application at the company's offices.

For The Union Flour Mills Ld.
TULLOCKCHUND AND SHAPOORJI.
Agents.

HOUSE, Bazaar and Dhobie Account Book for 12 months, with Servants' Diary, Wages Table, Recipes, Instructions and Will Form by G. L. CHAND, 6th edition, revised. Price Rs. 1-8. No. 5 dept. A. and N. Co-operative Society Ld., Bombay.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & CO.,
BOMBAY
Agents
AT
DELHI.

KING KING & CO.,
1, KASHMIR GATE.

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND
AND IN
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CRAWFORD & COMPANY, No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE of the Complete printing- Plant and the right title and interest of the Plaintiffs and Defendant in the Press known as the "Helena Press" in Marine Street opposite the Government Central Press.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

Suit No. 498 of 1912.

The firm of Hajarimal Motaji and Co .....Plaintiffs

vs.

Cawasji R. Ashburner..... Defendant.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver appointed in the above suit in pursuance of the Decree, dated the 30th day of July, 1912 and the order dated the 18th day of November, 1912, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, SATURDAY the 7th day of December, 1912, at 3 p.m., (S.T.), on the premises, the complete printing plant of the press known as the Helena Printing Press opposite the Government Central Press in Marine Street, Fort as well the right title and interest of both the plaintiffs and the defendants abovenamed in the said press.

For further particulars and printed list of the plant of the press and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jamistram and Madon attorneys for the above Receiver at their office No. 9, Bell Lane, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

N. B.—Catalogues are printed and the above is on view at the premises and will be sold in one or seprate lots as may be convenient.

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For further particulars and printed conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanji, Romer and Co., at their office at Sardar Buildings, Hummum Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 7th December, 1912.

MENESSE AND COMPANY, No 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE of the Salvage of the Building Materials of the Sagar Press at the Sassoon Dock, Colaba.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 11th inst., at 3-30 p. m., (S. T.) at the Sassoon Dock, Colaba, on the premises of the Sagur Press on account of the underwriters.

The salvage of the building materials destroyed by fire that lately occurred in the Press comprising :—

Cast iron columns, wrought iron stanchions ; steel girders and joists ; fire proof doors; corrugated sheet sliding doors ; deck girders ; angle iron corrugated sheets ; wrought iron-trusses, &c., &c.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 7th December, 1912.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS, 21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY to Cabinet-makers, Furniture Merchants, and private buyers.

SALE OF furniture and furniture making machinery at the premises of the Maulabux Nabibux, Cabinet Factory of old Tramway Stables, opposite Victoria Gardens, Byculla.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI and Co. will under instruction from Messrs. Mansukhlal Jamsetji Hiralal and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee in possession Mr. Maneckji Ardeshir Limboowalla trading under the name of Messrs. Ardeshir Rustomji Limboowalla, and on account and at the risk of Maulabux Nabibux, sell by Public Auction the Factory Machinery, stock-in-trade, plants, implements, tools, utensils, trade-fixtures, store furniture goods and all other goods belonging to or in use in connection with the said factory on WEDNESDAY the 11th day of December, 1912, and subsequent days at the above premises.

The whole factory will be sold in one lot as a going concern, and if not sold in one lot the furniture and stores will be sold seperately.

Factory will be on view 4 days previous to sale.

Catalogues and particulars and condition of sale may be obtained at the Auctioneers.

Private offers will be considered before the sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE, & Co., Auctioneers.

Bombay, 7th December, 1912.

LAWS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. H. H., Rs 1 Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY, No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 7th December, 1912, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Pedder Road, Cumballa Hill, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood, household furniture, rich glass, crockery and plateware, by Elkington Reed and Barton, large dining table, arm and without arm chairs, side board, dumbwaiters, table, hanging and hall lamps, drawing room sofas and chairs, cabinets, blackwood carved furniture, rich carpets, teapoys, single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, cloth and gown presses, parian bronze and terricota figures, one sweet toned cottage piano by Hopkinson, one hall clock by James McCabe Royal Exchange, London, one iron safe with stand by Chubb, dressing chest of drawers, dressing and washhand tables, bentwood chairs, card table, book presses, large cooking stove, large teakwork ice chest, copper and aluminium utensils, etc., etc., the property of the Hon. Mr. W. C. Symes and others.

The property of another gentleman—One 16 H.P. 4 cylinder, 5 seated French motor-car, side entrance with cape cart hood and megneto ignition lamps, etc.

One handsome strong Bay Arab horse 6 years, very quiet going in saddle and harness.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 7th instant, at 3-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

On account of the underwriters one Fox typewriter (broken). 12 boxes toys (broken).

At 2 p. m. (S. T.)

1 Second-hand glass fronted miniature office brougham.

1 Second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.

1 Handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in very good condition.

1 Handsome grey Arab horse, 14-2, 8 years, goes well in harness.

1 Pair of bay waler horses 16 hands, 5 years both go well in harness.

1 Bay Arab gelding 6 years old.—

By order of the receiver in suit No. 542 of 1912 (Zulikabai vs. Mariambai).

1 Handsome strong rubber tyred bicycle wheels victoria.

The property of a Gentleman leaving the Station.

1 10-12 H. P. twin cylinder, five seated, French motor-car, good climber, guaranteed to be in perfect order and good condition.

AUCTION SALE of Electrical Goods and Machinery.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna Esqr, the Receiver, appointed in Suit No. 808 of 1912, Rahimtoola vs. Maneckbai, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on MONDAY, the 9th instant, sell by Public Auction at 2-30 p.m. (S. T), in the shop at Falkland Road near corner Grant Road, all the electrical goods and machinery such as domestic telephones, electric bulbs, volta metres, indicators, accumulator, electric motors and dynamos, switcher, switch board electric table and ceiling fans, batteries, battery jars, glass shades bells, bronze figures, motor lamps, and hanging lamps, etc., etc., too many to describe.

A deposit of 50 per cent, will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable Building Plots in scheme VIII. Mandvi Koliwada near the Carnac Bridge.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th December, 1912, at 4-30 p. m., (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, on Plot No. 13, the following very valuable building plots for a period of 999 years:—

Plot No.	Area sq. yds.	Plot No.	Area sq. yds
1	706		
2	494	26	413
13	531	30	568

Shops will be allowed on all these plots and nahanees will also be allowed near the Rooms.

The sale of all the above plots will take place on Plot No. 13.

Architects interested in the plots are advised to consult the Trust Engineer, before the Auction regarding the development they may have in view in connection with any of the above plots.

For farther particulars, Auction and building conditions, form of lease, plan of the sites can be had on application to the Trust Engineer, Trust Buildings, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of very Valuable Building Plots in scheme III, Sandhurst Road. Estate (East).

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th December, 1912, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, on Plot No. 6, the following very valuable building plots for a period of 999 years :—

Plot No.	Area Sq. Yds.	Plot No.	Area Sq. Yds.
25	588	6	537
30	550	7	556
31	557		

Shops will be allowed on all these plots and nahanees will also be allowed near the Rooms.

The sale of all the above plots will take place on Plot No. 6.

Architects interested in the plots are advised to consult the Trust Engineer before the auction regarding the developments they may have in view in connection with any of the above plots.

For further particulars, auction, building conditions, form of lease, plans of the site can be had on application to the Trust Engineer, Trust Building, Fort, or to the undersigned.

On Thursday, the 19th December, 1912, at 2-30 p. m., (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Sandhurst House" Apollo Bunder, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture rich glass, crockery and plated ware, large dining table, arm and without arm chairs, side board dumb waiters, hanging and hall lamps, drawing-room sofas and chairs, cabinets, blackwood carved furniture, rich carpets, teapoys, single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, cloth and gown presses, dressing chest of drawers, dressing and wash-hand tables, ice chest copper and aluminum utensils, etc., etc., the property of an European Gentleman going home.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 6th December, 1912.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE charges for ANNOUNCEMENT of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, are Re. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

BIRTHS.

BIRCH—Nov 17, at Filey, Yorks, to Lieut and Mrs J K Beasley Birch of a son.

CULLINAN—Nov 19, at Three Firs Cottage, Sheet, Petersfield, the wife of Fleet Paymr W F Cullinan, R N of a son.

LOWTHER—CROFTON—Nov 12, at Dovercourt, Essex, the wife of Capt E G Lowther-Crofton, R N of a son

TANDY—Nov 13 at Omdurman, Upper Gordon Road, Camberley, the wife of Capt E N Tandy, R A of a son.

BECKE—Nov 18, at Northside, Hatfield, Harts, the wife of Capt J Becke, 4th Batt Lancashire Fusiliers of a daughter.

GASKELL—Nov 14, at the Royal Naval College, Greenwich, S E, the wife of Fleet-Surg Arthur Gaskell, R N of a daughter.

WILBRAHAM—Nov 15, at 6 Prospect Row, Old Brompton, the wife of Capt B H Wilbraham, R E of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

ARMITAGE—TUDOR—Nov 14, at St John's Church, Altrincham, Ralph, son of Mr and Mrs S R Armitage, of Dunham Lodge, Bowdon, to Gwynedd, daughter of the late Vice-Admiral Tudor, C V O, and Mrs Tudor, of Thornleigh, Queen's Road, Hale.

CALLEY—STOKES—Nov 14, at St James's, Piccadilly, Charles Pleydell, son of the late Legh Charles Calley and of Mrs Calley, of Saxonhurst, Surbiton, and Gertrude Eveline, daughter of the late Major and Mrs Edward William Stokes, of Ellel Hall, Lancaster.

ROLSTON—FANCOURT—Nov 12, at the Parish Church, Calgary, Alberta, Canada, John Michell Rolston, son of Dr William Rolston, of Duncans, Vancouver Island, to Henrietta Gertrude, daughter of Col St John Michell Fancourt, C B, of Danecroft, Stowmarket, Suffolk.

DEATHS.

LLOYD—Nov 18, at the Lawn, Walmer, Major-Gen Francis Thomas Lloyd, C B, Colonel commandant, Royal Art, son of the late E J Lloyd, Esq, Q C, aged 74.

MITFORD—Nov 15, at Old Town, West Woodburn, Northumberland, John Mitford (lieutenant-colonel V D retired), late 12th Middlesex Civil Service Rifles, aged 77.

MOORE—Nov 18 at Tunbridge Wells, Col Charles Francis Moore, late Indian Army, aged 75.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Yacht Club Races.

America-India Cinematograph—Red Crescent Benefit, 5-30 p.m.

Bombay Articled Clerks' Association—Address by Mr. Nayan H. Pandia, "Principles of the Law of Negligence."

B. V. R. Parade at Temple Statue for route march, 5 p.m.

Salle Francaise—Prof. Charlier on the History of Aviation, Thoburn House, Apollo Bunder, 6-30 p.m.

Willison's Circus, Maidania, 9 p.m.

Maidania, 6 to 12 p.m.

America-India Cinematograph, three shows nightly.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, 6-30 to 8 ; 8-30 to 9-30 ; 10 to 12 p.m.

Maxim : "The man who does not look up will look down, and the spirit which does not dare to soar is destined perhaps to grovel."—"Lord Beaconsfield."

THE ENGLISH MAILS.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Arcadia" will leave Bombay harbour at 2-39 p.m. to-morrow.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail trains and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard Time is given in all cases :—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	19-15
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur) ...	13-20	21-15
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) ...	8-30	14-0
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class).	6-50	7-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Mazagaon Express	12-20	14-25
Postal Express for Punjab ...	...	*
do do for Calcutta ...	...	*
do do for Madras ...	...	*

* Four hours after mail steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	7-30	21-0
Guzerat Mail	8-35	21-50
Third Class Express	6-45	17-0
Weekly Boat Express every Friday (from 18th October to 27th December 1912)		12-0

MUSIC AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—The Band of the 104th Rifles will play the following programme of music, by kind permission of Lieut.-Col. W. C. Walton and Officers, under the direction of Mr. W. S. Walcott, Bandmaster, commencing at 6 p.m. to-day.

March .....ElAlbanico.....A Javaloyes
Overture.....Octoroon.....Benedict
Selection .....Samson et Delilah.....Saint-Saens
Valse .....Vision D'Amour .....A Joyce
Morceau.....Humoresks.....Dvorak
Selection.....The Chocolate Soldier.....Strauss
Two Step .....I'll dance till the sun breaks through.....Joyce

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MUSIC AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. H. R. Vaughan, and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, the Royal Warwickshire Regiment, will play the following programme of music, commencing at 5-45 p.m. (S. T.) to-day (Admission fee) :—

March ....Nibelungen.....Wagner
Valse .....The Barcarolle .....Fetras
Selection .....Samson et Delilah.....Saint-Saens
Lento .....Valse Triste.....Sibelius
Overture .....Solennelle 1812.....Tschaikowsky
Song .....The Rosary.....Nevin
Selection .....La Boheme .....Puccini
Two Step .....Alexander's Ragtime Band.....Berlin

MUSIC AT THE COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. T.W. Bonner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6 p.m. to-day :—

March .....Florentiner .....J. Fucik
Grand Finale ...Arielle .....O Bach
a Intermezzo ...Love's dream after the Ball .....Czibulka
b Intermezzo from.....Princess Caprice .....Leo Fall
Selection.....Il Trovatore, No 2 .....Verdi
Valse .....The Eternal.....Leo Fall
Selection.....The Arcadians .....Monckton
Egyptian Serenade.....Amina .....Lincke

DEATH OF A BOMBAY JOURNALIST.—Mr. Icharam Singaram Dessai, editor and proprietor of "The Gujarati," an Anglo-Gujarati weekly paper published in Bombay, died at his residence in Bombay on Thursday night.

SIR MANGALDAS NATHUBHAI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated in this dispensary during the month of November was 423, of whom 365 were males and 68 females.

THE INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION.—The Committee of the Indo-British Institution gratefully acknowledges a gift of Rs. 100 from Lady Clarke to be used for the children at present suffering from an epidemic of mumps. Also a similar gift of Rs. 100 from Mr. and Mrs. Jardine.

HAVE YOU THELMA? This is the question we hear many times a day from admirers of good perfume. THELMA has more admirers than the most popular young lady. At MADON, SONS & Co. The Original MADON'S, Crawford Market, Bombay.

BOMBAY INQUESTS.

Hindu Lad Tired of Life at Fourteen.

The Coroner, Mr. G. F. Chalk, held an inquest yesterday at Mahim touching the death of a Bhandari lad, named Vasudeo Dadaji, aged 14. The deceased was a schoolboy and was reading in the fourth standard. He played truant on two occasions, and was rebuked by his father. When he did the same thing a third time, his father sent a note to his schoolmaster authorising him to punish the boy in any way he deemed fit. About 9 p.m. on the 3rd instant the deceased was reading his lessons on the verandah, when his father went in for his food. When the father returned to the verandah he missed the deceased. Believing that he might have gone to his uncle's house, the father went to bed. The boy reached his uncle's house at 11 a.m. on the 4th instant, and the uncle offered him food ; but the deceased refused to partake of it and went away. Yesterday the deceased's father received information that a dead body was lying at the bottom of a well, a little distance from the house. The father went there and the body was taken out and identified as that of the deceased.

The jury returned a unanimous verdict of suicide by drowning.

KNOCKED DOWN BY A TROLLY.

The Coroner, Mr. G. F. Chalk, at the Morgue, held an inquest on the body of Chundra Bhawan, a labourer, aged 28. The deceased was employed as a labourer on the earthwork near the Kurla station. About fifteen days ago he was pushing a trolly on the railway lines when he slipped and fell on the rail. As the trolly was going up a gradient, it rolled back, and one of the wheels passed over the right foot of the deceased. He was kept in his hut for some days. Latterly, his condition grew worse and he was brought to the Sir J. J. Hospital, where, notwithstanding the amputation of the toes, and subsequently of the foot, gangrene set in, and he died in the hospital last night. Dr. Byrne, Assistant House Surgeon, Sir J. J. Hospital, said the man's life would have been saved if he had been brought to the hospital earlier. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

A GOLDSMITH'S MISFORTUNE.

Bal Chandra, a Hindu goldsmith, having his shop in Khatar-ali, reported to the police that about 7-30 p.m. on the 4th instant he locked his shop, and, taking with him a copper pot which contained jewellery of the value of Rs. 5,125, went to the shop of his relative named Shivram Balseth, who lived in the same lane, and in whose house the complainant used to sleep. He opened a trunk, placed the pot containing the jewellery in it, locked the trunk, and left the key in a recess in the walls. Two servants of Shivram named Narayen and Bhasker were present at the time. The complainant and Shivram then went out for their meals, leaving the place in charge of the servants. Bhasker then sent Narayen to get some sweetmeat, which the latter brought, and they both partook of it. After the return of the complainant, Narayen went home as usual. About 10-30 p.m. Bhasker also left saying he was going to collect some outstandings and would return in time to go to bed. He failed to do so, however, and the complainant on opening the trunk missed the copper pot with its contents. A search is being made for Bhasker.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL THE HON. A. HILL TREVOR, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 7th Dec., 1912.

302 Leave—The Officer Commanding is pleased to grant leave of absence for one Year to the undernamed with effect from dates on stated against their names :—

Corpl A Peters No 2 Company from 5th October 1912 (in the rank of Gunner).

Gunner J M Spilling No 1 Company from 1st Dec. 1912.

300. Parades.—Saturday, 7th instant. No. 1 Company, parade 5-15 p. m. at R. A. Lecture Room, Colaba, for fire Discipline and Miniature Range practice.

No. 2 Company one 6-inch B. L. C. Gun, Range finders and Dials at Mahaluxmi are placed at disposal of O C No. 2 Company Parade 5-30 p.m.

Gun Layers—Gun Layers of No 2 Company will attend at Mahaluxmi at 5 p.m. for Annual passing to Examination.

301. Musketry.—Sunday, 8th instant, B. V. A. Rifle Association ; Match 1V will be fired on the G. I. P. Ry. Vol. Rifle Range at Ghat Kopar.

Distances 200, 500 and 600 yards.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 5-40 a.m.

Reference the above Match a Tyro's Prize will be given by a member of the Corps, the members who are eligible to compete for the above prize are those (who to the knowledge of the Committee) have never won prize at any Rifle Meeting or whose average for three ranges has not exceeded 74 points.

(Sd.) E. P. CUDLIP, Capt., R. A., Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. SIR HENRY PROCTER, A. D. C., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 7th Dec., 1912.

1. Riding School daily for Recruits and members in possession of Remounts, from 7-15 a.m.

2. The Range at Santa Cruz will be reserved for Class Firing this week end.

Train leaves Church Gate Station to-day, Saturday after noon, at 2-10 p.m. and Sunday morning, at 7-5 a.m.

3 There will be a Commanding Officer's Parade on Tuesday morning next, the 10th instant. Rendezvous at the Church Gate Station at 7-30 a.m. punctually.

Dress—Drill Order, Khaki, Carbines, Swords and Bandoliers.

4. Wednesday next the 11th instant.—There will be a parade for the Salsette Contingent. Rendezvous on the flats near the Jackal Club, at 7 a.m.

Dress : Mufti, Regimental Saddles, Swords, Carbines and Bandoliers.

(Sd.) D. W. WILSON, Lieut. Actg. Adjutant, Bombay L. Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 7th Dec. 1912.

773 Parades—Route March—There will be a Commanding Officer's Parade to-day Saturday 7th Dec, to carry out a route march through the city. Fall in at 5 p.m. at Sir Richard Temple's Statue.

Dress—Drill Order, Uniform, Shorts, with helmets. Cadets not in possession of Helmets will wear Cawnpore topis.

II Wednesday the 11th instant.—Commanding Officer's Parade.

Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 6 p m.

Dress Drill Order, Uniform, shorts with Caps.

Subject Infantry Training 1911, infantry in attack, pages 119-127.

III Maxim Gun. The 2nd Class of "G" Company will parade at the Gymkhana at 7 a m on Monday the 9th instant.

IV The Maxim Gun Class of "A" Company will parade at Head-quarters at 7 a m on Tuesday the 10th instant.

774. Camp of Instruction.—It is notified for information that the Annual Training Camp will be held from 1st to 8th February 1913.

775. Medals.—Applications for Volunteer Long Service Medal should reach Adjutant's Office by the 14th instant.

776. Musketry.—The Corps team for the Rivett Carnac Competition will fire at Ghat Kopar on Sunday 15th instant by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 5-40 a.m. The Range is available for practice on Saturday 14th instant by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 12-30 noon.

(Sd.) F. H. JAMES, Captain, Offg. Adjt., B. V. R.

NOTICE.

A proficiency class will commence early in January 1913, those wishing to appear this season should submit their names to the Adjutant as early as possible

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The Raja Bahadur of Kakina has given Rs. 10,000 to the District Magistrate of Rungpur as the first instalment towards the erection of a High English school in the town. The school will cost Rs. 20,000 and the Raja has promised to contribute the balance.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Royal Alfred Seamen's Institution.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The terrible toll of the sea has lately drawn public attention to the British sailor and the risks which are almost inseparable from his calling, and I am now asking your valued assistance in drawing public attention to an institution which has been established for nearly half a century quietly carrying on its great humane work of granting a home or a small pension to British merchant seamen.

Having escaped the dangers of the sea, after a lifetime afloat, age, physical infirmity, and poverty drive many of them to seek the shelter of the Royal Alfred Institution until the great Pilot of all brings them to their final haven.

Although thousands of these aged public servants have been given a home or pecuniarily assisted by this institution, the tide of deserving old sailor applicants flows day by day, and we are powerless to stem it until new friends come forward with their annual subscriptions or donations.

Please remember our sailors and the Royal Alfred Institution this Xmastide.

We appeal to colonial friends as well as to those in the homeland, and we trust our appeal will not be in vain.—I am, etc.,

J. BAILEY WALKER, Secretary.

58, Fenchurch Street, London, E. C.

Anglo-Indian in Great Britain.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The other day, an Anglo-Indian student at a University here called at this office for assistance in regard to an application by him for a Government post in India. It was evident that it would have been of advantage to him had he come to us, immediately on his arrival in England, for guidance as to the choice of a University and as to the course of study at it, and for introductions to people whom it would have been agreeable and useful for him to know.

Will you, therefore, be good enough to allow me to inform your Anglo-Indian readers that the Executive Committee of the National Council of the Fund for the Improvement of European Schools in India will be glad to be of any possible assistance to Anglo-Indians men or women, who may come to this country ?

The National Council, however, is not a permanent body ; and therefore I shall be still further obliged if you will kindly publish the annexed copy letter which has been received in reply to an enquiry made by our Organising Secretary, at the instance of the National Council.—I am, etc.,

ALEX FRANCIS. Hon. Secretary.

157, St. Stephen's House, Westminster, London, S. W., Nov. 22nd, 1912.

Copy letter referred to.

Educational Adviser to Indian Students, 21, Cromwell Road, S. Kensington, London, S. W., Nov. 7th, 1912.

DEAR SIR,—In reply to your letter of the 18th October I have to inform you that this office has in the past given help, information and advice to both Eurasians and Europeans from India, and we shall be very pleased to continue to help them whenever they like to apply to us.

I have no doubt that Mr. Mallet also will be pleased to render Eurasians any help in his power, equally with natives of India.—Yours, etc.

(Sd.) T. W. ARNOLD, Educational Adviser.

Poor Moslems' Medical Mission.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In consequence of numerous queries, will you please allow me, through the medium of your valuable columns, to bring to the notice of the Mahomedan and the general public the fact that Dr. Surewarthy did not accompany the "Bombay Poor Moslems' Medical Mission" that sailed on Saturday last, owing to ill-health ?—Yours, etc.,

SYED EBRAHIM SYED AHMED KADIRI, Honorary Secretary, The Young Men's Mohammedan Association.

Byculla, Bombay, 6 Dec.

NATIVE CHIEFS IN BOMBAY.

H. H. the Gaekwar of Baroda, with Her Highness the Maharana and a retinue of fifteen, has arrived in Bombay and has put up in his bungalow at Nepean Sea-road. H. H. the Thakore Sahib of Wadhwan arrived yesterday, attended by seventeen followers, and is putting up in a bungalow at Dongersey-road. H. H. the Thakore Sahib of Morvi has arrived in Bombay, and put up with the Hon. Mr. Claude Hill.

YACHT CLUB RACES.

The following races will be sailed to-day :—

"A" CLASS HANDICAP RACE.—Sails at 3-20 p.m.

Name of Boats.	Time Allowances. M. S.	Entered by
Eileen IV	.....	Major Muter and Mr F Watson
Turquoise	.....	Messrs Stokes and Preston
Isca	.....	Mr T Kennedy
Mahshuka	.....	.....

Course : Committee Vessel—Butcher Beacon Port—Red Channel Buoy N N W Butcher Island Starboard—Black and White Buoy N N E Elephanta Starboard—Line between flagboat and bollard on pier at Hog Island. Length 10·49 miles. Time-limit 6-30 p.m.

"C" CLASS HANDICAP RACE—Sails at 3-30 p.m.

Name of Boats.	Time Allowances M. S.	Entered by
Fenella	5 48	Dr Goldsmith
Jenny Wren	2 54	Capt Gloster and Kumhardt
Maud	5 48	Messrs Cooke and Culbertson.
Mavourneen	Scr	Mr N Taylor
Pam	5 43	Mr Holmes
N T u x y	6 31	Mr B G Reade
Valkyrie	4 21	Mr Hughes
Curlew	2 10	Mr R Hewitt
Cricket	6 31	Mr T Greeson
Marie Louise.....	5 4	Mr K McIver
Anna	13 3	Officers H M's Mint

Course : Committee Vessel—Red Channel Buoy W N W Butcher Island Starboard—Red Channel Buoy N N W Butcher Island Starboard—B W H S Buoy N N E Elephanta Starboard—Line between flagboat and bollard on pier at Hog Island. Length 8·71 miles. Time-limit 6-30 p.m.

METRE CLASS HANDICAP RACE—Sails at 3-50 p.m.

Name of Boats.	Time Allowances M. S.	Entered by
Cynthia.....	7 0	Officers R E
Mynoa.....	7 0	Mr W Fraser
Ocris.....	7 0	Mr Macbeth
Nelta	Scr	Mr D Blythe

Course : Committee Vessel—Butcher Beacon Port—Red Channel Buoy N N W Butcher Island Starboard—Black and White Buoy NN E Elephanta Island Star board—Line between flagboat and bollard on pier at Hog Island Length 10·49 miles. Time-limit—6-30 p. m.

"B" CLASS HANDICAP RACE—Sails at 3-40 p.m.

Name of Boats.	Time Allowances M. S.	Entered by
Minx	21 0	Maj Dickinson
Trixie.....	3 30	Mr W Milne
Lylie	Scr	Mr R E Fischer
Erin	5 15	Messrs. Magill and Beadel

Course : Committee Vessel—Butcher Beacon Port—Red Channel Buoy N N W Butcher Island Starboard—Black and White Buoy N E Elephanta Starboard—Line between flagboat and bollard on pier at Hog Island. Length 10·49 miles. Time-limit 6-30 p.m.

"C" CLASS HANDICAP RACE—Sails at 3-30 p.m.

Name of Boats.	Time Allowances M. S.	Entered by
Fenella	5 48	Dr Goldsmith
Jenny Wren	2 54	Capt Gloster and Kumhardt
Maud	5 48	Messrs Cooke and Culbertson.
Mavourneen	Scr	Mr N Taylor
Pam	5 43	Mr Holmes
N T u x y	6 31	Mr B G Reade
Valkyrie	4 21	Mr Hughes
Curlew	2 10	Mr R Hewitt
Cricket	6 31	Mr T Greeson
Marie Louise.....	5 4	Mr K McIver
Anna	13 3	Officers H M's Mint

Course : Committee Vessel—Red Channel Buoy W N W Butcher Island Starboard—Red Channel Buoy N N W Butcher Island Starboard—B W H S Buoy N N E Elephanta Starboard—Line between flagboat and bollard on pier at Hog Island. Length 8·71 miles. Time-limit 6-30 p.m.

METRE CLASS HANDICAP RACE—Sails at 3-50 p.m.

Name of Boats.	Time Allowances M. S.	Entered by
Cynthia.....	7 0	Officers R E
Mynoa.....	7 0	Mr W Fraser
Ocris.....	7 0	Mr Macbeth
Nelta	Scr	Mr D Blythe

Course : Committee Vessel—Butcher Beacon Port—Red Channel Buoy N N W Butcher Island Starboard—Black and White Buoy NN E Elephanta Island Star board—Line between flagboat and bollard on pier at Hog Island Length 10·49 miles. Time-limit—6-30 p. m.

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BOMBAY CHURCHES.

To-morrow's Services.

The Cathedral (S. Thomas the Apostle), Church Gate Street. Clergy : Rev. W. A. Sawtell ; Senior Presidency Chaplain and Rev. C. D. T. Mason.—7 a.m., Holy Communion ; 7-45 a.m. Matins ; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion—Choral.—Merbecke. Hymns—46, 550, 312, 172 ; 5-30 p.m. Children's Service ; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Preacher : the Rev. Blackburne. Canticles—Stanford in B flat. Hymns—51, 52, 169. Collections for Ahmednagar Famine Relief Fund. Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m. and Evensong at 5-15 p.m. Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesday, Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m.

Christ Church, Byculla.—Clergy : Rev. W. J. Kennelly, Senior Chaplain, 8 a.m. Holy Communion ; 8-45 a.m. Choral Matins and Sermon, Preacher : Rev. H. Blackburne. 5-15 p. m. Children's Service ; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon. Preacher : Rev. Arthur French.

S. John the Evangelist, Colaba.—Clergy : Rev. G F. Harvey. 7-15 a. m. and at 8 a. m. Holy

BY THE MAIL.

Home, Colonial and Foreign Affairs.

THE UNITED KINGDOM.

The King and Queen arrived at Windsor from Sandringham on Nov. 18. Their Magesties travelled by special train, and joined the Great Western line at Acton. During the afternoon the new German Ambassador and Princess Lichnowsky arrived at the Castle with a number of the Embassy staff. They were met by royal carriages. Sir Edward Grey presented the German Ambassador to the King, to whom his Excellency offered his credentials. Prince and Princess Lichnowsky dined with their Majesties in the evening.

The Home Secretary on Nov. 19 informed the Standing Committee on the Mental Deficiency Bill that in consequence of the time lost in the House of Commons through the defeat of the Government, the Bill would not be proceeded with this session. He hoped that the Bill as amended in Committee would be made the basis of a similar Bill next session. The discussion of the Government's decision was at times animated, and the Chairman called Ministerialists present to order.

The representative meeting of the British Medical Association called to consider the insurance policy of the Association on Nov. 19 passed by an overwhelming majority a resolution declining to undertake service under the Insurance Act and the Commissioners' regulations as they stand at present. By a majority of 107 to 84 the conference resolved that Mr. Lloyd George's recent offer affords an opportunity of conferring with him and with the Commissioners with a view to the settlement of the points on which the doctors' demands have not yet been met; but on an amendment to this resolution expressing willingness to receive suggestions from Mr. Lloyd George a card vote was taken. As a result of this vote at the resumed conference on Nov. 20 a committee of five was appointed to lay before Mr. Lloyd George "the reasonable demands of the profession" in respect of service under the Insurance Act but without any plenary powers of settlement. Should any modification of the existing conditions of service be proposed they will be voted on by the individual members of the association at district meetings.

The march of suffragists from Edinburgh to London to present a petition to the Prime Minister came to an end on Nov. 16. Its final stage was made the occasion of a gathering of the adherents of various suffragist bodies in Trafalgar Square before the presentation of the petition in Downing Street. The number of women who traversed the whole distance to London was only six, but they have received recruits on the road, and nearly thirty women arrived at North Finchley on the 15th. The petition was taken to the Prime Minister's official residence by Mrs. de Fonblanque and Miss Margaret Byham, who, when they reached Downing Street, were cheered and mooted by a large crowd of people. Mr. Asquith had previously intimated that he was unable to receive the petition personally, though he would be very happy to consider it. The two representatives of the marchers were accordingly admitted to Mr. Asquith's house, and stated afterwards that they had been courteously received by his secretary, who promised to convey the petition to the Prime Minister. The woman suffragists who marched from Edinburgh attended morning service at Westminster Abbey. In the afternoon a suffrage meeting was held in Hyde Park.

In reply to the resolution passed at the meeting of the Central Campaign Committee for the Disestablishment of the Church of England in Wales, held at Shrewsbury on Nov. 15 (a copy of which was forwarded to Mr. Asquith), the following telegram was received on the 16th at the Committee headquarters, St. Stephen's House, Westminster:—"The Prime Minister desires me to inform you that there is no truth in the rumours of which you refer.—Eric Drummond." The resolution expressed grave concern at the rumours to the effect that there was a possibility of the Welsh Disestablishment Bill's being dropped and reliance on the Prime Minister's promise to carry the measure through during the present session.

At the closing sessions on Nov. 15 of the conference of the National Unionist Association Mr. Austen Chamberlain moved, and the delegates adopted, a resolution in support of the Unionist policy of State assistance for the creation of occupying ownerships of land. Mr. Pretyman referred to the way in which, he said, the speculative building trade had been ruined by the Budget proposals of 1909, and claimed that it had cost 1,100,000l. to collect 6,000l. in increment value duty in three years.

Lord Sanderson, in presenting the Albert Medal of the Royal Society of Arts to Lord Strathcona on Nov. 15, read a message from the Duke of Connaught President of the Society. His Royal Highness said that in his present office he had had special opportunities of fully realising the great services Lord Strathcona had rendered to the Dominion of Canada, and to the industrial and commercial progress of the British Empire.

Between the Majority and the Minority Reports of the Royal Commission on Divorce there is a sharp divergence, but future legislation must take account of both. Neither taken by itself seems to us, remarks the "Globe," to afford an ideal basis for a new Act of Parliament, for, if the one may be thought too rigid, the other may not unfairly be criticised as too lax. It will be observed, however, that on the proposal to place both sexes upon an equality, and to abolish the "cruelty" plea, so often and so notoriously abused, the Majority and the Minority are at one. Here, at least, we have a solid fact of which Parliament may properly take note. We regret that the Minority did not see their way to accept either a commuted death sentence or evidence of habitual drunkenness, or incurable insanity, as valid grounds for which they are rightly jealous, would not, in our opinion, suffer either in fact or in popular judgement by the deliverence of an innocent partner from the shame and agony involved in these cases. On the other hand, the interpretation which the Courts have in fact, placed upon the word seems good ground for rejecting "cruelty" as one of the causes for divorce. To a modified degree the Minority support the recommendation of the Majority as to extending the facilities for divorce, and here we shall all be agreed. As matters stand now there is really one law for the rich and another for the poor, and the separation, which is all that the latter can in practice obtain, has all the evils of divorce with none of its advantages.

In the Upper House of Canterbury Convocation on Nov. 20 the Archbishop warmly commended the Minority Report of the Royal Commission on Divorce. That report was not, he explained, an expression on behalf of the Church of what the Church specially wanted in this matter for its own members. If so, it would have been worded altogether differently. At a meeting of the English Church Union on Nov. 20 Lord Halifax said that they must do their best to protect the morality of the State by getting rid, if they could, of divorce altogether.

At the Central Hall, Westminister, on Nov. 19, a crowded meeting of protest, organised by the World's Evangelical Alliance, against the "Ne Temere" Decree, passed a resolution calling upon the Imperial Parliament to take steps to give relief to those who, while legally married, are subjected to suffering in consequence of the "Ne Temere" Decree, and charging the Government with having taken no action to protect the civil and religious rights of British subjects. Lord Kinnaird presided, and the speakers included the Rev. Dr. Montgomery (Moderator of the Presbyterian Church of Ireland), Prebendary Webb-Peploe, and Sir Robert Perks.

Capt. Roald Amundsen, who planted the Norwegian flag at the South Pole in December last, delivered his first lecture in England descriptive of the expedition at Queen's Hall on Nov. 15 at a special meeting of the Royal Geographical Society. Earl Curzon presided, and the audience filled the hall in every part. The welcome he received was all the more significant from the hope there had been—there can be no disguising it—that the first prize in Antarctic exploration would fall to British hands. A Norwegian has it, but, as Earl Curzon remarked, we do not grudge him the honour. Capt. Amundsen is not a lecturer to the manner born. He is a plain sailorman, with a voice that would be heard to advantage above the storm, and gifts of eloquence are not in his keeping, but he had a magnificent story of courage and endurance to tell, and the simple facts of hardship as he unfolded them were more eloquent in themselves than grace of phrase or finely-turned period could have made them.

The President of the Local Government Board is about to issue an Order to prohibit throughout the country the use of cut-outs, or open exhausts, on motor cycles. The Order is to come into effect in March next. This means that motor cycles in future must be silent. The unpleasant explosive noise which most of them now make is due to the cut-outs, or open exhausts, by the use of which a little more speed can be got out of the machine.

The eleventh annual exhibition promoted by the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders, which closed at Olympia on Nov. 16, was visited by 255,522 persons in the eight days. This is more than 30,000 in excess of last year's attendance, when the total was 223,000. On the closing day 32,648 people passed the turnstiles, an increase of 4,000 over the attendance on the corresponding day in 1911.

The committee of the Arabian Nights Ball, to be held at Covent Garden Opera House on Thursday evening, Dec. 12, have decided to devote all the profits of the entertainment to the Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies at present doing such splendid service in the Balkans. Last year, when the Arabian Nights Ball scored one of the greatest successes of the winter season, the proceeds were devoted to the Benevolent Fund of the Foreign Press Association in England. This year, although the ball has been organised by the same association, it is felt that the sympathy of the world is in the work of the Red Cross and Red Crescent.

The draft of a new shipyard agreement was approved on Nov. 20 in Edinburgh by representatives of the Shipbuilding Employers' Federation and the committee of he combined shipyard trade unions. The agreement aims at expediting the settlement of disputes, and its adoption by the employers and the men generally is regarded as practically certain.

The Rev. Dr. Wallace Williamson, minister of St. Giles, Edinburgh, has been nominated as Moderator of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, and the Rev. Professor Iverach as Moderator of the General Assembly of the United Free Church.

In support of the appeal of the All-India Committee for a fund of 250,000l. for the education of Europeans and Eurasians in India a drawing-room meeting was held yesterday at 30 Eaniemore Gardens by premission of Lady Emmott. Sir Theodore Morison, who presided, said that of the inhabitants who constituted the population of India there was one community to whom Englishmen were bound by the ties of flesh and blood, but who so far had been very much neglected. He referred to the Eurasian Community, consisting of people of mixed European and Indian parentage. So little was said about these people that he doubted whether the English public realised how great were our obligations to them. Their condition was sad. No provision had been made for their special education. Nothing that was done for Mussulmans, Parsees, or Hindoos benefited them. It was proposed to establish schools for their benefit, and in course of time, if possible, a university such as the Mussulmans were likely to have before long. Without some such arrangement there was a danger of their absolute degradation. (Hear, hear.) Miss Lamb speaking as a Eurasian, appealed to England to come to the assistance of that race which had stood by this country in the days of the Indian Mutiny. The Rev. Dr. Alexander Francis announced that 110,000l. had already been subscribed to the fund. They wanted at least 140,000l. more.

COLONIAL.

CANADA.

In a speech at the launching of the floating dry dock at Montreal on Nov. 18, the Duke of Connaught said that a great reproach against the St. Lawrence trade route was now removed, and that the largest vessels could run to Montreal, their owners knowing that they were entering a report in possession of ships.

The "Times" Ottawa correspondent says that the first Bill to be introduced into the Canadian Parliament is one prohibiting under penalties the defaming of the Union Jack and its use for advertising purposes.

An east-bound express on the Canadian Pacific came into collision on Nov. 19 with a goods train near Gull Lake. It is reported that eighteen persons were killed.

As the result of a conference between Mr. Bower, the Attorney-General of British Columbia, and Mr. Hazen, the Minister of Marine, it has been decided to introduce new fishing regulations to give preference to white fishermen over Japanese, who hitherto have largely controlled the fishing industry.

In a speech at the launching of the floating dry dock at Montreal on Nov. 18 the Duke of Connaught said that a great reproach against the St. Lawrence trade route was now removed and that the largest vessels could run to Montreal, their owners knowing that they were entering a port in possession of a complete modern equipment for the repair and examination of ships. In the past the absence of such equipment had discouraged traffic and influenced underwriters unfavourably against the great national waterway.

SOUTH AFRICA.

The South African Unionist Congress on No. 19 unanimously passed a resolution expressing the opinion that the South African naval contribution is inadequate and urging the establishment of an Imperial Defence Council. The proposals for the establishment of a South African Navy were not supported. Sir Thomas Smartt described the present naval contribution as disgraceful to contemplate.

Mr. Gokhale left Johannesburg on the night Nov. 16 for Delagoa Bay on his way back to India. Although there has been no settlement of the differences regarding the status of Indians within the Union, the visit has been an unqualified success. Extremists apart, the European and Indian communities are now more inclined to approach the dispute as a conflict of two ideas of right rather than in the spirit of the unyielding assertion that all the right is on one side and all the wrong on the other. Thus the frame of mind necessary for the consideration of a "via media" has been cultivated. Mr. Gokhale speaking at Pretoria yesterday, said that he was both gratified, and surprised at his reception, not only by Ministers but by his European audiences. He stated that the Ministers, although non-committal, were "not unsympathetic" and "showed themselves willing to see the Indian point of view as well as the European." Even in Pretoria and Durban, where the anti-Asiatic sentiment of the European traders is peculiarly strong, Mr. Gokhale's urbanity, clarity of judgment, and firm but invariably courteous insistence on the essential in equities on both sides, created a most favourable impression.

As a result of a Conference in London on Nov. 19, with the leading shipowners in the trade, a subcommittee of the South African Merchants' Committee decided to recommend to the full committee on Monday the adoption of a system of mutual agreement in place of the present system of deferred rebates. It is claimed that this plan would have the effect of securing the equal and stable freight rates which are desired by both the Union Government and the merchants.

The Congress of the South African Party opened at Pretoria on Nov. 20, in the presence of 200 delegates. General Botha, in his presidential address, hoped the races would work together to create the nationality for which they were striving. The difference between the two great parties, he said, was not so much a question of programmes as of sentiments and practice. He urged the strengthening of the bonds between South Africa and the Motherland. General Botha said he saw great progress in South Africa, commercially and agriculturally. The Union was a great success, and he looked forward to a glorious future.

GERMANY.

The text of the new Bill "concerning the trade in illuminating oil" has been published. The proposed new trading company under Government control is to have a charter for 30 years and is expected to issue in the first instance shares to the amount of £3,000,000, of which one-fifth will carry fivefold voting powers and will be alloted to German companies, which will not be able to transfer the shares without Government consent. The date upon which the Bill comes into force will not be fixed in the law, so that the Government may not have its hands tied, especially in dealing with the existing wholesale trade. It is intended that the scheme shall take effect next year, but some parts of the law may be put into force before others.

SPAIN.

Count Romanones has been sworn in as Prime Minister. There is no other change in the Ministry. Count Romanones proposes to devote his strength to furthering unaltered the policy of the late Premier. The most pressing questions at present are the approval of the Budget and the discussion on the Franco-Spanish Treaty, which it is hoped will be completed before the end of the year. Senor Moret has accepted the office of President of the Chamber vacated by the Prime Minister.

FOREIGN.

CHINA.

Since the step taken by the Chinese Finance Minister towards the end of October, when he asked the Six Power Group to reopen negotiations for the conclusion of the Reorganisation Loan, on definite progress, Reuter's agency learns, has been made. China has been engaged in sounding the various Powers, but, it is understood, no formal proposal has yet been put forward.

The last bolt on the Yellow River bridge of the Tien-tsin-Pukow railway was riveted on November 16 in the presence of the Governor and of the chief engineers of the British and German sections and an immense crowd of Chinese. The formal opening for through traffic will be announced by the Minister of Posts and Communications on Dec. 1. The bridge is 1,255 metres long.

After some delay regarding the appointment of a chief engineer, the great Belgian railway scheme (by which Belgian capitalists are to lend China 10,000,000l. in connection with a contract for the construction of a railway between Honnafu and Sian-fu (Shansi), with extensions westward to Lanchow-fu (Kansu), and eastward to the coast at Haichow (Kiangsu), the railway itself forming the security for the loan, is now progressing satisfactorily.

MONGOLIA.

According to Reuter, an association of Mongolian chiefs and dignitaries at Pekin has issued the following statement:—Since the establishment of the Chinese Republic the six Leagues of Inner Mongolia and also the Leagues of Kobdo, the Uriankhai, Kobo Nor, and Chinese Turkestan have declared their approval of the new form of government and have undertaken to co-operate with the Chinese Manchus, the Turki tribe, and the Tibetans in order to form one compact and solid country. Urga in Outer Mongolia, alone stood out under foreign advice, and Cheptsundampa, the Kutukhta of Urga, with the support of certain princes and dukes of the Tushetu and Tsetsen khanates, declared their independence. Two of the four khanates in Outer Mongolia never assented to the action of Urga. Indeed, only Urga, in association with the minority of the tribes whose administration is centred there, really was responsible for the so-called independence of Mongolia. The rebel community comprises less than one-tenth of the whole of Mongolia. Thus it is impossible for Urga to arrogate to itself the right of deciding the political fate of Outer Mongolia, and far less of the entire region of Mongolia. We are amazed to learn that the Kutukhta and his associates have concluded a Convention with Russia whereby Russia has been granted a practical title to what appears to be the whole of Mongolia. Therefore we, princes, dukes, and dignitaries of Inner and Outer Mongolia having formed an organised association for the more effective representation of Mongolian interests, and being the hereditary and legal representatives of the people of Mongolia, hereby declare that we have not recognised and will not recognise the right of Urga politically or otherwise to represent or act in the name, or on behalf, of Mongolia. We announce to the world that any treaty or treaties made or concluded by the Urga-Kutukhta with any foreign country or countries are and must be null and without effect.

DISORDER IN PERSIA

In the House of Common on November 20. Sir J. Lonsdale asked the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs if he was aware that private advices from Shiraz showed that several attacks were made upon Europeans during October, and all round Shiraz robberies were of frequent occurrence; that, in consequence of the immunity they had enjoyed, the tribesmen were giving up pastoral pursuits and taking to brigandage; that, in the opinion of persons on the spot the only cure for the present chaotic state of affairs was the disarming of the tribes, and whether his Majesty's Government intended to take any effective steps to restore order and protect British interests in Persia.

Sir E. Grey: I am aware of the unsatisfactory state of affairs in Southern Persia, and all steps that can be taken have been and are being urged and encouraged by us in Persia. If, however, the hon. member desires, as his question suggests, that we should ourselves send a force to disarm the tribes, I must point out that this would perhaps cost more than the whole commercial advantage that is at stake besides entailing an extension of political and territorial responsibilities that might be a burden out of all proportion to the advantage to be obtained.

Sir J. Lonsdale asked whether the right hon gentleman was aware that, owing to the more orderly conditions prevailing in the north of Persia Russian trade was extending, and whether it was the intention of the Government to protect the interests of British trade in Southern Persia as the Russian Government had done in the north.

Sir E. Grey said that the Russian Government had protected trade in Northern Persia by sending a great many troops. That was a very expensive operation, and it was not one we were prepared to undertake, as at present advised, in Southern Persia. Everything else we had been doing.

SERVICES AT HOME.

INDIA OFFICE.—Nov. 22.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN LONDON.

Col A A E Campbell, I A
Lieut-Col R E H Dyer, 25 Punj
Lieut-Col F C Logan-Home, 26 Lt Cav
Lieut-Col J F Barry, S T C
Col W A Oswald, 15 Sikhs
Major C W F Melville, I M S
Major A P D C Stuart, 104 Rifles
Major H H Roddy, S T C
Major A J Strange, 6 G R
Major J S Dallas, 83 W L I
Capt T A Headlam, Gen Staff
Capt N E Howell, 82 Punj
Capt T N S M Howard, Bde-maj, Lucknow
Capt J I Eddie, 97 Deccan Inf
Capt R W Henderson, 17 Cav
Capt E H Waring, 79 Inf
Capt L H Branson, 110 Mah L Inf
Capt H R Watson, 81 Prs
Capt H A Morgan, 18 Inf
Capt P D A Bank Q V O Guides
Capt S T Crump, I M S
Capt C E Bruce
Capt C A F Hingston, I M S
Lieut R L G Whitting, R A
Lieut C O'B Daunt, 38 K G O G I H
Lieut G H J G Morris, R E
Lieut J A Pottinger, 30 Punj
Lieut J H Edmond, R A
Lieut M C Baldwin, 2-1 G R
Lieut H J Huxford, 125 Rifles
Nursing Sister Miss I L Harrison, Q A M N S I
Mr E Baker
Mr H A Chambers
Mr M D Campbell
Mr R C Barker, C I E
Mr G E S Cubitt
Mr W H Britts
Mr F C Gates, C S I
Mr R W Davies
Mr T R P Lane
Mr H C Streatfield
Mr T H G Stevens
Mr C C Longden
Mr W H Luck
Mr R B Milne

EXTENSIONS OF LEAVE.

Lieut-Col H King, 33 Punj, to 17-2-13
Lieut-Col P Strickland, I M S, 10 days
Lieut-Col J B Smith, I M S, 5 days
Major R W C Blair, 123 Rifles, 1 mo M C
Major R F Bidwell, 101 Green, 6 mo M C
Major E C Macleod, I M S, 2 days
Capt A D Day, 91 Punj, 5 mo M C
Capt R C Fellows, 30 Lrs, 3 mo M C
Capt G I Davys, I M S, 1 mo 1 day
Capt G K Canner, 3 G R, 3 days
Capt R H Howell, 15 Lrs, 3 mo M C
Capt J B Lynch, 12 Cav to 7-3-13
Lieut R S Moes-Blundell 27 Lt Cav, to 20-1-13
Lieut E J Constant, R I M, 5 mo M C
Mr J Davis, 3 mo M C
Mr A Kinney, 5 days
Mr W G Clabby, 4 mo M C
Mr G W Shaw, C S I, 4 mo M C
Mr R A Nelson, 6 mo M C
Mr J F G Foster, 6 mo M C
Mr H Cameron, 3 mo M C
Mr L A Unwin, 2 mo M C
Mr J H A Street, 2 mo M C

PERMITTED TO RETURN.

Rev G A S Padfield
Mr P J MacVoy
Mr R D Smith
Mr J I Smith
Mr J M Roberts
Mr S M MacFarlaine.

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INDIA IN PARLIAMENT.

Extension of the Cotton Area.

In the House of Commons, on November 18, Mr. Leach asked the Under-Secretary of State for India: If he is aware that, in the opinion of some of those best able to judge, the cotton crop of India, is one of the most remunerative of India's products; and, if so, will he encourage the extension of the cotton area and improvement of the quality, and thus, while greatly benefiting the cultivator, assist the cotton users of this empire.

Mr. H. Baker: As I have said in answer to previous questions the Secretary of State is in communication with the Government of India on this point.

Mr. Leach also asked the Under Secretary of State for India: If, seeing that the growth of Cambodia cotton in known suitable districts of India is very remunerative to the cultivator, on account of its easy method of cultivation and prolific crop, and that it can be used largely in place of American cotton, he will urge his experts in India to promote the growth of this quality of cotton.

Mr. H. Baker: The Government of India are aware of the success of Cambodia cotton in the Madras Presidency, and their agricultural experts are doing all they can to encourage its growth in other parts of India.

WIDOWS OF INDIAN OFFICERS.

On Tuesday, Nov. 19. Sir J. D. Rees asked the Under Secretary of State for India whether the Secretary of State proposes to extend the rule under which widows of Indian officers who entered the Service before 1873 are allowed to visit India; and whether he will consider the advisability of removing these restrictions altogether and allowing such widows to draw their sterling pensions in India without any time limit.

Mr. H. Baker: The military funds widows pensions referred to were fixed and subscribed for on a rupee basis. Under the rules widows not resident in India are allowed to draw their rupee pensions in sterling at special rates in excess of 2s. per rupee. The sterling pensions so received greatly exceed in value the amount that would be due if payment were made in rupees, the excess falling upon the Indian taxpayer. As a further privilege widows visiting India are allowed to continue enjoying the advantageous sterling rate for the first two years after their arrival there. The Secretary of State does not propose to throw an additional charge on the revenues of India by extending this period.

GOLD HELD IN INDIA.

Mr. MacCallum Scott asked the Under Secretary of State for India: Whether he will state the amount of gold held by the Government of India in India on October 31 in the years 1910, 1911, and 1912.

Mr. H. Baker: The amounts were £2,245,000, £7,660,000, and £18,603,000, respectively.

INDIA OFFICE FINANCE.

Mr. MacCallum Scott asked the Under Secretary of State for India: If he will state with what banks deposits have been made from the home balances of the Government of India.

Mr. H. Baker: Deposits have been made at various times with the following seven banks:—London County and Westminster Bank, London Joint Stock Bank, National Provincial Bank of England, Union of London and Smiths Bank, London City and Midland Bank, Messrs. Barclay and Co., and Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie and Co.

Mr. MacCallum Scott asked the Under Secretary of State for India: If he will state what is the total amount that has been received during the last twenty years as interest on short loans and deposits made from the cash balances of the India Office.

Mr. H. Baker: The interest on short loans and deposits made from the cash balances and the gold standard reserve during the twenty years ending Nov. 12, 1912, has amounted to £3,533,893. Of this sum £2,420,584 has been earned by the general balance and £113,315, by the balance held on be half of the gold standard reserve.

MIDNAPORE CASE.

Sir J. D. Rees asked the Under Secretary of State for India: Whether, in the original hearing of the Midnapore case before Mr. Justice Fletcher, the Advocate-General thrice took the objection that the suit time barred; whether Mr. Justice Fletcher nevertheless proceeded to hear the suit, and the Appellate Court decided, when reversing Mr. Justice Fletcher's judgment, that the Advocate-General's contention that the suit was barred was correct, and that the suit should have been dismissed "in limine;" and whether, in view of the expenditure of £10,000 in costs, and of 192 working days of the High Court's time, he will say what steps the Secretary of State intends to take to prevent the repetition of such an occurrence in the High Court of Calcutta.

Mr. H. Baker: The Court records are not before the Secretary of State, who is therefore not aware of the exact procedure followed with regard to the plea of limitation. But it would seem that Mr. Justice Fletcher decided to hear the plaintiff's evidence first and to hear afterwards the arguments on the point of limitation. A majority of the Appeal Bench found that the contention of the Advocate-General was correct. As regards the last part of the question the reversal of judgments on appeal is a necessary incident in India as elsewhere.

UNDER SECRETARY'S TOUR.

On Wednesday, Nov. 20, Col. Yate asked the Financial Secretary to the War Office, as representing the Secretary of State for India: Whether the payment from Indian revenues of £100 a month and travelling expenses to the Under Secretary of State for India during his visit to India, sanctioned on July 30, last, by the Secretary of State and the Council of India, was granted by the Council of India unanimously or not and if not, what was the proportion of votes for and against the grant and the names of the members respectively who voted for and against it.

Mr. H. Baker: The division of the Council of India on the subject of the grant was as follows:—For, Sir Charles Egerton, Sir Felix Schuster, Sir Theodore Morison, Sir Krishna Gobinda Gupta, and Mr. Currie; against Sir W. Lee-Warner, Sir J La Touche Sir J Thomson, and Sir Thomas Raleigh.

INDIA OFFICE FINANCE.

Capt. Faber asked the Under Secretary of State for India: Whether he is aware that the loaning of large sums from the Indian Reserve to certain banking firms at a rate of interest of two and a-half per cent. was equivalent to making such firms a present of at least one per cent. per annum on such sums as they received from the Indian Reserve for use in their business; and whether, as the transactions for which the moneys were chiefly used was the provision of advances made from account to account on the Stock Exchange, which transaction involves a minimum amount of clerical work, and which stockbrokers always undertake for a small commission for their own clients, the India Office will in future deal direct with members of the Stock Exchange, and so secure a larger return on the money, while obtaining exactly the same security as is given to the bankers.

Mr. H. Baker: The rate of interest at which money has been deposited with banks has varried with the rate of discount current at the time. It has been as high as four and a-quarter per cent. The Secretary of State has received information from all the banks now holding India Office deposits as to the manner in which they have employed them. They have not used them for the transactions mentioned by the hon. member, and the profit has averaged less than one-quarter per cent. Deposits with banks have been made only as a temporary measure when the India Office balances were unusually high and could not all be lent in the usual way—i. e., on security to borrowers on the approved list, which includes some leading firms of stockbrokers. But this has been and is being done to the fullest extent possible.

Capt. Faber: Has the hon. gentleman received information from the banks that they really never get more than one-quarter per cent. profit?

Mr. H. Baker: Quarter per cent. is the average.

Mr. MacCallum Scott asked the Under Secretary of State for India: If he will state under whose supervision is the underwriting of Indian Government loans in London arranged; and by whom are allotments made.

Mr. H. Baker: The Bank of England supervises the arrangements for the underwriting of these loans and makes the allotments.

THE NEW DELHI.

Mr. King asked the Under Secretary of State for India: Whether it has been decided to adopt the Italian Renaissance styled of architecture for the official buildings at Delhi; and whether the adoption of an Indian style of architecture, as more consonant with the traditions, craftsmanship, and climate of India, has been or will be considered.

Mr. H. Baker: The answer to the first question is in the negative. No decision will be taken without giving full weight to the considerations mentioned by my hon. friend.

Mr. King also asked the Under Secretary of State for India: If he will state when he expects the report of the town planning committee which is considering the building of the new Delhi; and whether this committee will report on the style of architecture to be adopted.

Mr. H. Baker: The committee will reassemble in India next month, and will report after the inquiry, which is expected to take about two months, has been completed. The question of the style of architecture is outside the scope of the committee's inquiry.

SECRETARY FOR INDIAN STUDENTS.

On Thursday, Nov. 21. Sir Hildred Carlile asked the Under Secretary of State for India: Whether any protests have been received, officially or unofficially, from any representatives of the Indian people against the appointments of Mr. C. G. Mallet; whether the advisory committee of Indian students is still in existence; whether any answer has been made to the representations of Lord Ampthill, its chairman, against the ignoring of the committee in regard to this appointments; what function the committee is likely to fulfil in future; how many students, on a monthly average, does Mr. Mallet come into touch with; and what is the proportion of these as compared with the whole body of Indian students in this country.

Mr. H. Baker: The answer to the first question is in the negative and to the second in the affirmative. The representations mentioned in the third question are under the consideration of the Secretary of State, as is also the subject of the functions of the advisory committee. With regard to the fifth and sixth questions Mr. Mallet discharges the duties of guardian towards about 100 Indian students and gives advice daily to others. There is no statistical record of interviews. The number of Indian students in the United Kingdom is believed to be between 1,700 and 1,800.

APPOINTMENTS TO THE HIGH COURTS.

Sir John Jardine asked the Under Secretary of State for India, with regard to the appointments of chief justices and judges of the High Courts in India: If he can state how many have been appointed on the qualification of advocate at the Scottish Bar during the present century; and when the last appointment on such qualification was made.

Mr. H. Baker: No chief justice or judge of an Indian High Court has since Jan. 1, 1901, been appointed on the qualification of advocate of the Scottish Bar, and it would not be possible, without disproportionate research, to state positively when the last appointment of the kind was made.

INDIA AND THE NAVY.

Mr. Fell asked the Prime Minister: If the question of the offer or one or more Dreadnoughts by the Empire of India must first come before the India Office in London or before the Government in India; and if the question of such an offer is at present under consideration by the Government.

Mr. Asquith: It would be within the competence either of the Government of India or of the India Office to raise the question, though a definite offer could not be made without the approval of the Secretary of State in Council. The question has not been raised and I understand that the view of the Indian authorities is that the share of the defence expenditure of the empire as a whole already borne by India is on a sufficiently high scale, and should, if possible, not be increased.

PAPER CURRENCY RESERVE.

Mr. Touche asked the Under Secretary of State for India. If he will say how the paper currency reserve is now represented, distinguishing between British Government securites, Indian Government securities, gold silver coin, and silver bullion.

Mr. H. Baker: The composition of the reverse on Nov. 15, 1912, was a follows (in lacs of rupees): British Government securities, 400; Indian Government securities, 1,000; gold, held in England, 1,095; gold held in India, 2,673; silver coin, 1,263; and silver bullion, 355; total, 6,786.

MR. RAMSAY MACDONALD AND THE INDIAN COMMISSIONS.

Sir J. D. Rees asked the Prime Minister: whether he was aware that the member for Leicester attended a meeting of international Socialists at Paris last week, which was also attended by Austrian, German and Russian representatives of revolutionary Socialism, who denounced war in general and the war in the Balkans in particular: and whether he considered the appointment of the hon. member to the India Public Services Commission desirable, in view of the effect his participation in its deliberations and decisions was likely to have upon Mahomedans and Hindoos, as well as British, Mahomedan, and Hindoo members of the public services.

Mr. Asquith: I know nothing beyond what appears in the Press of the meeting referred to. The fact that it was attended by the hon. member for Leicester does not seem to me to have any hearing on his appointment to the Indian Commission.

Sir J. D. Rees asked the right hon. gentleman to consider the effect which the selection of a gentleman holding such views must have among the people, the ruling chiefs, and the public service in India.

Mr. Asquith: As far as I can make out, the only view advocated at the meeting was in favour of the general abolition of war.

SPORT AT HOME.

RACING.

Some interesting racing was seen at Newbury on November 15, though backers generally had a bad time of it. The chief event, the Ormonde Stakes, was won by the Earl of Durham's Antravida, and the November Nursery Handicap was won by Mr. W. H. Walker's Great Sport. At Doncaster Mr. W. H. Ewart's Handy Andy secured the Stanley Selling Nursery, and Mr. A. Jame's Durbar the Falmouth Nursery Handicap.

The Newbury November Meeting was brought to a close on Nov. 16. The Newbury Autumn Handicap was won by Mr. R. C. Dawson's Lady Eileen. Mr. E. Lennon's Major Symons being second and Lord Carnarvon's Rivoli third. The Twyford Selling Nursery Handicap was won by Mr. Hall Walker's Molly O'Hara, the Theale Maiden Two-Year Old Plate by Mr. D. McCalmonts Glencairn, and the Reading Nursery Handicap by Lady Nelson's Tres Pinos.

The November Handicap Plate was won at Warwick on Nov. 18 by Rot's Pride, St. Vitus being second, and Grave Greek third. On Nov. 19 the Midland Counties Handicap was won by Auriste, Toiler being second, and Pickmore third.

The winners at Warwick Races on Nov. 20 were Columbus, Foreshore, Hidalgo, Rip, Queen's Wake filly, and Selectman.

FOOTBALL.

The School beat the Old Etonians at Eton on Nov. 16 in a fast and exciting game by 1 shot goal (3 points) to 0.

RUGBY.

The South Africans met with the second defeat of the tour on Nov. 16, when London beat them at Twickenham, after a very fine game, by 10 points to 8; Cambridge University beat Old Merchant Taylors by 16 points to 5; Blackheath beat Richmond by 14 points to 6; Oxford University beat United Services by 17 points to 6; Royal Military College beat Royal Military Academy by 23 points to 11.

The match between Bedford School and Dulwich College at Bedford ended in a draw, each side having scored 5 goals and 1 try (28 points.)

Cambridge University beat Glasgow Academicals, at Cambridge, on Nov. 18, by 34 points to 0.

Manchester and Pontypool played a drawn game at Manchester, neither side having scored.

Oxford University beat Dublin University, at Oxford, on Nov. 19, by 11 points to 8.

The South Africans beat the North of England, at Newcastle on Nov. 20, by 17 points to 0.

The results of the matches in the Council Championship on Nov. 16 were as follows:—Cornwall beat Devon, at Redruth, by 1 penalty goal (3 points) to 0. Gloucestershire beat Somerset, at Cheltenham, by 3 goals and 2 tries (21 points) to 1 penalty goal and 2 tries (9 points). Cumberland beat Cheshire, at Whitehaven, by 2 goals and 1 try (13 points) to 1 try (3 points). Yorkshire beat Lancashire, at Liverpool, by 3 goals and 4 tries (27 points) to 1 try (3 points).

The Midland Counties beat Surrey, at Richmond on Nov. 20, by one goal, 1 penalty goal, and 2 tries (14 points) to 3 tries (9 points).

London Scottish beat Harlequins, at Richmond on Nov. 16, by 4 goals and 5 tries (35 points) to 1 try (3 points). Roslyn Park beat Old Leysians, at Wandsworth, by 1 goal and 1 try (8 points) to 1 dropped goal (4 points). Guy's Hospital beat London Irish, at Honor Oak Park, by 1 goal and 4 tries (17 points) to 1 goal (5 points). Neath and Swansea played a drawn game at Neath neither side having scored. Newport and Cardiff played a drawn game at Newport, the home side having scored 1 penalty goal (3 points) against 1 try (3 points) by their opponents. Llanelly beat Bath, at Llanelly, by 1 penalty goal and 4 tries (15 points) to 0. Old Edwardians and Cheltenham played a drawn game at Birmingham, neither side having scored. Devonport Albion beat Exeter, at Devonport, by one 1 goal and 4 tries (17 points) to 1 goal, 1 dropped goal, and 1 penalty goal (12 points). Leicester beat Coventry at Coventry by 2 goals and 2 tries (16 points) to 0. Bedford, beat London Hospital at Bedford by 1 goal and 2 tries (11 points) to goal and 1 goal from a mark (8 points). Pontypool beat Hartlepool, Rovers, at Hartlepool, by 1 dropped goal and 1 try (7 points) to 1 try (3 points). Watsonians beat Edenburgh University, at Edinburgh, by 2 goals, 1 penalty goal, and 1 try (16 points) to 1 penalty goal and 1 try (6 points). Glasgow Academicals beat Royal High School, at Glasgow, by 1 dropped goal and 4 tries (16 points) to 0. Edinburgh Academicals beat Stewartonians, at Edenburgh, by 1 goal(5 points) to 1 try (3 points) Dublin County beat Northampton, at Dublin by 3 goals, 1 dropped goal, and 2 penalty goals (25 points) to 1 goal (5 points).

Monmoutshire beat Glamorgan, at Cardiff on Nov. 20, by 1 goal and 1 try (8 points) to 0, United Service beat Guy's Hospital, at Portsmouth, by 2 goals and 4 tries (22 points) to 2 goals and 1 penalty goal (13 points).

ASSOCIATION.

Oxford University and Old Malvernians played a drawn game at Oxford on Nov. 16, each side having scored 2 goals. Cambridge University beat Ipswich Town, at Ipswich, by 3 goals to 2.

Oxford University beat Kent A. F. A., at Oxford on Nov. 20, by 2 goals to 1.

Plymouth Argyle beat the Royal Navy, at Plymouth by 1 goal to 0. The match was played in aid of the Submarine B 2 Disaster Fund.

The Civil Service beat Hampstead in the Southern Amateur League, at Tidal Basin, on Nov. 16, by 2 goals to 1. Ealing beat the New Crusaders at Ealing, by 3 goals to 0. Townley Park beat Eastbourne, at Townley Park, by 4 goals to 2 The Casuals, beat Oxford (A.F.A.), at Oxford, by 2 goals to 0.

The results of the matches in the League Championship on Nov. 16 were as follows:—Aston Villa 4 goals, Manchester United 2, at Birmingham; Sheffield Wednesday 4, Chelsea, 0, at Chelsea; Bradford City 1. West Bromwhich Albion 1, at Bradford; Derby County 4, Newcastle United 3, at Newcastle; Sheffield United 4, Tottenham Hotspur 0, at Shaffield; Manchester City 1, Sunderland 0, at Manchester; Woolwich Arsenal 0, Everton 0, at Plumstead; Bolton Wanderers 3, Middlesbrough 2, at Bolton; Lieverpool 0, Notts County 0, at Liverpool. The match between Oldham Athletic and Blackburn Rovers had to be abandoned owing to fog.

The results of the matches in the Second Division of the League on Nov. 16 were as follows:—Lincoln City 3 goals, Huddersfield Town 1, at Lincoln; Notts Forest 3, Birmingham 1, at Nottingham; Wolverhampton Wanderers 1, Leicester Fosse 0, at Leicester; Hull City 2, Bury 0, at Hull; Preston North End 4, Barnsley 0, at Preston; Glossop 2, Grimsby Town 0, at Glossop; Clapton, Orient 2, Leeds City 0, at Homerton; Bristol City 0, Blackpool 0, at Bristol; Stockport County 1, Bradford 0, at Stockport; Burnley 5, Fulham 0, at Burnley.

The results of the matches in the Southern League on Nov. 16 were as follows:—Crystal Palace 8 goals, Southampton 0, at the Crystal Palace; West Ham United 1, Queen's Park Rangers 0, at Upton Park; Watford 2, Norwich City 0, at Watford; Reading 0, Merthyr Town 0, at Merthyr; Brighton and Hove Albion 2, Northampton 1, at Brighton; Gillingham 2, Coventry City 1, at Coventry; Swindon Town 2, Bristol Rovers 2; at Swindon; Portsmouth 2, Millwall 1, at Portsmouth; Plymouth Argyle 4, Stoke 0, at Plymouth; Exeter City 1, Brentford 0, at Exeter.

GOLF.

The Oxford and Cambridge Golfing Society beat Oxford University at Frilford on Nov. 16 in a contest by singles and foursomes by 11 matches to 10. Sunningdale beat Cambridge University at Sunningdale by 8 matches to 1. Only singles were played.

HOCKEY.

Blackheath beat Oxford University at Blackheath on Nov. 16 by 3 goals to 2; and Cambridge University beat Southgate at Southgate by 4 goals to 1.

The Southern Counties Hockey Association beat Oxford University, in the Parks at Oxford, on Nov. 18, by 5 goals to 4.

THE WEATHER.

Cold Wave.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, DEC. 6.

The disturbance affecting the north-west of India gave a quarter of an inch rain at Kotah, and light falls at Jaipur and Sonamar. The cold wave, which will probably spread over north-east (west?) India, has appeared in Baluchistan. Rainfall has ceased in the south of the peninsula.

Forecast:—Light local showers in Kashmir, the United Provinces, Central India and Central Provinces.

SNOWFALL AT SIMLA.

Simla had a second snowfall this evening and several inches were registered.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 6th December, 1912, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are moderately clouded in the extreme eastern districts and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. The air contains the average amount of moisture. Day temperature has fallen and is in defect at Rawalpindi, Multan and Delhi.

The United Provinces.—Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature has risen and is now nearly normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Fairly general rain has fallen in east Rajputana; Jaipur has had 0·10" and Kotah 0.22." Skies are lightly clouded in east Rajputana and clear elsewhere. The air is damper than usual in the area of rainfall and drier at Bikaner and Karachi. Day temperature is in defect at Jacobabad and Ajmer; night temperature is below normal at Karachi and Bikaner.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded, humidity normal or in excess and minimum temperature higher than usual in West Central India and south Gujarat; elsewhere skies are clear and humidity and minimum temperature are in defect.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Temperature has risen and is now in excess at night at Khandwa, Hoshangabad Akola and Chanda.

The Konkan.—Skies are moderately clouded. Humidity is in excess in the north Konkan. Minimum temperature is in slight excess at Bombay.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Night temperature has risen and is now in moderate to large excess in the northern half of the division.

General Remarks.—The disturbed conditions in north-west India have moved south-eastwards and are now affecting the weather in West Central India the Central and the United Provinces. Skies are now moderately clouded in these areas but have cleared in Gujarat, Kathiawar, Sind and the western half of the Punjab. The rainfall associated with the disturbance has been light, Kotah being the only station reporting precipitation of importance. Fairly heavy rain has been reported from Columbo where seas are now moderate.

Some dust or thunderstorms are likely in the United and the Central Provincer, West Central India and possibly in Rajputana and the east Punjab.

ARRIVALS.

Per s.s. "Salsette," Dec 6.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Salsette" with the English mails of the 22nd ultimo, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday, brought the following passengers:—

LONDON TO BOMBAY.

Allen, Mr F C
Blackie, Miss, Mr W W and Miss E
Butcher, Miss F
Briscoe, Mr W
Caplen, Mrs T inft and ayah
Cross, Mr and Mrs H E
Couper, Payne B A
Duckworth, Miss M E, Miss E
Farrier, Mr and Mrs J L
Hubbock, Rev G L
Hildebrand, Mr A H
Jackson, Mrs F A and infant (Miss N Shaw) Nurse
Lady Pentland's maid (Miss H Walker)
Leading Telegraphist
Petty Officer
Lady Paterson's, Maid (Miss Armstrong)
Macki-, Mrs M, Miss M and Miss K
Macrae, Mr W A
Nicoll, Mr and Mrs R W
Primrose, Miss
Redman, Mr G B
Ryan, Mrs R
Rouse, Mr M
Smith, Miss J L
Smith, Mr P Mrs
Thomas, Mr G L
Underwood, Miss F
Wilkinson, Mr H E
Young, Mrs

MARSEILLES TO BOMBAY.

Buck, Mr and Mrs E J
Burls, Sir Lady and E, G Miss
Bally, Capt H C
Brooklebank, Miss H
Cargill, Mr and Mrs
Chew, Mrs A E
Craig-McKerrow, Mr E Valet
Cliff.rd-Towers, Mrs A
Crevle. Miss M G
Coggan, Mr R D
Darley, Mr W
Fitz Patrick, Mr J A O
Findlay, Mr H
Grove, Mrs
Gorman, Mr J
Higgin, Capt J L
Holman-Hunt, Mrs G N
Hildebrand, Maj
Harrison, Major H
Harrison, Mr H
Jones, Mr D and Mrs
Jenkior, Mr and Mrs B M
Kindersley, Mr A F
Kraune, Mr R
Kiddle, Mr S
Langley, Mr G E D (Miss A Robertson & maid
Maitland, Mr H C Mrs
MacLeay, Mrs St Clairs
Mrs MacLeay's, maid (Miss Hestor)
Moore, Mr and Mrs J C
Mordaunt, Miss A
Nicoll, Mr C
Pearson, Rev C E
Paterson, Mr
Powell, Mr A
Robertson, Mr J
Simson, Mr B
Schanman, H M Mrs K O
Shand, Capt
Traill, Mr T
Turner, Mr and Mrs A
Winckworth, Mr W A
Walker, Mr E and Mrs Wolley, Miss M
Wells, Mr R L P
Weil, Mr O P

BRINDISI TO BOMBAY.

Carter, Mr F W Mrs
Crete, Mr P H
Cameron, Capt W H V
Inverarity, Mr J D
Orr, Mr W O
Rose, Mr G P
Trotter, Capt G R A J

PORT SAID TO BOMBAY.

Brittain, Mr S S

LONDON TO KARACHI.

Thornton, Mr R C
Oliver, Mr S J L

BRINDISI TO KARACHI.

Lucas, Hon Mr W H

DEPARTURES.

Per s. s. "Arcadia" Dec 7.

The P and O Coy's mail steamer "Arcadia" sails to-day for Marseilles and Europe with the following passengers:—

Andrew, Mr G P
Bryce, Mr W
Bullen, Mrs J A
Bullen, Mr
Bostock, Mr E W
Brikett, Mr and Mrs T W
Budenbender, Dr F
Bury, Mr C Howard
Carr Hall, Capt and Mrs R S
Clarke, Mr C S
Carey, Mr H E
Carson, Mr
Choithram Mr
Clarke, Mrs C
Conley, Mr W T
Cooper, Mr G G
Dastoor, Mr J K
de Lothiniere, CSI, CIE, R E, Lt-Col A G
Dennis, Mr E H
de Lothiniere, Mrs
Eggar, Mr F H
Fogg, Mr G
Francis, Miss
Gibbs, Mr and Mrs A A
Gwyther, Mr
Hall, Mr E K
Home, Mr J N
Hopkins, Mr and Mrs E
Jaffer, Visharm Mr
Jameson, Mr
Kitching, Miss
Kemmis, Capt A W
Kendall, Mr H M
Kerr, Mrs, child and infant
Lakin, Capt J H F
Lunn, Mr W Holdsworth
Moore, Mr A
Mahon, Mr H J
Murr, Mr P A
Mathews, Mr
Mathews, Mr A R
McGill, Mr J P
Moinet, Mr L V
Morris, Mr
Phillips, Mr R M
Plowden, Mr G T C
Price, Mr E E
Richardson, Mr C W
Rasey, Mr
Samuels, Mr C G
Sells, Miss Amy
Seyd, Mr Rudolf
Silver, Mr H E
Stevens, Miss E
Tweedie, Mr J T
Tyack, Mr J M
Williams, Col G
Welby, Miss D E
Woolner, Mr and Mrs
Yeoman, Mr H F
Zeffert, Mr E L D

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CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.
THE WORLD FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER
is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome, and expel from the blood all impurities from whatever cause arising, and by rendering it clean and pure can be relied on to effect a complete and lasting cure.
Here is good proof of its efficacy:—
POISONED FOOT CURED
"Some time ago I had an accident to my left foot (ran a nail into it), it festered, and got so bad that the doctor was called in and said I had poisoned it. For 3 years I was under different doctors and for one year of the three I only went out in a bath chair. No one during that time did I entirely lose the little toe of my left foot, but a gaping wound came in the inside of the same foot. It was so bad that when I bathed it I fancied I could see the bones. At last I decided to try Clarke's Blood Mixture, and with the end of the second small bottle the discharge stopped, and within a month I could get my foot to the ground. It is as well now as it ever was, of course, very scarred and a toe short, but I am sure I should have been a foot short had it gone on."
"WORTH £5 A DOSE"
"I also recommended it to a Sergeant's wife at Aldershot, whose husband had an open sore for seven years, the result of a sword thrust in Burma. She said she couldn't get him to try it for a long time, but as last she did, and the wound has completely healed. She told me that often after a long march he has writhed in agony and often fainted. When they were leaving to go to another station he came on purpose to say good-bye and thank me. He said he'd never forget me for being the cause of his trying it, and that it was worth £5 a dose.—Yours truly, (Mrs.) M. Cousins, 167 Twyford avenue, Portsmouth," England.
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE
By reason of its wonderful Blood purifying properties
CURES ALL SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES.
Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD
This remarkable compound, the latest discovery of modern times for all phases of brain and nerve wreckage and exhaustion, sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, &c., whether induced by worry, overwork, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excesses, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or over-strain of modern life. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to those who had so recently seemed played out, "used up," and valueless.
VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE
Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, blood poison, secondary symptoms, eczema, leprs, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, wounds, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.
CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground. Registered Trade Mark, "VETARZO."
Sole Proprietors: THE VETARZO REMEDIES Co., GOSPEL OAK, LONDON, ENGLAND.
Legal proceedings will be taken against all persons infringing the Proprietors' rights.
COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on certain vitally important matters with which every young man should be acquainted. Post free in plain sealed envelope on receipt of Postal Order sixpence from THE VETARZO REMEDIES Co., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines.
Agents for South Africa: LENNON LTD. (all Branches). Agents for India: TREACHER & CO. LTD., BOMBAY.

REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.
BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
SARSAPARILLA
"We cannot speak too highly of it."—Lancet.
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.
RESTORES THE WEAK, REVIVES THE DEPRESSED
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.
AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co. KEMP & Co., Limited, &c.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.
BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO., having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED, CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.
PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.
Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
68 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

THE BEST "APENTA" NATURAL APERIENT WATER
FILLED AT THE SPRINGS, BUDA PEST, HUNGARY.

FOR
Strength and Blood use the pure Greek Grape Wines & Brandies.

Which have gained the *Highest Prizes* (GRAND PRIX) in recent exhibitions of Paris 1900, Liege 1905. Bordeaux 1907, Bruxelles 1910, for their *excellent qualities.*

	Per Bottle. Rs. a.
DESERT AND MEDICAL WINES.	
Mavrodaphne, Manufacturers' Speciality, very old	2 14
" Empress Sweet, vintage 1884	5 8
Saravalle, Red Wine, very old, similar to Port Wine but far better quality	2 11
Malvasia, White	2 15
Malvasia Gutland. Red, Sweet Wines very very old	3 0
" White do do	3 12
Port Wine, White old dry	2 0
Port Wine, Red	2 0
Moscato, very old, light flavoured	2 4
TABLE WINES	
Morea, Vin de table, Red	1 10
Demestica, Vin de table. Red	1 13
Kalavryta, Vin de table, Red	2 0
Acheos, Vin de table, White, (very old)	2 15
Morea, Vin de table, White	1 11
Demestica, Vin de table, White	2 0
SPECIAL SHERRY WINES.	
Acheos, Imperial dry, vintage 1884	5 8
Marsala de l'Achaia	1 12
Malaga de l'Achaia	1 12
Vermouth de l'Achaia	1 9
SUPERIOR BRANDIES.	
Vintage of 1900 (one crown)	4 8
" 1895 (two crown)	5 8
" 1890 (Princes)	7 0
" 1887 (Royal)	7 8

SOLE IMPORTERS
TH. VAFIADIS & Co.
20 ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Wearbeck 2345 tons, Captain W. Shotton, arrived in Bombay harbour on Thursday evening from Calcutta 25th November, with a cargo of coal.

The steamer Persepolis 2883 tons, Captain G. Suther, arrived in harbour on Thursday from Bussreh 29th November, with a general cargo.

The Hansa Line steamer Ockenfels, 3542 tons, Captain L. Kneppe, arrived in harbour on Thursday from New York 31st October, with a general cargo and kerosine oil.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Salsette, 2291 tons, Captain H. G. H Lewellin, R.N.R., arrived in Bombay harbour on Friday from Aden with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Murray, 3120 tons, Captain J. E. Woodall, will sail to-day for Calcutta via Coast Ports, with a general cargo.

The steamer Glenelg, 2669 tons, Captain B. Morrison, sailed on Friday for Calcutta with ballast.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Lingo, 951 tons, Captain H. Manley, sailed on Friday for Karachi, with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—DEC. 6.

Arcadia	3513	Bracham	Aden 7-12 P & O Co
Barotee	2619	Smiths	R A Willis
Breconmlan	2577	Jones	W & A G & Co
Bahadur	2946	Peet	T M & Co
Bankura	9904	Whytehead	M M & Co
Coquet	2885	Sutherland	K N & Co
Connlan	2577	Jones	W & A G & Co
Canadian Transport		Ballantine	T Jewandas
Dalhousie	2533	Sinclair	R I Marine
Harpeden	2302	Cromack	T M & Co
India	4198	Gordon	Shanghai 18-12 P & O Co
Itola	3402	Tucker	M M & Co
Kilkerran	2413	Wilson	K N & Co
Kasara	505	King	M M & Co
Kawachi Maru	3821	Christensen	N Y Kaisha
Marmaris		Comdr Muhlis	Turkish G Boat
Mozaffer	250	Nacoda	Persian Govt.
Nordfarer	2897	Olsen	T M & Co
Norfolk	2806	Buckly	G Cotton & Co
Northbrook	5038	Harold	R I Marine
Olympia	3269	Kincaird	W & A G & Co
Ockenfels	3542	Kneppe	W & A G & Co
Persepolis	2883	Sather	
Quilon	4942	Cole	M M & Co
Riverplate	2351	Smithant	T M & Co
Soadsn	6696	Enrick	Transport
Steinbergan	2465	Yoage	Antwerp Morrison & Co.
Shirley	2192	Stone	W & A G & Co
Shwedagan	1969	Crea Jo	Indjo S P Co
Salsette	2391	Lewellin	Aden 21-12 P & O Co
Uganda	2783	Gow	S Wallace & Co
Umballa	3426	Bracq	M M & Co
Ujina	3426	Hill	M M & Co
Virawa	3360	Maclean	M M & Co
Wearbeck	2345	Shottoa	
Zillah	2412	Nansooven	T M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—DEC. 6.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
A Clan Murray	3121	Wodal	O Coast	7-12	J F & Co
B Dido	3127	Runton	Hull	8-12	J F & Co
C&R Avristan	2447	Codd	Antwerp	18-12	M M & Co
D&S Valdura	3495	Corrance	Philadelphia	16-12	S Smidt & Co
F Morovia	2268	Heller	Karachi	10-12	A L S N Co
G Naderi	1138	Bughes	Jeddah	11-12	B &P S N Co
K Kawachi Maru	3821	Christeansen	Kobe	13-12	N Y Kaisha
M Oceana	3157	Stephens	K'chi	9-12	K N & Co
N River Forth	2883	Stevens	Mostyn Deep	13-12	R A Willis
O Otto Sverdrup	2291	Michelsen	Antwerp	10-12	T Morrison & Co
P Kormark	3186	Reimer	Karachi	12-12	W & A G and Co
Q Inchmoor	1214	Helmrich	10-12	S Smidt & Co	

VICTORIA DOCK.

1	Sardigna	3225	Muzis	Genoa	15-12 R Liner
3	Glenlyon	2654	Sloane	Calcutta	10-12 T M & Co
4	KingBleddyn	2552	Ritch	Antwerp	25-11 J M & Co
6	Arabistan	3207	Davies	Antwerp	6-12 M M & Co
7	Highland Monarch	2545	Dalziel	Dunkirk	4-12 T M & Co
7	City of Karachi	3566	Morrison	K'chi	12-12 K N & Co
8	Semiramis	2352	Pavisich	16-12	A L S N Co
9	Lindenfels	3525	Muller	Hamburg	7-12 W & A G & Co
10&11	Sofala	3486	Wath	9-12	N F M M & Co
12&13	Egypt	4207	Somers	Londen	14-12 P & O Co
15	Chulmleigh	2567	Brooks	Antwerp	7-12 J M & Co
16	Wardha	2552	Counock	Genoa	7-12 M M & Co

H W P D

Sabarmati	524	Ahmed	Repairing Bo S N Co
Mahanadi	549	Ahmed	N F Bo S N Co
Kaveri	553	Mahomed	7-12 Bo S N Co
Netravati	699	Fakiri	K'chi 7-12 B S N Co

Offside N

Capri	2650	Amegasja	Hongkong 10-12 R Line P & O Dock.
Edith	1815	Beeching	(Repairing) J M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessels	Commanders.	From
5	Wearbeck	Shotton	Calcutta, Nov 25
	Persepolis	Sather	Basreh, Nov 29
	Ockenfels	Knepper	New York, Oct 31
6	Salsette	Lewellin	Aden, Dec 1

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
6	Koranna	Henaming	Calcutta, &c
	Attila	Borzinizky	Melbourne, &c
	Massilia	Thomson	Liverpool, &c
	Linga	Mawby	Karachi
	Glenely	Morrison	Calcutta

The steamers Clan Murray, Captain Woodall obtained her port clearance yesterday for Calcutta.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Quilos for Calcutta &c.
" Shevedagan for Rangoon,
" Harpenden for Liverpool &c.
" Salsette for Aden.
" Persepolis for Liverpool &c.
" Norfolk for Baltimore.

DAILY EXPORT.—DEC. 6.

LIVERPOOL.

Olympia s—1 bale cotton, Glazebrook and Co; 3,600 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co; 64 tons oil cakes, The New Mofusil Co Ld.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt 300 bales hemp, J N Kapadia and Co; 50 bales hemp, F F Campbell and Co; 700 cwts myrabollams, P Mathooradas and Co; 100 cwts fennelseed, J N Bilimoria and Co; 14 bales hides, P C Boyce and Sons.

FOR NEW YORK.

Olympia s—8 cwts goat skins, G N Stein;
Egypt s—3 bales carpets, F Shaw and Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Olympia s— 60 bales skins 450 casks skins, E N Stein; 300 casks skins, G J Mathews and Co.

FOR HULL.

King Bleddyn s—10,001 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji.

FOR ROTTERDAM.

Nantwen s—5,600 tons manganese ore, S Smidt and Co.

Nardfarer s—270 bales gumy cuthings, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Avristan s—55 bales cottoo, J A Begbie and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chulmleigh s—2,956 cwts barley, Volkart Bros; 105 bales hemp, F F Campbell and Co; 4,009 cwts myrabollams, P Mathooradas and Co; 1,000 cwts gingellyseed, A Blascheck and Co; 52 bales cotton-fly, H E Bode and Sons; 150 bales hemp, 95 bales cotton, C Peraj and Co.

King Bleddyn s—1,100 cwts gingellyseed, J Fachiri 500 tons manganese ore, R A Willis.

FOR HAMBURG.

Chulmleigh s—160 bales cotton, 395 bales cotton fly, Salamon Bros; 330 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 105 cwts gum, B Deujee and Co; 55 bales cotton, J A Begbie and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Wardha s—1,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Morovia s—55 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; Semiramis 230 bales cotton Ralli Bros;

FOR VENICE.

Semiramis s—1,210 cwts castorseed C Boggiano and Co; 57 cwts mustardseed, A Blascheck and Co;
Morovia s—102 bales cotton, Ralli Bros;

FOR HONGKONG.

Capri s—300 bales twist O Ebrahim and Co; 1,000 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co;
Vorwaerts s—125 cwts olibanum, J Jethabhoy.

FOR SHANGHAI.

K Maru s—200 bales twist, Tata Sons and Co;
India s—1,150 bales cotton, E D Sassoon and Co!

FOR KOBE.

Vorwaerts s—300 bales cotton, H Goculdas and Co; 200 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co;
K Maru s—100 bales cotton. N Rajaram and Co; 1,258 bales cotton, Ralli Bros;

FOR OSAKA.

K. Maru s—150 Bales cotton, Ralli Bros;

SUN, MOON AND TIDES.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time; depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill :—

Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.
	h. m.	ft. in.	h. m.	ft. in.
Dec. 8	m 10 37	26 4	m 5 1	19 9
	11 47 a	29 4	4 40 a	15 1

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week :—

Dec.	Sunrise	Sunset
8 (Sunday)	7h 0m	6h 3m
"	"	"

PHASES OF THE MOON—Last Quarter, Nov. 30th, 4h, 34-8m. p.m.; First Quarter, Dec. 8th 10h, 36-7m. p.m. Full Moon 17th 1h. 36-5m. a.m.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

.....	For week ending 22nd Nov., 1912.	Total from 1st April to 22nd Nov. 1912.	For week ending 22nd Nov. 1911.	Total from 1st April to 22nd Nov. 1911.
Vessels piloted into harbour.	24	798	22	765
Vessels piloted out of harbour.	30	796	23	785
Vessels transported	9	556	9	497
Vessels attended to	5	68	3	48
Vessels warped	...	54	...	35

ADVICE TO MOTHERS :—Are you broken in your best by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

"THE PORTRAIT SERIES"
OF NEW VOCAL ALBUMS.
PRICE OF EACH VOLUME, Rs. 2-4.
Each Album uniformly bound in a grey cover, with a Portrait of the Composer upon the Frontispiece.

F. PAOLO TOSTI ALBUM.
Containing: "On Lido Waters," "Bid me goodbye,' and five other songs.

EDWARD GERMAN ALBUM.
Containing: "Birds on Wing," "Fair Flowers," and five other songs.

FRANCO LEONI ALBUM.
Containing: "A Song of the Cruise," "Golden Lilies," and five other songs.

HERMANN LOHR ALBUM.
Containing: "A Chain of Roses," "So Fair a Flower," and six other songs.

FRANK LAMBERT ALBUM
Containing: "Look down, dear Eyes," "Deep in my Heart," and six other songs.

NOEL JOHNSON ALBUM
Containing: "Purple Pansies," "Good-night, pretty Stars," and six other songs.

CONINGSBY CLARKE ALBUM
Containing: "Take your lute and sing," "Betty's Way," and six other songs.

GUY D'HARDELOT ALBUM
Containing: "The Perfect Flower," "An Old Romance," and six other songs.

TERESA DEL RIEGO ALBUM
Containing: "Life's Recompense," "A Song of Life," and seven other songs.

FLORENCE AYLWARD ALBUM
Containing: "Love's Benediction," "Sunrise," and six other songs.

LIZA LEHMANN ALBUM
Containing: "If thou wilt be the falling dew, "Soul's Blossom," and five other songs.
No. 1, Low Voice; No. 2, High Voice.

MARCKS & Co., Ltd.,
PIANO and MUSIC DEPT.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

The Bombay Gazette.

Saturday, 7th Dec. 1912.

WILLS AND TESTAMENTS.

The love of power is one of the strongest of human emotions, and when men bid farewell to life they part very reluctantly with the control over other people's affairs which money enables them to exercise. Death, however, need not necessarily rob a masterful person of power, for the hand which has fallen to dust may continue to juggle with the destinies of living people and of a generation as yet unborn. A few words on a piece of paper can shape the lives, at the testator's whim, of half a dozen people, and the whole weight of law and justice lies behind that insignificant document. The thought that we can still retain a certain amount of control even when the grave has closed over us, is a distinctly gratifying one, and in moments of melancholy we feel a certain amount of satisfaction in imagining the probable effect which will be created when the will comes to be read. We can, if we are so minded, arrange a series of uncomfortable surprises, we can impose more or less fantastic conditions, taking care however that they shall be within the bounds of sanity. If we are malicious, we can work off old scores in a word or two, for one caustic sentence in a will carries more weight than a flood of invective from the lips of a living person. This form of posthumous revenge is a fairly common one, and it is with mixed feelings that the beneficiaries receive their portions. The saying that "you cannot insult a dog with a bone" does not apply in these cases. The sum of £50, which a bookseller, who died in 1785, left to his wife was a poor compensation for his parting shaft—"I leave fifty pounds to Elizabeth, whom through my foolish fondness I made my wife, without regard to family, fame, or fortune, and who in return hath not ceased most unjustly to accuse me of every crime against human nature, save highway robbery." Perhaps Elizabeth regretted the exception, and longed for some means of communication with the departed, in order to give him just one more piece of her mind.

Masters and mistresses have sometimes left a small sum to their servants, in order that they might express their dissatisfaction, and air the grievances which in their lifetime they dared not ventilate. A few pounds was a small price to pay for the pleasure of anticipating the wrath and amazement of some Abigail who had for years intimidated a household. In the days when the reading of the will was a solemn semi-public ceremony, conducted amid impressive silence, the dead person's ridicule or contempt achieved its full effect. The family, sable clad, sat grouped in lugubrious expectation, the servants with black gloves and deeply bordered handkerchiefs, mentally weighed their chance of being handsomely remembered, every ear was alert and strained to catch the lawyer's measured tones. To this hushed conclave as it sighed with relief or disappointment came occasionally an unpleasant surprise. Nanny, the housekeeper, hears her name, and concentrates her faculties on realizing to what extent she has been rewarded. The sum is mentioned, then comes the bitter comment. "This she must take as a reward for impertinence, sauciness, and unwilling service; she's as proud as the Devil can make her, as much of a prude as the best of you, as self-conceited, pert, and self-sufficient as the most flaunting Duchess in the kingdom." So wrote Doctor Mounsey in 1788. His opinion of duchesses and serving maids alike seems to have been a low one. It is curious that he includes prudery in his enumeration of the causes of his dissatisfaction.

This form of retribution is rather a cowardly one, but perhaps the healing properties of money help to smooth ruffled feelings; Madame X., a young French widow, whose scolding tongue had somewhat embittered her late husband's matrimonial bliss, was probably not wholly displeased when she was informed that Monsieur X. had left her all he possessed on condition that she married a second time—"I wish to be sure," wrote this cynic, "that there shall be at least one man in the world who will be sorry that I am dead." Many people have tried to buy remembrance by legacies which were conditional on the performance of certain graveside rites. Flowers for the anniversary of death, a sermon to be preached from time to time in memory of the departed, a funeral feast to be provided. The mourning ring and pin have gone out of fashion, but formerly a sum of money with which to purchase such a token was left to all the near relations, and in every old curiosity shop we may now see a number of these pathetic objects, each with its date and initials, recording a long-forgotten sorrow, and recreating an atmosphere of loss and bereavement. The making of a will has often a comic side, and many a sly jest has found its way on to the solemn parchment. Habitual humourists have also expressed themselves in a final jest, and poets have perpetuated rhyming testaments in which the verse and the sentiment are of but mediocre quality. Side by side with pretentious documents in which the legal phraseology is of unimpeachable correctness, these flippant wills are placed recording "the affectionate pledges of brother John Hodges" or the last wishes of "William Hickington, poet of Pickington". Let us hope that these efforts to supply "comic relief" did not go wholly unrewarded; there is a touch of self-denial in those who deliberately forego the tears and the tender sentiment with which we all hope to be remembered, and try to evoke instead a peal of laughter with which to enliven the "last scene of all, which ends our strange eventful history."

PRE-HISTORIC DISCOVERIES.

The sensation caused by the recent discovery we noticed the other day of pre-historic painting in Wales, has scarcely subsided when another discovery, equally if not more important for our knowledge of very early civilization is reported from France, where another cave has yielded relics even earlier than those found at Bacon's Hole. A distinguished Frenchman, Professor Breuil, had the main hand in the Welsh discovery, which, by the way, we are glad to see is withstanding attempts to pooh-pooh it made in some quarters; and it is also a learned scientist of the same nationality who announces the kindred find in his own country. Count Begouess, a well-known investigator of pre-historic remains, who only in last August, reported to the Academy of Inscriptions his find of pre-historic pictures of animals on the walls of a cave in Ariege, a mountainous district in the South of France very near the Pyrenees and the Spanish frontier, now reports another find in the same cave, of small figures modelled in clay, of bison. This is the first discovery of its kind that has been recorded and promises to be very rich in its bearings on paleontology. Already the conjectures made by the learned Academicians as regards the antiquity of the figures carry us back to an age of civilization twenty thousand years old, when already the art of modelling figures must have been well-known and in an advanced stage, for the bison are by no means rudely carved. Until now the most remarkable remains of a distant age in such caves have been figures engraved on fragments of schist, and also on reindeer horn. On one of the latter two heads of bison in miniature have been found drawn. M. Beganen's discovery now goes a stage further and presents us with these animals no longer merely drawn in miniature on horn but with their models clearly drawn standing out from the side of the rock. Two bison have been found and they are not all completely modelled, as they look much like bas-reliefs. A third figure was also found in their vicinity, but it seems to have been merely an attempt at sculpture and to have been given up before the features could be formed; hence it cannot be made out what animal it represents. But the two bison are sculptured with sufficient clearness and there can be no doubt as to their identity with the animal. The reindeer and mammoths which have been found in these cave drawings and paintings, and now the bison in clay, throw a flood of light on the animals which are now extinct in France and most of Europe, and in the state of civilization in those remote ages. These drawings and models probably employed the idle hours of the hunter of those remote days. Pre-historic researches are being zealously carried on in France of late years, and the fact that they are being crowned by discoveries like that of Count Begouen must do much to stimulate further effort.

INDORE.

It is barely over a year since Tukaji Rao, the young Maharaja Holkar of Indore, was invested with full ruling powers, and it is unfortunate that the State during its first twelve months under the active rule of its young Chief, should not have enjoyed a greater degree of prosperity. However, in common with many other parts of India, it had to put up with an unsatisfactory rainfall, the rain ceasing abruptly during the month of July. In consequence, the prices of foodstuffs were high, and the difficulty of obtaining grass and drinking water was severe. Famine conditions were threatened as early as September, and, under the supervision of a special committee, special relief works were inaugurated and distributions of takavi were made. These were misfortunes which it was impossible for any Government to avoid. However, His Highness' administration may properly be gratified at the vigorous manner in which remedial measures were applied, and at the manner in which general administrative progress was maintained. The total revenue amounted to eighty-one and a half lakhs, an improvement on the previous year, and the total expenditure was nearly 64 lakhs. Of this, a considerable sum was expended on the State's educational system, and it is significant that the activities of this department have been so much extended, that it was found necessary during the year to create a new post of Assistant Director of Education. The number of boys attending the schools, unfortunately fell from 9,131 to 8,809, but it is reported that this was mainly due to plague, together with greater strictness in striking off the books the names of habitual absentees. Great difficulty is being experienced just now on account of the shortage of teachers, and apparently a liberal increase of pay will be necessary in order to render the Maharaja's educational service sufficiently attractive to induce good men to join it. This matter, we have little doubt, will receive due attention, and that in the course of the consequent re-organisation of the service, a proper system of grading will be introduced. The production and industries of the State remained, considering the poor season, in a satisfactory condition, and a notable departure was the experimental growing on a small scale, but with satisfactory results of rubber. Excise revenue during the year showed a considerable increase of one lakh and thirty-seven thousand, in spite of a natural reduction in the opium revenue of over thirty thousand rupees. The annual report concludes with a suitable expression of appreciation of the work of the Council of Regency, which in eight years increased the permanent income of the State from fifty-seven lakhs to eighty lakhs, and thus placed the progressive policy of the Holkar's State on a sound and sure financial basis.

COL. SEELEY'S STATEMENT.

We do not suppose any great surprise or indignation will be occasioned by Col. Seeley's statement concerning compulsory service. It is a very plain and unequivocal one, but beyond arousing a loud protest from the National Service League, and probably another speech from Lord Roberts, it will probably pass more or less unnoticed. No one ever imagined that the Liberal Government, which has pledged itself so firmly to maintain the voluntary system had ever any intention of abandoning it, and therefore any sounds of indignant rage, which may be heard, will not possess any very evident sincerity. On the other hand, too much importance need not be attached to the most searching inquiry, which the Committee of Imperial Defence is said to have made. If the Committee of Imperial Defence were given an opportunity of inquiring into the subject with an unbiassed mind, its conclusions would be worth listening to. Such an opportunity it may or may not have when there has been a change of Government. Even among Unionists there is not a great enthusiasm for compulsory service, and from a tactical point of view, the Unionists are not in a position to make any movement, which would involve such risks of a mistake, as would advocacy of compulsory service at present. Lord Roberts must make some more converts yet, before his cause becomes in any degree a popular one.

THE "INDIAN TRADE JOURNAL."

Our Calcutta correspondent states that the report recently current there that it has been decided to discontinue the *Indian Trade Journal* from next April, has not been confirmed; but he says further that if the journal is discontinued its place will be taken by a system of bulletins. If the journal does go nobody, we imagine, will be sorry. No official publication in India—unless we except the Bengal jute forecasts—has come in for such sweeping and, for the most part, just criticism. When it was first published a few years ago we were told it would be a sort of commercial man's *vade mecum*. As a matter of fact it has been nothing of the sort, but has been made up to a considerable extent of information from the mail papers, much of which had appeared in some form or other in the columns of the daily press. If our memory serves us aright, the journal has been responsible for more than one "howler," but in view of its possible extinction not much need be said of that. The issue of commercial bulletins is a good idea, provided always they are compiled with due regard to the real needs of the commercial community. But we venture to point out that if they are to be filled with copious extracts from the Home papers they will fail in their purpose as surely as the *Indian Trade Journal* has failed.

GAEKWAR'S LOAN TO SOUTH KENSINGTON.

The dictum of the policeman on duty at the door that the Indian Section of the South Kensington Museum was a convenient shelter for nurse-maids and their charges when it rained, must be relegated to the past. Improvement there is, largely due to the rearrangement of the exhibits, but there is room for still further progress, and if there is any Museum in London which needs a qualified guide—not a guide-book—to conduct parties round and open their eyes to the value of the exhibits, it is the Indian Section of South Kensington. A new interest has just been added in the loan by his Highness the Gaekwar of an interesting collection of paintings and drawings. It is timely and kindly courtesy, for a change is coming over public opinion with regard to Indian art. It is not as yet as widespread as it ought to be, but the 17th, 18th and 19th century paintings now available by means of the loan collection, will help in public enlightenment. It is noticeable that the figures of women are represented with a remarkable skill and charm, and Indian life is portrayed in many ways, including the religious festivals, while no one can fail to appreciate the love of many of the artists for landscape and the natural effects of sunrise, sunset, and night. Perhaps other Indian Princes will follow the excellent example of the Gaekwar.

The P. and O. s. s. "Assaye" with the China and Australian Mails is expected to arrive in Bombay at 9 a. m. to-morrow.

An official communique has been issued contradicting the statement made in the "Englishman" regarding the proposed transfer of Sibpur Engineering College and the Calcutta Medical College to Dacca.

A scheme for female sub-assistant surgeons attending a post graduate course at the Medical School at Agra is under consideration.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

THE GOVERNMENT AND THE OPPOSITION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Nov. 22.

We cannot now say in the old sense, "Thank God, we have got a House of Lords," but many people have been saying in effect this week, "Thank God, we have got a Speaker." Thanks to the wise interventions of Mr. Lowther, who has proved himself a worthy successor of the greatest of his predecessors, and the good sense of the rival leaders, the Parliamentary crisis has ended, leaving less bitterness than might have been anticipated. What will be the effect of the historical events of last week on the fortunes of parties? I heard a Liberal say the other day that it would mean thousands of votes for his party at the next election. I do not believe it. The fact is that there is little capital to be made out of the affair by either party, least of all by the Liberals. Both sides made mistakes, the Liberals in being so autocratic and the Conservatives in overdoing their remonstrance. What I mean by overdoing is that they did not sufficiently direct their protests to the particular act of Mr. Asquith in trying to induce the House of Commons there and then to rescind Sir Frederick Banbury's not very wise amendment. "No more business in Westminster," cried Sir Edward Carson. "Civil War," shouted Mr. George Wyndham. These were features that had better have been absent, and can hardly be excused by the prevailing excitement. All Governments after they have been in office a certain time, if they have their big battalions in hand, are apt to ride the high horse, and if they have a fall, the nation, as a whole, is not sorry that they should receive a lesson.

THE CASE OF SIR STUART M. SAMUEL, M. P.

The House of Commons has spent the best part of its sitting to-day in discussing the proposal to leave a Select Committee of the House of Commons to decide whether Sir Stuart Montagu Samuel, M. P., has incurred heavy penalties, together with the loss of his seat, through his firm having entered into business transactions with the India Office. The Committee, whose decision will doubtless have been arrived at before his letter reaches Bombay, consists of the Prime Minister, who is to preside, the Attorney-General (Sir Rufus Isaacs), Mr. E. Wason, Mr. Swift MacNeill, Mr. Alfred Lyttelton, Mr. J. G. Butcher, Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, Mr. E Pollock and Mr. Hohler. Sir Rufus Isaacs seemed to justify the hesitation of himself and his colleague to the Solicitor-General, to pronounce judgment in the absence of any precedent to show that the eighteenth century Act apply to financial transactions of remote parts of the Empire. It is common ground that if the transactions were one in which Sir S. Samuel was pecuniarily interested as a partner of Messrs. Samuel, Montagu and Co., he would, *ipso facto*, have been compelled to apply for the stewardship of the Chiltern Hundreds, besides being liable to very heavy penalties for voting in the House. It is a curious fact that when the Union between England and Ireland was effected, a special Act had to be passed to make the restrictions applicable to Irish members. Apparently, a case on all fours with that of Sir Stuart Samuel was heard in the courts as far back as 1858, but the judges were divided in opinion, and the matter, so far as this special point is concerned, was not settled. If Sir Stuart Samuel should be unseated by the Select Committee, and he should get back to the House of Commons, the only way to secure immunity, assuming his firm has more contracts of the kind with the Indian authorities, will be for Messrs. Samuel, Montagu and Co., to convert themselves into a limited liability company. It is one of the anomalies of the law that what an M.P. may not do as a partner in a private firm he is perfectly entitled to do as a director or shareholder of a limited liability company. But this anomaly is not likely to last much longer. There seemed to be a general agreement this afternoon that what is sauce for the goose must be sauce for the gander. Nobody appeared to desire that there should be no sauce for either; indeed the tendency seemed to be to make the present precautions against corruption more stringent rather than to abolish them. The principal difference between the Opposition and the Ministerialists was as to the tribunal before which Sir S. M. Samuel should be haled. The Government contends that to refer the question to a Select Committee is the best and most expeditious course to adopt. The Opposition urges that it would be safer to let the courts decide, as a Select Committee might be influenced by political considerations. This was the view, for example, of Lord Balcarres, but he rather gave himself away by quoting the Rothschild case. In that inquiry, as Lord Balcarres himself declared, without seeing the face of the declarations the offending member so bamboozled the committee that when the division took place the two law officers of the Crown were in opposite lobbies! Sir Stuart Samuel was not in the House this afternoon, and, of course, he has not been so imprudent as to take part in any divisions since his position was challenged. There was a large attendance, as there always is when the personal element is so prominent.

THE MARCONI INQUIRY.

Day by day this inquiry is dragging out, but with much bad blood being engendered. Complaint is made that certain honourable members seemingly forget that they are practically a judicial committee delegated by the House of Commons, and instead treat the witnesses to an Old Bailey type of cross-examination, akin to that which would follow their being briefed by a litigant with a bad case. On Monday Sir Alexander King, Secretary of the British Post Office, was provoked to make an indignant protest against the way he was being treated as a witness. "I object," he said, "to being questioned as if I were a prisoner and not a witness giving evidence before the committee. It makes me very cross and annoyed indeed, and there is only one member of the committee who has done it." The friends of the Marconi Company claim that the further the inquiry goes, the more it is in their favour. There is still gossip outside the committee, but gossip now tells of peculiar coincidences not connected with certain persons and stock buying, but of the even stranger coincidence, that the man to whom much of the more scandalous of the allegations had been traced, has left the country. Then, again, much is made by the sympathisers of the Marconi Company of the allegation that a wireless telegraph company, which did not get the contract, circularized every Conservative member of the committee about their position without sending a single circular to the chairman, Sir Albert Spicer, or to any member of the Ministerial parties. It is anticipated that fur will really fly when certain editors and journalists are confronted with their articles, and asked to give the grounds upon which their sensational statements have been made.

DEATH OF MR. H. D. B. MACTAGGART.

I am very sorry to learn of the death of a much-respected old Bombayite, Mr. Henry Dundas Beatson MacTaggart, formerly of Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co. The sad event occurred on Saturday at Campbeltown ten days after he had been elected Provost of that town. The *Glasgow Herald* says: "Mr. MacTaggart was a native of Campbeltown, having been born at Dalintober in 1853. He was the eldest son of the late Mr. Charles MacTaggart, Procurator-fiscal for Kintyre and town clerk of Campbeltown. After being educated at Dollar Academy and Glasgow University he commenced his business career in the Glasgow office of the British India Steam Navigation Company (Limited), in 1879. He was transferred to the Bombay office of the company. Subsequently he carried on business as an East India merchant at Negapatam and Tuticorin, Madras, at the same time holding an agency for the steamers of the British India Company. After spending about 30 years in India, Mr. MacTaggart retired from business and returned to his native town some three years ago, when he took up residence at Rosemount, which he had purchased since coming home. He had identified himself with public life in Campbeltown and Kintyre, giving, both town and County Council the benefit of his disinterested and active services. He was elected about a year ago to fill a vacancy in the Town Council caused by the resignation of one of the members. Mr. MacTaggart took a deep interest in the Masonic movement, and was R. W. M. of St. John's Lodge, 141. On July 10, he performed the ceremony of laying the memorial stone of the new temple for the Lodge now nearing completion. In early life he held a commission in the Argyll Rifle Volunteers. Provost MacTaggart is survived by a widow and three daughters, one of whom is married and resident in India. From one of Mr. MacTaggart's oldest friends and neighbours now in London I learn that Campbeltown is deeply affected by the loss of its popular Provost, who had endeared himself to all classes, and who, it was hoped, would be spared for many years to continue his exertions on behalf of his fellow-townsmen. Mr. MacTaggart, I understand, suffered from some heart trouble, and it is feared that he may have overtaxed his strength while out shooting.

THE G. O. M. AND THE CHINESE BISMARCK.

The *Observer* in its last issue gave us another substantial instalment of Li Hung Chang's delightful diary of his European tour. One of the extracts relates to the illustrious celestial's visit to Hawarden "in the home of the greatest living Englishman," where Li Hung says he enjoyed for a day such a rest as he had not known since bidding good-bye to China. He describes how he was met by Gladstone at the local railway station. The narrative proceeds:—At once he apologised for not having come to London to meet me. But he said that if he had made the trip he would have very likely been ill for a week or two. He had sent a telegram to me at Windsor Castle to this same effect two days before, and so I had determined to visit him at Hawarden, even at the expense of offending a number of the entertainment committee and several members of the House of Lords who had given me strong invitations to visit their homes. The Viceroy mentions different personages in England, who, he thought, might be offended, because he had chosen to go "of his own will" to visit Gladstone at Hawarden, and neglected to accept the many other urgent invitations to prominent houses. He continues: "What had these other people to offer me? Bread and wine and musical entertainments? I had never heard of them, any of them, and what would I be spending my time with them for?" What a dreadfully candid Li Hung Chang. He adds that Queen Victoria, the then Prince of Wales, Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Morley, Lord Tennyson and the Houses of Parliament—those were what interested him in England, and the ships.

FLANNELY AND THE GUARDIANS.

From the report of what occurred at a recent meeting of the Edenderry (King's County) Board of Guardians, I am inclined to doubt the statement so often made that the "lower orders" in Ireland have ceased to be witty. Surprised at the robust appearance of a young fellow named Flannely who applied for relief, the chairman said he wished he were in as good health as the applicant appeared to be. Flannely: "I wish I was as well as I look." (Laughter.) A Guardian: "I know what you have—a lazy heart that is always longing for a quiet time of it." Flannely: "A man with a weak heart has not a quiet life. The instant I move a muscle my heart begins to beat like a big drum." "What age are you?"—"Eighteen years." "And how many of them did you do in the workhouse?"—"Eighteen; I was born here." Another Guardian: "I propose that we buy him a spade and let him out to earn his living." Flannely: "To dig my grave you mean." At this point the kindly medical officer on duty said that the applicant's heart really was weak, a muscle being affected, and the Board, therefore, decided to re-admit poor Flannely to the place of his unfortunate birth.

OLLA PODRIDA.

For ways that are dark and for tricks that are

CANADA AND AN IMPERIAL NAVY.

THREE BIG SHIPS AS A GIFT TO THE EMPIRE.

To Cost Seven Millions of Money.

ENTHUSIASM OF BOTH SIDES OF THE HOUSE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

OTTAWA, Dec. 5.

Mr. Borden, the Prime Minister, to-day introduced a Bill to increase the effective naval forces of the Empire.

He emphasized the point that the great outstanding fact in the present position of naval power was that twelve years ago the British flag was predominant in every ocean of the world. It was to-day predominant nowhere except in the North Sea.

He considered that the situation was sufficiently grave for Canada to give the Mother Country immediate aid, consequently, he proposed that Canada should give the King seven millions sterling for three "Dreadnoughts, which were the largest and strongest warships science could build or money supply. The ships would be built in Britain and placed at the disposal of the Admiralty for the common defence of the Empire.

Mr. Borden read a long memorandum from Mr. Churchill, stating, with careful comparisons, the relative naval strength of Great Britain and Germany, also that of other Powers. Britain at present possessed eighteen "Dreadnought" battleship-cruisers, against nineteen of the other Powers, while in 1915 the figures would be thirty-five against fifty-one.

Mr. Churchill added that any action on the part of Canada to increase the power and mobility of the Navy, thus widening the margin of our common safety, would be recognised everywhere as a most significant witness to the united strength of the Empire and of the renewed resolve of the Dominions to take their part in maintaining its integrity.

INCREASE OF FOREIGN POWER.

LATER.

Mr. Borden, at the outset of his speech, dwelt on the increasing power and influence of the Dominions, which necessitated the development of relations with the Mother Country. The enormous increase in the foreign naval power of recent years, he said, had cast a tremendous responsibility on Great Britain in controlling the Empire's foreign policy. Consequently, the mighty Dominions must join the Motherland in securing the common safety of their common heritage.

Mr. Borden ridiculed the idea that the Dominions could not share Britain's responsibility in foreign policy, and expressed the humble opinion that adherence to such a position could only have a disastrous result. He deplored the ever-increasing armaments of the nations, and hoped that the day would soon come, when international differences would be settled by appeal to an international tribunal. He pointed out that the Empire was not a great military power. Its security was based entirely on the Navy; defeat at sea would shatter the Empire to its foundations. The present paramount duty of ensuring safety in Home waters had been fulfilled by withdrawing or reducing the squadrons in every part of the world.

Nevertheless, expenditure had increased by nearly 50 per cent., for the simple reason that foreigners were increasing their navies, especially Germany. Hence, the Admiralty was compelled to concentrate its vessels in Home waters and diminish the forces in other parts of the world, which in time of peril were destined to safeguard the King's Dominions, and in time of peace were a living, visible symbol of the tie uniting all subjects of the Crown.

The fact that the Empire's trade routes were inadequately protected, owing to this concentration, was exceedingly impressive and even startling. In the present year the British flag became no longer predominant in the Mediterranean, and with every exertion on the part of the Empire it would be impossible to regain the necessary strength in that great highway before 1915-16.

Austria, with only 140 miles of sea-coast, and absolutely no colonies, was building a formidable fleet of "Dreadnoughts." The Italian Fleet would be even more formidable. Was it not time that the former worldwide conditions should be in some measure restored? Canada, in her proposals, was not undertaking or beginning a system of regular contributions. The situation was sufficiently grave to demand immediate action. He had asked the Imperial Government how they could best help them. The Imperial Government had replied: "We have no hesitation in answering, after prolonged consideration of all the circumstances, that it is desirable that such aid should include the provision of a certain number of the largest and strongest warships that science can build or money supply."

CONDITIONS OF THE GIFT.

In announcing Canada's gift, Mr. Borden said that the ships would be maintained and controlled by the Navy; but he had an assurance that if in the future the Canadians desired to establish a Canadian unit of the Navy, the vessels could be recalled, when they would be maintained by Canada. Undoubtedly, the British naval organisation was the most thorough and most effective in the world. Consequently there would be no need for Canada to embark on any hazardous, costly experiment.

Mr. Borden pointed out the necessity for building the "Dreadnoughts" in Britain. Nevertheless, the admiralty realised that it was not to the Empire's advantage that all shipbuilding should be concentrated in the United Kingdom. Consequently the Admiralty was prepared, in the early future, to give orders for the construction in Canada of small cruisers, oil-tank vessels and other auxiliary craft. He saw no reason why all vessels required for the Government service in the future should not be built in Canada, even at some additional cost. Mr. Borden concluded that it was most appropriate that Canada's gift to His Majesty should come when the Duke of Connaught, as Governor-General of Canada, had rendered such valuable and eminent services to the State, and took such a deep interest in the Dominion. Canada was sending these ships to range themselves in the battle-line of the Empire with those of the Mother Country, Australia and New Zealand.

Comparing the naval expenditure of the Argentine Republic and the United States, Mr. Borden thought that Canada's proposal was moderate and reasonable. He paid a tribute to the work and composition of the Committee of Imperial Defence. The Imperial Government had intimated that it would welcome the Canadian Minister in London as a permanent member of the Committee. Thus, no important step in foreign policy would be undertaken without consultation with such a Canadian representative.

"The Motherland," said Mr. Borden, "almost unaided, not for herself alone, has done well in sustaining the burden of her vital, Imperial duty. Now, in the urgency of the moment, we come to her aid in token of our determination to ensure the safety and integrity of the Empire."

SCENE AT OTTAWA.

Cheers from both sides of the House.

LONDON, Dec. 6.

An unending procession of sleighs with tinkling bells, conveying fur-clad occupants, gliding to the House of Commons in Ottawa yesterday, hours before the opening of the proceedings, testified to the public sense of the historic occasion.

Most of the members of the Senate were present, while Royalty was represented in the persons of the Duchess of Connaught and Princess Patricia.

The visitors' galleries were crowded, those present including prominent persons from the most remote parts of the Dominion.

The Duke of Connaught was absent, in accordance with Viceregal precedent.

Mr. Borden, Prime Minister, and Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Leader of the Opposition, were tumultuously cheered. The House rose, when the Premier sat down after his speech, the cheering lasting some minutes, handkerchiefs were waved, while both sides of the House joined in singing "God Save the King."

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, following Mr. Borden, assured the Premier that the Opposition stood on a par with the Conservatives in their devotion to the Empire. He was glad to know from the Admiralty memorandum that there was no emergency or immediate danger. He reserved his further remarks till the debate was entered upon.

The Bill was thereupon read the first time.

LONDON PRESS COMMENTS.

LONDON, Dec. 6.

The London press makes a feature of Mr. Borden's pronouncement, and is unanimous in dwelling on its immense significance.

The "*Daily Chronicle*" says the Imperial value of such offers exceeds their money value. The British Government has apparently pledged itself to explore the possibilities of something like federation.

The *Standard* writes "We enter on a new era of hope and security."

The *Daily Telegraph* says the offer confirms most completely the high hopes entertained of his visit to London. It is a turning point in the history of the Empire.

The *Daily Mail* says that all parties in Britain are agreed as to the necessity of calling the Dominions to the councils of the Empire, and it only remains to devise the machinery.

The *Daily News* alone deprecates Mr. Borden's request for consultation, as a most hazardous step. It says Mr. Churchill seems to have infected Mr. Borden with the mischievous delusion that the Empire is able to build battle-ships against the world.

The *Times* remarks upon the splendid offer of immediate participation in the burden of defence. It adds: "There are passages in Mr. Borden's speech, which will touch profoundly the spirit of British patriotism throughout the Empire. But the speech is also the first authoritative recognition of the idea of giving the overseas Dominions an adequate voice in our foreign policy."

COMPULSORY SERVICE.

Plain Statement by the Minister of War.

LONDON, Dec. 6.

C.J. Seely, Minister for War, speaking on the occasion of the prize-giving of the London Scottish, said that, after the most searching enquiry, the Committee of Imperial Defence had concluded that the danger of invasion might now be faced without fear. The Government did not intend in any way to adopt compulsory service. It would foster the voluntary principle to the utmost.

RELIGIOUS STRIFE.

Causes a Split in German Government.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

An open rupture has occurred between Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German Imperial Chancellor, and the Centre Party, hitherto one of the main supports of the Government. The estrangement is due to the decision of the Bundesrath not to relax the severity of the anti-Jesuit law. The Centre leader read in the Reichstag a declaration proclaiming the hostility of his party to the Government, which, he said, was encroaching on the civil and religious freedom of its Catholic subjects.

A GOVERNOR KILLED.

SINGAPORE, Dec. 6.

The Governor of North Borneo was thrown from his horse at Sandakan, and killed instantaneously.

[The late Mr. Fancis Robert Ellis, C. M. G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of British North Borneo, had, previous to his last appointment, completed a long and useful career in the Ceylon Civil Service. Born in 1849 he entered that service as a Writer in 1871, and filled various judicial and revenue appointments till he became Government Agent of the Western Province in the Island in 1901. He was later appointed Auditor-General and Controller of Revenue and Accountant-General of the Island of Ceylon, and sat as a member of the Executive and Legislative Councils. He married a daughter of the late D. B. Thornton of St. Petersburg.]

OBITUARY.

LONDON, Dec. 6.

The death is announced of Mr. Justice Lawrance.

[The late Sir John Compton Lawrance, Kt., J.P., D.L. (the Hon. Mr. Justice Lawrance, Judge of the King's Bench Division of the High Court of Justice since 1890) was born in 1832, the only son of Mr. T. M. Lawrance, of Dunsby Hall, Lincolnshire. He passed out as a barrister of Lincoln's Inn in 1859, was made Queen's Counsel in 1877, and held the appointment of Recorder of Derby from 1880 to 1890, being M. P. for South Lincoln for those ten years.]

A special cable to the *Empire* dated London, December 5, states:—The British Press has been completely sold over the story of the Indian Princes' Navy gift, and many superlative panegyrics have been wasted.

THE BALKAN SITUATION.

France and the Turkish Debt.

SHARE OF THE ALLIES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Dec. 5.

The Crown Prince of Rumania has left Berlin for home.

PARIS, Dec. 6.

M. Poincare, the Premier, made an important speech in the Chamber to-day on the international situation, and analysed French policy. He expressed the opinion that there would be a general settlement of the Balkan question one way or another. He also pointed out that the French were the principal creditors of Turkey, and it was necessary to determine the share of the debt to be assumed by the Balkan States. France was also interested in the tobacco *regie* and numerous concessions. He trusted that Turkey in the near future would recover her prosperity. France was sincerely anxious to preserve her traditional relations with the Porte.

PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

LONDON, Dec. 6.

Turkey, Bulgaria, Servia and Montenegro have appointed delegates to enter into peace negotiations in London.

There was some consternation, when it was realised that the first meeting was to be held on a Friday, and on the thirteenth day of the month; consequently the meeting may be postponed for a day or two.

"EMPIRE" ADVICES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 6.

The "Empire" publishes the following special cables, dated London, December 5th:—

The general opinion is that Greece is making a great mistake in not signing the armistice. The real trouble is jealousy over the distribution of the spoils, though Greece blames Bulgaria for endangering the League. It is a fact that several sanguinary affrays have taken place between the Greeks and the Bulgars. The latter are annoyed at the Greeks' securing the rich prize of Saloniks at a cost of 12,000 casualties, while they sustained 50,000 with Adrianople not yet captured. With the Allies divided, Turkey will beat them in diplomacy.

THE CORNISH MYSTERY.

Terms Disclosed of Mr. Delay's Will.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Dec. 6.

Mr. Delay's will has been proved at £72,971. He bequeaths to his wife the income on ten thousand pounds, and the residue to his two sisters. In a codicil, however, he bequeaths thirty thousand pounds to Mrs. Marian Nowill, in token of his high admiration and gratitude for her friendship.

It is understood that if it is proved that Mrs. Nowill predeceased Delay, the legacy of thirty thousand pounds will be void.

CHINA AND TIBET.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

Sir Edward Grey, replying to Sir J. D. Rees, said that the Governor-General of Szechuan had proposed the formation of a new province, with the object of asserting more effectively the authority of the Chinese Government in the Tibetan marches and portions of Eastern Tibet. His Majesty's Government were watching developments with due regard to British interests and treaty rights.

CIVILIANS' PROMOTION.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

Mr. Harold Baker, in reply to Sir J. D. Rees in the House of Commons to-day, said that the rule, prohibiting the promotion of an officer against whom proceedings were pending, had been initiated by the Government of India.

THE INDIA MUSEUM.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

Lord Reay will head an influential deputation to the President of the Board of Education on the 12th instant, to urge the appointment to the India Museum of a staff of trained exports, specially familiar with Indian civilisation, arts and industries.

INDIA AND THE NAVY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 6.

A special cable to the *Empire* dated Calcutta, December 5, states:—

The Liberal press endorses Lord Crewe's denunciation of Mr. Bonar Law's contention that Britain's past services to India entitle her to fair play in the Indian market. The theory, that if India puts on a tariff against other nations she should exclude Britain, if followed, would be an unexampled misfortune. Fiscal policy cannot be based on gratitude.

SUFFRAGIST MOVEMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 6.

A special cable to the *Empire* dated London, December 5, states:—

A great organised movement for the enfranchisment of women was inaugurated yesterday. Nine societies, including the Fabians, the English and Scottish Liberal Federations, and the Co-operative and Labour Leagues, have banded together for a vigorous campaign. Violent methods are excluded and denounced.

THREATENED TAXI STRIKE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 5.

A special cable to the *Empire*, dated London, December 5, states:—

A taxi drivers' strike is threatening in the New Year. The men say they cannot possibly pay the fivepence a gallon increase for petrol.

PROPOSED SOLDIERS' HOME.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 6.

A scheme is under consideration for founding a soldiers' furlough home in the hills in connection with the Royal Army Temperance Association, to commemorate the visit of the King Emperor to India.

THE VICEROY'S TOUR.

Hamidia Library at Bhopal Opened.

SPREAD OF EDUCATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

VICEROY'S CAMP, BHOPAL, Dec. 5.

Their Excellencies the Viceroy and Lady Hardinge, accompanied by H. H. the Begum, visited the Alexandra High School and the King Edward Memorial Museum, and opened the Hamidia Library. After luncheon his Excellency, accompanied by Mr. O'Dwyer, Agent to the Governor-General in Central India, motored to Sehore and played golf, while her Excellency visited the Sanchi "Topes."

His Excellency the Viceroy, in opening the Hamidia Library, said:—

I am very much touched by the reference you have made to the work done by my grandfather in India, in the cause of education when its blessings were but little appreciated. His example has inspired me with the desire to follow worthily in his footsteps, and, among the manifold cares which occupy my attention, there is none that is nearer my heart than the desire that, during my tenure of office, the basis of primary education may be so widened that elementary knowledge may gradually become the birthright of the poorest in the land. At the same time it is my earnest hope that the profession of schoolmaster may become one of the most honoured of all, and the whole tone of the teaching given may be raised so that its true end and object may with greater certainty be accomplished, and the generations of young men who year by year go forth into the world, and each in turn hold the honour and welfare of India in their hands, may be ever more and more fit, not only to maintain, but to raise, the tradition of the various professions and occupations, and, while exhibiting a constantly increasing efficiency in the various walks of life, may bear testimony to the value of their early training by the steady development of individual character.

Your Highness has very truly remarked that an educational policy, to be successful, must include female education. You have doubtless realised that the principal difficulty in its development lies in the conservatism of the people themselves, which varies in strength from province to province and from district to district in its reluctance to allow the girls of India to participate in that enlightened instruction, which I am glad to say, is slowly but surely passing over the land. There is no question that this reluctance is gradually being overcome, but the progress is slow, and I can only hope that the stimulus of your Highness' energetic example may accelerate the speed, and that another generation will see almost as many girls at school as boys.

It may seem a little curious that, in coming to open a library, I should have talked so little of books and so much of education, but after all the association is fairly intimate; and those who reach the highest rungs of the ladder of education would find their powers of progress crippled and their faculties starved if they had no access to the learning gathered by the wise men of their own and other countries, while culture would be a poor thing if it did not stimulate that interest in all that is going on in the greater world, which it is part of the object of this library to foster and satisfy.

I have been very interested to hear of Nawabzada Hamidullah Khan's educational career, and I most cordially congratulate your Highness upon the breadth of mind and wisdom by which you have been guided in this matter. I trust that his example may give an impetus to the cause of learning in Bhopal that may never lose its force, and I feel that it is a very happy inspiration which has led you to give his name to the institution.

I have very great pleasure in declaring this library open. I name it the "Hamidia Library," and I wish it a most happy and useful career.

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 6.

The Viceroy will probably pay a visit to Jodhpur early in February.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

Arrival of Inniskillings at Secunderabad.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, Dec. 6.

The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, commanded by Lt.-Col. Hancocks, arrived here yesterday morning from China. They were met by Genl. Hodwell, C.B., officiating General Officer Commanding, and Staff, and were played into barracks by the band and pipers of the 64th Pioneers (the King's Light Infantry band being in camp). The men, fresh from their hard experience in the Far East, presented a fine workmanlike appearance.

SHERWOOD FORESTERS LEAVE FOR BOMBAY.

The Sherwood Foresters, being relieved by the Inniskillings, left in two troop trains at 4 and 8 p. m., the first party proceeding to Deolali and the second direct to Bombay. The gallant regiment, which has had an unprecedented record in all kinds of sport—having won several cricket and hockey cups—was given an enthusiastic send-off, the bands of the Inniskillings, 64th Pioneers and 83rd Wallajabad Light Infantry playing it (under the command of Col. Marshal) to the station.

OFFICE OF THE GENERAL STAFF.

SIMLA, Dec. 6.

The camp office of the General Staff Branch, Army Headquarters, will open in Delhi on the 17th December 1912. Reports of raids and disturbances will be addressed to Delhi, and repeated to Simla. Replies to letters are to be addressed to that portion of the office (Delhi or Simla) from which they were received, unless otherwise ordered.

RESERVISTS' COLOUR SERVICE.

The Government of India are pleased to condone the eventual deficiency of the colour service of those reservists of the Indian Army who were enrolled in the reserve before the 1st November 1911, and who were transferred from the colours to the reserve with less than five years' colour service, thus rendering them eligible for reserve pension, provided they complete a total of twenty-five years combined (colour and reserve service).

SECUNDERABAD GARRISON.

It is stated that the 2nd Battalion, Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, from South Africa, will be stationed at Secunderabad, and a battery of the R. H. A. from South Africa will be stationed at Umballa.

A Gas Cooking Stove will roast, bake or boil at the same time. It is always ready for use and is the cheapest, most reliable and cleanest method of cooking.

THE SIND OCTROI FRAUDS.

Irregular Sale of the Tax Receipts.

BARLEY IMPORTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Dec. 6.

The *Sind Gazette* gives particulars of the octroi frauds which have been perpetrated in Karachi.

All barley imported into Karachi pays octroi. If the barley be subsequently exported 90 per cent. of the octroi is refunded. If the barley be retained for local consumption no part of the octroi is refundable. In all cases octroi receipts are given, which must later be produced when a refund is claimed, together with the ship's manifest showing shipment. These receipts have in an irregular way become negotiable instruments. They can be bought and sold in the bazaar. There are regular brokers who carry on this business systematically.

Accordingly, a merchant who imports barley for local consumption—and knows, therefore, that he cannot claim a refund of octroi—sells his octroi receipts for what they will fetch, and asks no questions of the buyer. On the other hand, another merchant, who has imported barley for export, adds dirt to the barley. He ships the mixture as barley under a ship's manifest, and then goes into the bazar to buy at a discount octroi receipts on barley consignments with which to claim a refund on the dirt. As the dirt never, of course, paid octroi the claim to a refund, though supported by proper documents, is obviously fraudulent. That at any rate, is the view taken by the Karachi Municipality, who have put the whole matter into the hands of the police.

Some big commercial firms are said to be involved, and Karachi City is deeply stirred by the disclosures.

COMMISSIONER IN SIND.

Mr. Younghusband at Farewell I. C. S. Dinner.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

KARACHI, Dec. 6.

At a dinner given by the Indian Civil Service to the retiring Commissioner in Sind and Mrs. Younghusband, Mr. Pratt, Judicial Commissioner of Sind, voiced the feeling that extends far beyond the Civil Service when, in careful but pointed language, he said Mr. Younghusband was the father of the Service, and had served his extreme term of thirty-five years. It would be surprising if in that time he had not encountered some official checks and disappointments. The official path of the Commissioner in Sind had always been beset with difficulties. That had been so ever since the days of Sir Charles Napier. But Sir Charles Napier had found his compensation. The day after the Battle of Meanee he had written in his memoirs, "The Twenty-Second gave me three cheers after the fight, and one cheer during it." Government had no honour to give that could equal that. The speaker enjoined Mr. Younghusband to take those words to heart, and trusted he would always feel that his highest reward had been the applause and the approbation of his service in his own province.

SYLHET RIOT CASE APPEAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 6.

At the High Court, this afternoon, Mr. Justice Sharfuddin and Mr. Justice Coxe passed orders in the application made on behalf of the accused in what is known as the Jagatshi Asram Riot case. In this case Dayanand and ten other *sanyasis* were convicted by the Magistrate of Sylhet of rioting and assaulting Mr. Beaumont, Deputy Police Superintendent, with a trident, when he went to the *asram* (hermitage) to execute a warrant.

Their Lordships refused to interfere in the matter.

MIDNAPORE DAMAGE SUIT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 6.

At the High Court, to-day, before Mr. Justice Chaudhuri, Mr. Gregory, on behalf of Mr. Donald Weston and other defendants in the Midnapore damage suit, prayed that the other three damage suits against the defendants be put on the top of the list.

His Lordship enquired after the attorneys of the plaintiffs, and directed that the cases be fixed for Monday.

NAGPUR ELECTION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NAGPUR, Dec. 6.

The election of delegates for the landholding electorate took place yesterday. Four delegates were elected for the Nagpur district.

PUNJAB COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Dec. 6.

Lala Lajpat Rai has withdrawn his candidature for election to the Punjab Legislative Council from the central group of municipalities, there being a number of rival Hindu candidates from the group. He had previously withdrawn from the eastern group also, on account of some technical flaws.

WEEKLY CROP REPORT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA Dec. 6.

The crop telegrams for the week ending 30th November show that prospects are good all over the country. The recent rains have been of much benefit to early sown spring crop in Bihar and the United Provinces, and elsewhere.

The deficiency of fodder at Ahmednagar continues, where test works have been also opened, employing only 459 hands. The number on gratuitous relief in the Deccan totalled 8,487, and in Jath State 1,772.

MR. MONTAGU.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 6.

At the conclusion of his stay in Lucknow, Mr. Montagu will leave for Allahabad, where he will be the guest of the Chief Justice, en route for Benares.

A COW-KILLING RIOT.

Appeal Admitted by Calcutta High Court.

THREE HINDUS KILLED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 6.

At the High Court to-day, before Mr. Justice Sharfuddin and Mr. Justice Coxe, an interesting application was made on behalf of six Mahomedans, who were convicted by the Sessions Judge of Mozufferpur in the case of a cow-killing riot in which three Hindus were killed and several others wounded. The occurrence took place as early as July 1911 in a village called Barhorwa, and was a result of ill-feeling between Hindus and Mahomedans regarding the killing of cows by the latter.

The facts as found by the judge are as follows:—On the 21st July 1911 five Hindus went to Barhorwa village to collect seedlings. They saw three Mahomedans driving a calf towards the mosque and expostulated with them, whereupon a large number of Mahomedans assaulted them, with the result that three Hindus were killed. Agreeing with the assessors the judge convicted the accused of culpable homicide and rioting, and sentenced them each to three years' rigorous imprisonment. Their Lordships admitted the appeal.

THE BANK OF BURMA.

Liquidation of the Rangoon Refinery Company.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Dec. 6.

In the Bank of Burma enquiry, before the District Magistrate to-day, into the charges against Messrs. S. A. Mower and G. S. Clifford directors, general manager, and R.F. Strachan, the liquidator, Mr. Houldsworth's examination was continued. The whole day has taken up in going item by item through a voluminous statement which the witness had drawn up regarding the statement of loans made by, and the securities lodged with, the Bank of Burma, Limited. The statement showed the name of the debtor and the securities lodged unquoted, the shares being detailed and their value and market prices and the total debt and balance, this being deficient in the value of the quoted securities on June 30th 1911, and on various dates up to November 14th, the date of the closing of the Bank. A number of such items were referred to.

The witness next dealt with the Rangoon Refinery Co., Ld., in liquidation. In this case the total debt (ledger balance including Rs. 5,00,000 guaranteed to the Bank of Bengal by the Bank of Burma for the Rangoon Refinery Co., Ld.) was shown at Rs. 12,44,307, which was also shown as a deficiency on June 30th. By the 29th July 1911, however, the Rangoon Refinery had been taken over by the British Burma Petroleum Commpany, payment for the transfer being by 35,000 shares of the British Burma Petroleum Company. These securities lodged were shown on July 29th, taking the market value of the shares at Rs. 5-1, valued at Rs. 6,83,437-8-0 the deficiency shewn being Rs. 5,51,870-9-7. On November 14th, however, the market price of B. B. Petroleums had fallen to Rs. 3-6-0, so the deficiency had correspondingly increased to Rs. 8,15,136-5-4. The question of this firm's transactions with the Bank was discussed at at length, after which the Court rose for the day.

MR. GOKHALE.

Poona Preparing to Welcome him.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Dec. 6.

A movement, influentially supported, is on foot to give Mr. Gokhale a warm reception on his arrival here.

A public meeting under the auspices of the President of the Poona City Municipality is also likely to be held to congratulate Mr. Gokhale on the completion of his splendid tour through South Africa.

THE DACCA ARMS CASE.

Arrest and Arraignment of Three Boys.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, Dec. 6.

Last night the police arrested three young men named Tripuresh Chandra Roy, Tripurendra Chandra Roy and Thakurdas Dhuri, in a *thakurbari* (temple house) at Paschimdi, for having failed, as alleged, to give a satisfactory account of themselves. The first two boys are grandchildren of the late Raja Harish Chandra Roy, who settled in Dacca after his exile from Agartala.

All three boys were sent up under section 55 of the Criminal Procedure Code, and were produced to-day before the Additional District Magistrate. They were released on bail.

SERVICES COMMISSION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Dec. 6.

A *Fort St. George Gazette*, extraordinary, just issued contains, besides interrogatories relating to the Public Service Commission telegraphed yesterday, a series of questions addressed to officials. These questions cover the same ground, but naturally touch on some administrative details, on which only official evidence can be of any value. Appendices give the courses of study laid down for Civil Service Examination from time to time, the text of the Indian Civil Service Act and the strength of the Indian Civil and Provincial Services. 137 questions are circulated relating to the Indian Civil Service, referring to methods of recruitment (a) general, (b) age limits, (c) subjects of examinations, (d) statutory regulations, (e) medical commissions, (f) listed posts, etc. *Re* the system of training and probation, and conditions of service, salary, leave and pension, 47 questions are issued. In connection with the Provincial Civil Service, questions relate to methods of recruitments, systems of training and probation and conditions of salary, leave and pension.

MADRAS PASTEUR INSTITUTE.

MADRAS, Dec. 6.

The annual general meeting of the Pasteur Institute of Southern India was held this morning, with Surg.-Genl. W. B. Bannerman in the chair.

The fifth annual report of the Central Committee of the Association, together with the report of the Director for the period ending 29th February 1912, was adopted.

AMUNDSEN'S STORY.

Explorer's First Lecture in England.

THE CAMP AT THE POLE.

Captain Roald Amundsen, the discoverer of the South Pole, gave his first lecture in England on Nov. 15 in the Queen's Hall, under the auspices of the Royal Geographical Society, upon the Norwegian South Polar Expedition.

Captain Amundsen described a series of preliminary trips which led to the establishment of provision depots in 80 deg. S., 81 deg. S., and 82 deg. S., and then the preparations for passing the winter and for the final journey in the spring. On October 20 the weather had settled so much that they were able to start.

They had arrived at the decision that three men should go east to King Edward VII. Land, while the other five, with 52 dogs and four sledges, should carry out the main plan—the dash for the Pole. Including the depot stores they had provisions enough for 120 days. On November 5 they reached the depot in 82 deg. S. They agreed in laying down a depot at each whole degree of latitude, undeniably at some risk, as there was no time for putting down cross-marks; but they pinned their faith to snow mounds which they began to build in 80 deg. and on the other hand their sledges became so much lighter that they were never too heavy for their dogs. In 83 deg. S. they sighted land in a south-westerly direction. It could be nothing else but South Victoria Land and probably a continuation of the mountain range as drawn by Shackleton in his chart. From day to day the land became more distinct, with peaks from 10,000ft. to 15,000ft. in height. He had never seen a landscape more beautiful, more wild, more imposing. Here a weathered summit dark and cold—there snow and ice glaciers pell-mell in terrible chaos.

On December 6 he reached the greatest height, 10,750ft. above sea level. From here the main island plateau did not rise any more, but ran into an absolutely flat plain. In 880 deg. 23' they had reached Shackleton's furthest south and camped in 880 deg. 25', where they established their last depot, depot No. 10, and deposited 2001b. of provisions. Then they began to go very slowly downhill. The state of the ground was excellent. The sledging was ideal and the weather beautiful. They covered daily 15 nautical miles, and without adventures of any kind made 1st. 890 deg. on December 11. It then seemed as if they had arrived at a region with perpetually fine weather. The most obvious sign of constant, calm weather was the absolutely plain surface.

THE GOAL REACHED.

On December 13 the latitude gave 89 deg. 37' and they made out that they would reach their goal the next day. "The 14th arrived," continued Captain Amundsen; "I have a feeling that we slept less, breakfasted at a greater speed, and started earlier this morning than the previous days. The day was fine as usual. Brillant sunshine with a very gentle breeze. We made good headway. We didn't talk much. Everybody was occupied with his own thoughts, I think. Or had probably all of us the same thought?—which brought all of us to look and stare towards the south over the endless plateau. Were we the first or?—Hals! It sounded like a sound of exultation. The distance was covered. The goal reached. Calm, so calm stretched the mighty plateau before us, unseen and untrod by the foot of man. No sign or mark in any direction. It was undeniably a moment of solemnity when all of us with our hand on the flagstaff planted the colours of our country on the geographical South Pole, on King Haakon VII. Plateau.

During the night—according to our time—three men encircled our camp, the length of the semi-diameter being ten nautical miles (18 kiloms.), putting down marks, while the two others remained at the tent taking hourly observations of the sun. These gave 89deg. 55'. We might very well have been satisfied with the result, but we had plenty of time and the weather was fine, so why not try to observe the very Pole itself? On the 16th we therefore moved our tent the remaining five nautical miles (9 kiloms.) further south and camped there. We made everything as comfortable and snug as possible in order to take a series of observations throughout the 24 hours of the day.

With this camp as a centre we drew a circle with a radius of 4 1-2 nautical miles (8 kiloms.), and marks were put down. From this camp we went out for four miles in different directions. A little tent we had carried with us in order to mark the spot was pitched here, and the Norwegian flag with the Fram pendant hoisted on the top of the tent. This Norwegian home got the name Polheim. Judging from the weather conditions, this tent may stay here many years to come. In the tent we left a letter addressed to H. M. King Haakon VII., with information of what we had done. The next man will bring it home. Besides we left some clothing, a sextant, an artificial horizon, and a hypsometer.

THE RETURN.

On December 17 they left King Haakon's Plateau as they had found it, bathed in sunlight. They left the Pole with two sledges and 17 dogs, and on arrival at their winter quarters 11 of the dogs were safe and sound. Their provisions consisted of pemmican, biscuits, milk in powder, and chocolate, and they always felt well.

THE SCOTT EXPEDITION.

The "Times" has received from Mr. Herbert G Ponting the following concerning Captain Scott's Antarctic Expedition.

Since my return to England from the Antarctic, having completed my work of illustrating Captain Scott's Expedition, I have found that much misapprehension exists in regard to the objects of that enterprise. The popular idea that these has been a race to the South Pole is an error. Captain Scott has not been racing, nor has he been engaged upon a mere dash to the Pole. He is leading a great scientific expedition—perhaps the greatest ever sent out from England—and the reaching of the South Pole was but an incident in the extensive programme of work mapped out. To race would have been to jeopardize the success of the main objects of the expedition, and Captain Scott would not allow the presence of a rival in the field to move him from the course which he considered wisest and best.

Within four months of our departure from New Zealand he had lost nine ponies out of 19, nearly half the total transport on which he was chiefly relying. It would be impossible to overstate the seriousness of this loss. Had two or three more ponies succumbed it is doubtful whether the main objects of the expedition could ever have been achieved, as in this work success is entirely dependent on the transport of a certain amount of food. It was principally due to this misfortune that Captain Scott did not start on the Polar journey till November 1. His original plans provided for leaving Cape Evans on October 1; but October is a very cold and tempestuous month, and to have exposed the remaining transport animals to the additional hardships which this weather would have entailed would have involved too grave a risk. He therefore reluctantly postponed his start for a month. That month probably lost for Captain Scott the honour of being first at the South Pole.

THE LAST STAGES.

When the last supporting party, led by Lieutenant, now Commander, Evans, left Captain Scott on January 4, the Polar party were only 145 miles from the goal of their hopes and in excellent health and spirits, and were travel-ling at the rate of 15 miles a day. All being well the Pole should therefore have been reached about January 15 last. It is unfortunate that we were unable to remain a week or ten days longer, as we should almost certainly have brought back with us the news that Captain Scott had reached the Pole about January 15. He and his companions probably returned to winter quarters before the end of March. No further news can be received from him until the Terra Nova again returns from the Far South about the end of next March.

On the 13th instant the Hon. Mr. Clark will hold a conference with representatives of the Governments of Bengal, Bihar, Assam, the United Provinces and Madras on the question of Assam labour with respect to the proposed repeal of sections of the Act for the Assam Valley. Problems connected with a possible complete elimination of the penal clauses will also be reviewed.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

THE HIGH COURT.

FALSE DEFENCE.

Decree for the Whole Amount of Claim.

COURT'S STRICTURES.

Murahdhar Shankarlal alias Sangaram Tarwalla sued Messrs. Gober Nagji and Company for the recovery of Rs. 2,233-13-0, being the balance of Rs. 4,000 lent and advanced by the plaintiff to the defendant firm on 3rd April 1911 and interest up to 22nd October 1911.

The matter came up for decision before Mr Justice Heaton in the Bombay High Court.

The plaintiff stated that on the 3rd April 1911 he lent the defendant firm a sum of Rs. 4,000 on interest at the rate of 11 annas per cent. per mensem, and the defendant firm credited the said sum to his account in their books and gave him a Gujarati writing duly signed. Some moneys were repaid by the defendant firm, and Rs. 2,233-13-0 remained still to be paid.

The two partners of the defendant firm, Hurivallabdas Bechardas and Maganbhai Haridas, put in a defence, saying that one Onkardas Shobhagsing was as a partner of the plaintiff's in the latter's firm of Murahdhar Tarwalla, and that he should have been a necessary party in the suit, as he had given notice to the defendant firms not to pay the plaintiff, without his consent, the money due at the foot of their account, and from then Onkardas Shobhagsing demanded payment of Rs. 500 to be made to him by the defendant firm in pursuance of a letter addressed by the plaintiff to the defendant. It was admitted that the sum of Rs. 2,233-13-0 was due by the defendant firm to the plaintiffs' said firm, and they were always ready and willing to pay the said sum of Rs. 2,233-13-0 with interest to the plaintiff and his said partner on their giving a proper discharge therefor.

The defendants said that the money in question was due to the plaintiffs' firm of Murahdhar Tarwalla, which at the time of the loans consisted of the plaintiff and the said Onkardas, and not to the plaintiff alone.

The plaintiff contended that it was not so, and the money belonged to and was advanced by himself alone, with whom Onkardas had nothing to do.

Murlidhar Sankardas, alias Gangaram, came to Bombay in 1896. He knew a little English, and started life in this city by writing telegrams for Marwari merchant. He thus came to be known as "Tarwalla" (telegram writer). In 1907 he began to do business as a cotton seed and grain broker, and also speculated to a very small extent on his own account in the name of Murlidhar Tarwalla. In 1910 Onkardas Shobagsing joined him in the business, and they traded under the name of Murlidhar Tarwalla. Although Onkardas was the plaintiff's partner at the time when the loans involved in the suit were made by the plaintiff to the defendant firm, the said Onkardas had nothing to do with them as they were made by the plaintiff on his own account. Prior to Onkardas joining him as a partner, the plaintiff had made money in his own business. The plaintiff resided in the house of Vithaldas Gober, who was a partner in the defendant firm, and who died later. He was on good terms with the plaintiff. In April 1911 the plaintiff had a sum of Rs. 4,000, saved by him out of his own earnings, on hand, which he wanted to invest profitably. He asked Vithaldas Gobar's advice, and the latter requested the plaintiff to deposit his money with the defendant firm, which was done. Vithaldas Gober gave the plaintiff a receipt in his own name. At first the receipt was made out in Tarwalla's firm's name, but this was destroyed and a receipt in Tarwalla's own name substituted.

In October 1911 disputes arose between the plaintiff and his partner, Onkardas, and he sent a letter through his attorneys to the defendant firm, requesting them not to pay the plaintiff, or any other person, without Onkardas' consent in writing, the sums that were due at the foot of the said account of Murlidhar Tarwalla and the account of Murlidhar's wife. Later on Onkardas withdrew his objection to the payment, but still the money was not paid by the defendant firm.

Mr. Justice Heaton, after hearing Mr. Kanga and Mr. Vazir for the plaintiff, and Mr. Kanga for the defendants, decreed the suit with interest and costs at the highest scale, as the story of the defence was disbelieved "in toto."

His Lordship, in his judgment, remarked that it was a suit which, in his opinion, showed the system of the administration of justice at its very worst. The Court had spent two days and a half hearing the suit, which ought never to have come to Court at all. The defendants deposited the money into Court but still forced a trial. The defendants knew perfectly well from their books that there was no justification for saying that Onkardas had anything to do with the deposit.

The defendants had forced the trial of the suit, a trial which, now that his Lordship knew the facts, he found to be a solemn farce from beginning to end; and it was something of a reflection on the system of administration of justice that in a case of this kind either party should be in a position to force the trial, which, he repeated, had wasted two and a half days and might have taken more. There was no point of law or question of fact which was necessary to be decided in order that justice might be done, but the suit had been brought merely because there was some disagreement between the parties as to how the costs incurred in the earlier stages of the suit had to be apportioned. There was no doubt that the defendant must pay all the costs that accrued after the filing of the plaint. At one time his Lordship had been disposed to think that the plaintiff ought to pay his own costs of filing the plaint, but on the whole the plaintiff was justified in the rapidity with which he had filed the plaint and, though personally his Lordship did not think it correct to insert in the plaint observations reflecting on the financial credit of the defendants, this was done in the case with the object of applying for an attachment before judgment; and though they might have been kept back for an affidavit or application with reference to such an attachment, yet the practice admitted of their being incorporated in the plaint. The position of the plaintiff was undoubtedly one which did justify prompt and strong measures. There was no defence to the claim, that is to say, there was no doubt that the money was due, and, as the defendant's own books showed, that they were due to the plaintiff.

The plaintiff was not even given intimation of the fact that the notice stopping payment had been made and he came to know of it only when he went to make a demand personally. Such a method of doing business was undoubtedly intensely exasperating, and, taking all the circumstances into account, his Lordship exonerated him from any impropriety in respect of the rapidity with which he brought the suit, or of the allegations he made.

A decree for the plaintiff was passed, for the sum sued for, with costs and which were to be assessed at the highest scale admissible. Interest was given at 6 per cent. after judgment.

MURDER OF A WIFE.

Death Sentence Confirmed in Case from Ahmedabad.

Gama Nara, who was sentenced to death by the Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, appealed to the Bombay High Court against the conviction and sentence, and the matter also came up in the ordinary course for confirmation of the sentence by the High Court.

Mr. Justice Batchelor and Mr. Justice Rao dealt with the matter.

The appellant admitted having assaulted his deceased ex-wife, who was the murdered person, under great provocation, without any premeditation. Being divorced she had married another person.

The Sessions Judge held that accused knew that a blow with an axe, with which weapon the deceased was murdered, would kill her.

Their Lordships, after going through the papers, confirmed the sentence of death, and dismissed the appeal.

CASE UNDER DECCAN AGRICULTURISTS' RELIEF ACT.

Keshab Jivan and Girdhar Jivan sued Talakchand Motiji in the Sub-Judges Court Surat to obtain account, under the provisions of the Deccan Agriculturists Relief Act, of their pecuniary transactions with defendant and redemption of the last of a series of mortgages executed by them to defendant in the course of those transaction. Plaintiffs added that all the properties included in the mortgage, except the house, had for six years before the suit been in the possession of defendant, and he had cut some 25 trees on the land. Defendant denied that plaintiffs were agriculturists, and by settlements effected in October, 1903, Rs. 5,065 were found due, and plaintiffs paid Rs. 390 by some animals, and for Rs. 3,999 they verbally transferred by absolute sale all the mortgaged properties, and the rest of the amount was remitted. Defendant claimed absolute possession of the properties. The Sub-Judge held the settlement to have been extremely favourable to plaintiffs' family. It was therefore much to be regretted that plaintiffs got it into their heads to undo it. But as the transfer of th land to defendant had not been effected legally the absolute title to the land had not legally passed to defendant.

As plaintiffs, by taking advantage of a mere technical defect, sought to reopen a very fair and reasonable settlement effected six years ago, as the amount ascertained to be due far exceeded the probable value of the lands, as the chance of paying it within a reasonable period out of the profits was certainly problematical, and as the probable consequence of allowing redemption before payment would be only to enable plaintiffs dishonestly to appropriate the profits till the lands could again be put to sale, the Sub-Judge decreed that if plaintiffs deposited in court for payment to defendant the sum of Rs. 4,66 and his taxed cost, defendant should deliver up possession of the lands to plaintiffs. On appeal to Mr. N. R. Mazumdar, subjudge, A. P. Surat, the judge held that it was pre-eminently a case in which payment by instalments should be ordered. The judge held defendant could claim Rs. 2,844 and he directed the amount to be paid by twelve annual instalments of Rs. 237 each. The defendant was directed to deliver possession to plaintiffs of the lands on payment of the cost of the original suit, and the appeal and plaintiffs to redeem the properties on payment of the twelve instalments.

The matter came up to the Bombay High Court on second appeal, and the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Chandavarkar decided it.

Their Lordships held that the transaction was a valid one for the purpose of creating a charge under section 35 of the Transfer of Property Act and had the effect of making the money, which was the consideration for it, moneys secured upon the mortgaged property, and those moneys were therefore properly the subject of an account under section 13. They formed part of the transaction out of which the suit had arisen, and they must be taken into consideration in any decree which was passed by the court. Their Lordships on these grounds set aside the decree of the lower appellate court and restored that of the Sub-Judge, Mr. Saajans, with costs throughout to be added to the mortgage debt.

SURAT SPINNING COMPANY'S TROUBLES.

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Chandavarkar had before them yesterday the appeals filed by Stratton, Desai and Company and Dayabhai Motiram and others, in which they claimed priority of their claims over all the assets of the Jafferali Spnining and Weaving Company, Limited, of Surat, in liquidation to the full extent of their claim.

Messrs. Jinna, Dhurandhar and T. R. Desai appeared for the appellants, and Mr. Ratanlal appeared for the original petitioners.

The question raised in the suit was whether the agreement, by which all the buildings, machinery, plant, stock and assets, both liquid and otherwise, belonging to the Jafferali Spining and Weaving Company, Limited, Surat, were made the first charge to secure the advances made by Messrs. Stratton Desai and Company, ought to have been registered.

Their Lordships, in referring the case to the lower Court, remarked that the contention on behalf of the Agents, Messrs. Stratton, Desai Company, that there was no obligation on their part to register the agreement under section 17 of the Registration Act. The liquidators contended that the mortgage as it stood created a charge or lien on the buildings, and therefore should have been registered. As it was not registered, the agreement must be inadmissible in evidence. The Court held that the document did create a charge, and therefore required registration in so far as it affected the immoveable property. Relying on the decision quoted in Thakur Rateshg vs. Bomanji Dalal, the Court was of opinion that the document, although not registered, was admissible in evidence to establish the charge upon the property, which did not fall within the category of immoveable property. The properties described in the agreement were buildings, plant, stock and assets, both liquid and otherwise. The question then was how far machinery and plant fell within the definition of immoveable property as defined in the Transfer of Property Act, by which all articles, whether attached to the earth or permanently fastened to the earth, fell within the definition. The Court had no information as to what machinery and plant in the Jafferali Mills were immoveable property, and a reference to the lower Court to settle the points was necessary.

It had been argued that the non-registration of the charge, which could not be enforced without registration, amounted to a fraudulent preference, which would disentitle the agents or those claiming through or under them from asserting their rights under the document. One of the officers of the Spinning Company had pleaded ignorance of clause 68 of the Companies Act. The Court observed that from the manner in which the affairs of the Company in the country was conducted it was not unlikely that the agents might have been neglectful of their duty in not making themselves acquainted fully with the provisions of the law. It was a great pity that they were not prosecuted, and it would be a good thing if the provisions of the law were enforced against the directors who neglected to register the mortgage.

The Court on these grounds referred the appeal to the lower Court to ascertain which, if any, of the articles of machinery and plant belonging to the Company on the occasion of the winding up were attached to the earth within the mesning of the section 3 of the Transfer of Property Act.

The Court further remarked that it had made no distinction between the claims of the agents and of those who came under clause (w) of the agreement, that is, those who had advanced monies under "B" receipts, and that they must rank equally.

INDISPOSITION OF JUDGES.

Mr. Justice Rao being indisposed did not come to Court yesterday and Mr. Justice Batchelor alone sat on the second bench and merely admitted appeals.

Mr. Justice Macleod also did not attend Court.

Mr. Justice Davar yesterday presided over the Parsi Matrimonial Court in the Sessions Court Room, from which the Press was excluded. The case taken up was one for divorce, Doshi Bai Sorabji Saklatwala vs. her husband, Sorabji Saklatwala, and Mrs. Bachubai Ratanji Botina (co-respondent). Ten Parsi delegates sat to help the Judge. The proceedings were conducted in camera.

THE POLICE COURTS.

RASH DRIVER FINED.

Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Frank Oliveira, Taird Presidency Magistrate, Kanji, a Hindu driver, was charged with rash and negligent driving, which caused the death of a Hindu boy of four.

The circumstances in which the accident happened have been reported.

The Magistrate convicted the accused and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 150. On hundred rupees out of the fine was ordered to be paid to the deceased's father as compensation. The father was carrying the child in his arms at the time, and he too was knocked down and injured.

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

Before the same Magistrate, Inspector Smith charged one Babaji, a carpenter, with criminal breach of trust in respect of a gold ornament valued at Rs. 50, the property of Ballaram, his neighbour.

The accused had obtained the ornament from the complainant for use for about four months and had disappeared since. He was arrested by the police on Thursday. The ornament was recovered from a Marwari, with whom it was pawned.

He was fined Rs. 75, with the option of six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

COCAINE PROSECUTIONS.

In the same Court, yesterday, Superintendent Jones charged Raghunath and Bansi with possessing one and two grains of cocaine, respectively, without a license from the Collector of Bombay.

The accused pleaded guilty and were fined Rs. 10 and Rs. 20, respectively.

The Superintendent also charged Jayaram Limbaji with having in his possession three grains of cocaine without a license. He had been convicted on three previous occasions of a similar offence, and this time he was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

SAILING WITHOUT LIGHTS.

Kalia Pokia and two other tonny-wallas were, yesterday, charged before the Third Presidency Magistrate with sailing in the harbour without the regulation lights.

On Thursday night, at 8 o'clock, the accused were sailing near the Victoria Docks without lights, when they were arrested by the police.

They pleaded guilty and were fined Rs. 30 each, with the option of one month's rigorous imprisonment.

CHARGE AGAINST A CASHIER.

Before Mr. G. R. Khairaj, at Mazagon, Inspector DeBurgh charged Narayen Jugganath Bane, lately a cashier in the Bombay Woollen Mills, with criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 1,125 belonging to the mill.

The prosecution alleged that on the 26th ultimo, Mr. J. Moore, the manager of the mill, asked the accused to produce the mill accounts, as he wanted to audit them. The cashier asked him to wait till the 1st instant, but as he did not turn up the next day, Mr. Moore opened the safe in the presence of two witnesses, and on checking the accounts, found that there should be in the safe a sum of Rs. 1,125, which was not there. The case was adjourned.

THE BHAVNAGAR MARRIAGE.

Maharaja's Speech at State Banquet.

BHAVNAGAR, Dec. 4.

Our correspondent wrote on Wednesday:—

In connection with the wedding festivities in Bhavnagar attendant on the wedding of the Maharaja's daughter, a banquet was given last night at which about seventy covers were laid.

His Highness the Maharaja, in rising to propose the toast of his Imperial Majesty, referred to the ever memorable visit of the King and Queen, the lasting impression made upon the teeming millions of people, and the love and hope inspired into the hearts of the Indians. "The rule of his Majesty's house has brought," he said, "the priceless blessings of peace, and security against foreign aggression and internal disorder."

The Chief then referred to the war in progress in Eastern Europe, which threatened to spread to adjacent territories. This the wisdom of the King and his ministers would avert, but if it were to break out every sword would leap out of its scabbard in defence of the joint interest.

Subsequently the Maharaja proposed the health of Mr. Sladen, Agent to the Governor, and spoke of the confidence he had won by his able handling of complicated questions, eulogising his character and qualifications.

In conclusion his Highness mentioned the fact of the selection of his Dewan to a seat on his Excellency the Governor's Council.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA-INDIA.

Another magnificently acted two-reel drama makes its appearance here this week, the subject being an intensely interesting detective story full of startling incidents. It deals with the methods of a gang of blackmailers, who have made it their business to prey upon society by cheating and extorting money. A clever detective is engaged to bring these miscreants to justice, and how he succeeds in doing it is shown in a rapid succession of scenes carried through with such vigour and sincerity that one does not have time to lose interest even for a moment. This splendid drama ought to take well with the public.

A judicious selection of comics has been added to the programme, which will certainly provide plenty of healthy and innocent amusement. An extra show in aid of the Red Crescent Society's Fund will take place to-day from 5-30 to 6-30, and a special programme has been prepared for the occasion.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

The weekly programme, which will commence this evening, contains a marvellous film entitled "The Greed for Gold," depicting a modern drama. The plot is terrible and potent, arresting the minds of all who see it, and in its centre is an extravagant and dissipated man, who preys upon the credulity of society, and robs the widow and the orphan with unscrupulous indifference and purpose, until Nemesis overtakes him, and he finds release in a suicide's grave. "Little Fanny's Thief" is the story of a burglar's gratitude, who effects his purpose, but is so touched by the child's simplicity that he returns the spoil the next day. "Her Ladyship's Dog," in which the popular Wiffles supplies the comic element, and the Animated Gazette, complete a very entertaining programme, which lasts an hour and a half.

ARRIVAL OF THE FLAGSHIP.

H. M. S. Highflyer, under the command of Captain C. E. LeMesurier, R.N., arrived in harbour yesterday from Muscat, which port she left on the 2nd December, with his Excellency Rear-Admiral the Hon. A. E. Bethell, K.C.M.G., Naval Commander-in-chief on board. On the arrival in harbour of H. E. the Naval Commander-in-chief on the H. M. S. Highflyer a salute in his honour of 17 guns was fired from the saluting middle ground battery.

RELIGIOUS EDUCATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 6.

The Moral and Religious Education Conference in Calcutta concluded its labours yesterday. All the three sub-committees, into which the conference dissolved, representing the Christian, Hindu and Mahomedan communities, discussed three points, namely, (1) the general influence in the school of moral and religious training, (2) direct moral instruction and (3) direct religious instruction in its broad outline. Yesterday the reports of the three sub-committees were discussed, and it was generally agreed that in view of the strong opinion expressed in the press, councils and elsewhere, Government should give facilities for imparting moral and religious instruction to Hindus, Mahomedans and Christians in mixed schools. The Hon. Mr. Nathan presided over the conference.

The Deputy Commissioner, Mr. Mayes, conferred the Coronation Durbar medals on some gentlemen, prominent among whom were Rai Saheb D. Laxmi Narayen, the manganese contractor and merchant of Kamptee, Rai Saheb Doctor, Mr. H. N. Ray, Chief Executive Officers of the Nagpur Municipality, Mr. Laxman Bapuji, Assistant Settlement Officer, and a few others.

FREQUENT COUGHING CURES not a cough. On the contrary the irritation in the bronchial tubes grows worse thereby. Take LYNSOLA, the popular Indian cough cure. Every dose tends to soothe and heal the sore spots. An ideal lung tonic free from opiates.—MADON, SONS & Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

SILVER FOR INDIA.

Instructions to Messrs. Montagu and Co.

In reply to a question by Mr. Rupert Gwynne, a copy of correspondence has been published conveying instructions to Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co., for purchases of silver on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council; and a specimen of contract notes (referred to in the correspondence as "contracts") used in reporting the several purchases. We subjoin the following extracts:—

No. 1.

The India Office to Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co., March 4, 1912.

I am directed to inform you that the Secretary of State for India in Council will be obliged, if you will gradually purchase on his behalf bar silver up to the value of £500,000. He leaves it to your discretion to purchase at such times and in such amounts as you may consider expedient, with the object of avoiding, to the utmost extent possible, any action likely to raise the price of the metal or to reveal the fact that the purchases are on his behalf. All purchases should, until further notice, be made for forward delivery, i.e., for delivery either two months after the date of the contract, in accordance with the usual practice, or by preference at a later date not being subsequent to 31st July.

It is requested that you will keep Sir Felix Schuster informed of the action taken by you and will refer to him on any point on which consultation may seem desirable.

Contracts for the silver purchased should be sent by you, marked "Confidential" to the Financial Secretary, India Office, and when you obtain delivery of silver, the warrants should be sent to the same address with applications for payment. It is understood that you wish payment to be made to your bankers, the Union of London and Smith's Bank, at their head office, Princes-street, E. C. If so will you be good enough to send to this office a letter conveying the necessary authority?

When arrangements have been made for the shipment of any silver the warrants will be returned to you, and a member of this office will call for the bills of lading in order that they may be posted to India without delay.

No. 2.

India Office to Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co., March 25, 1912.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 22nd inst., enclosing a contract (No. 14) for the purchase of about £70,000 fine bar silver on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council in completion of the order for £500,000 given to you in Mr. Abrahams' letter of March 4.

I am now directed to request that you will be so good as to proceed to make further purchases on behalf of the Secretary of State in Council up to a value of £250,000. The remarks in the latter of March 4, as to the method and conditions of purchase, &c., will be understood as applying equally to the present order.

No. 3.

India Office to Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co., April 15, 1912.

With reference to previous correspondence, I am directed by the Secretary of State for India in Council to request that you will be so good as to make further purchases of silver on his behalf up to a value of £250,000, subject to the condition agreed upon in respect of the last order, and to your being able to purchase at no great advance on the present price. Should the price rise to any material extent before this order is completed I am to request that you will be so good as to consult with Sir Felix Schuster as to the expediency of continuing purchases or temporarily suspending them.

No. 4.

India Office from Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co., April 16, 1912.

We beg to acknowledge, with many thanks, receipt of your letter of yesterday's date, requesting us to purchase for you a further amount of £250,000 fine bar silver, on the same conditions as usual. We note that you do not wish us to buy at a material advance in price without consulting Sir Felix Schuster.

This order we shall endeavour to carry out with the same secrecy as we have been fortunate enough to maintain hitherto.

We enclose your contracts of our to-day's transactions, for your account, amounting to £35,000.

As the time is approaching, when we shall have to take up our first deliveries on your behalf, we would be glad to know if you desire us to postpone the due dates for two months at the market rates. We believe that the difference will remain 1-8d. equal to a shade under 3 per cent. on the money (per annum). The chief advantage to you would be the avoiding of any premature transactions with the Bank of England. For the movement of actual bars from our offices to the Bank might cause comment, though we do not believe for one moment that any one would guess the nature of the business.

There would be a brokerage of one-eight per cent. to pay us for the postponement, but this would, naturally, be only one side of the account.

No. 5.

Letter from Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co. to the India Office, dated April 17, 1912.

We have the pleasure of sending you contracts for the purchase of £55,000 silver.

The price rose to-day on purchases by the bazaar, which is influenced by the farther fall of about 80 lakhs in the silver reserve.

The opinion prevails among the Eastern banks that there is not likely to be any influx until June.

It is on account of this that we have been a little freer with our buying, although we only took about a third of what was offering at "fixing."

We hope that you approve of our action.

No. 6.

Letter from India Office to Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co., dated April 18, 1912.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letters of April 16 and 17, enclosing contracts for the purchase of £90,000 silver on those two days.

In reply to the inquiry in your letter of the 16th, I am to say that your proposal to postpone for two months, at market rates (at present 1-8d.), the dates of delivery of silver shortly falling due, and to charge a brokerage of one-eighth per cent. for the postponement, is accepted.

No. 7.

Letter from India Office to Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co., dated May 20, 1912.

With reference to previous correspondence, I am directed by the Secretary of State for India in Council to request that you will be so good as to make further purchases of silver on his behalf up to a value of £250,000, subject to arrangements as to price, date of delivery, &c., to be made in communication between you and Sir Felix Schuster.

Letters Nos. 7 to 14, inclusive, give instructions for the purchase of further amounts of silver, usually of £250,000, but in some cases of £500,000 in terms almost identical with No. 7. No. 15 is as follows:—

No. 15.

India Office to Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co., September 11, 1912.

In continuation of my letter of the 3rd inst., I am directed to confirm the instructions given to you by Sir Felix Schuster, for the purchase of a fifth million of silver, £700,000 of which it is understood you have already secured.

In reply to a farter question by Mr. Gwynne, a list of the amounts of silver purchased at various dates from March 5 to August 24, and the prices paid is given. The total purchased is approximately £5,305,000, but a note mentions that this amount was reduced by net sales amounting to £305,000. The following letter is appended to the list:—

LONDON, Nov. 13, 1912.

Financial Secretary, the India Office, Whitehall.

Dear Sir,—In reply to your inquiry, we beg to inform you that the custom of the bullion trade is that a broker who makes a contract is responsible both to the buyer and the seller for the due fulfilment of the contract. This has always been the custom, as our clients on either side inquire it, and they would consider it a breach of confidence if their names were divulged.

We are, dear Sir, your obedient servants.

(Signed) MOCATTA and GOLDSMID.
PIXLEY and ABELL.
SHARPS and WILKINS.

SIR RICHMOND THACKERAY WILLOUGHBY RITCHIE, K.C.B., I.S.O., Permanent Under-Secretary for India, and son-in-law of Thackeray, who died on Oct. 12, aged fifty-eight, intestate, left estate of the gross value of £8,873, of which the net personality has been sworn at £5,119.

EN PASSANT.

Macready's School of Acting.

The very large following that things theatrical have, even perhaps to the study of the literary portion of that theme, will find in the recently issued life of Macready, by William Toynbee, one of the most interesting biographies of the present era. There are still many people living who must remember this eminent actor, towards the end of his career at any rate, and, perhaps, here and there, one who has still remembrance enough to compare him with other actors of celebrity who were passing into the sere and yellow leaf at the time that he was in his prime; comparisons which, however, were essentially of the give and take principle as they have invariably been where actors of established reputation were tabled for discussion on relative merits. In one respect at least Macready differed a good deal from his predecessors and contemporaries in the Drama, for, although he was from the first an eminently careful student, possessing the maximum of intellectuality and earnestness in his relations with the art, which, as we know, raised him to an established degree of eminence and made him a "persona grata" with the greatest, he affected a great contempt for the profession and showed on every available occasion that he considered himself thrown away in following it. Had he not been a remarkable personality, apart from his abilities as an actor, to which his scholarly attainments and deep religious instincts added not a little, this attitude towards his profession would have raised a different impression from that generally accepted, for his greatest detractors voted him a high principle gentleman, who endeavoured to raise the tone of the stage by the influence of his own unblemished life. It will be interesting to record that Macready was destined for the Church, a career checked by one of those coincidences that so often step in to defeat the ambition of a parent for his sons. The elder Macready was a theatrical manager who on a particular instance had the great Sarah Siddons for the star part. She was dissatisfied with the leading actor of the company and suggested that young Macready, who was down on a holiday from Rugby, should undertake the part of "Biron" in "Isabella" (I forget for the moment the origin), she taking the title role. The 'parent demurred and explained that his son was intended for the Church. Mrs. Siddons, who was nothing if not matter-of-fact, suggested that without interest as a cleric this hopeful son would probably die a poor curate on a starvation stipend, but if moderately successful as an actor would secure a good salary. The idea hailed by that influential actress was successful and the young student thus made his first appearance. He was for the next few years leading actor and stage manager in his father's company, and gradually built up a reputation in the provinces. He appeared on the London stage in 1816 and it is reported that Edmund Kean warmly commended his acting.

Macready's acting took after the Kemble school, a style much opposed to that made familiar in the bevy of actors which included Mecklin, Cooke, and in his day, Kean. In certain types of character, the stern, or dignified, or pathetic, represented in such parts as Virginius, the Stranger, Tell, Warner,—he stood well in the estimation of critics, it is true, but, generally these authorities were not disposed to accept him in the same plane as Edmund Kean, whose brilliant genius, though confined to a few characters, Othello, Shylock, Sir Giles Overreach, Richard III, Zanga, especially had kept the ball of enthusiastic popularity going, bringing to that actor, it has been stated, a level £10,000 a year for the greater part of two decades. But it is notorious that a few days before his death he was on the point of being arrested for a miserable £100.

To return to Macready, the present volume is not the first published of his career, for about 1875 (two years after his death) an issue of his reminidited by Sir Frederick Pollock came out, but in a collated form, for it was found that opinions expressed in diaries and notes, relating to contemporaries and colleagues, many of whom were still living, were much too out-spoken and caustict to become public property. Many of these opinions may appear the natural evolution of a mind by the ever existent idea that he was a cut above his cloth. A similar disposition characterised Congreve the dramatist, though flattered for his works by such men of letters as Dryden, Swift, Pope and Addison. One element of disappointment to Macready, it is said, was her rise to eminence of his fellow student and friend, Sir Thomas Talfourd, who became one of the leading lawyers of the time, while he, in choosing the stage as a profession was cut off from the social recognition which that friend enjoyed. A record in his diary refers to a State Ball in the list of which, he writes, "I see numbers of my own acquaintances and certainly several who have not the respect in society that I and mine enjoy: but I cannot be permitted to appear at Court—I am not fit to be presented where such masses of vulgarity and offensive manners and morals as the—family have the entree."

Among others outside his profession, Disraeli, Hook, Leigh Hunt, and Samuel Warren are treated to more or less contemptuous remarks. He went to witness a performance of Macbeth with Charles Kean in the title-role, but found the portrayal, "so idealless, made up of long pauses, whimpering, rant, and the falsest system of intonation, all built up in the most offensive imitation of his father's (Edmund Kean's) worst habits and tricks" that he could not sit beyond the second act. He rehearsed with Fanny Kemble, who, as Lady Macbeth, was bad, unnatural, affected and conceited beyond anyone he ever saw. Fanny Kemble was the daughter of Charles Kemble, a brother of the great couple John Philip and Sarah Kemble, the latter better known as Mrs. Siddons. She died at a great age a few years ago. Of her acting there is at least one very original criticism, by Thomas Moore, the poet, who wrote—"Fanny K's acting clever but not touching, at least to me. Was unmoved enough during the pathetic parts to look round the house, and saw but few (indeed no) symptoms of weeping. One lady was using a handkerchief most plentifully, but I found it was for a cold in the head." Mathews, the elder, is damned with the following faint praise: "His talents for mimicry were most extraordinary, and his personations of the characters imagined for and by himself were admirable and inimitable. He was amusing for a short time as a companion, no person more so, but as he merely unpacked his memory of his anecdotes and imitations, when his best samples were delivered he grew tiresome. He was generally speaking respectable in life not so dishonorable as Charles Kemble, nor so penurious as Liston, but he was not a high souled man, nor what I distinguish as a gentleman." It may be inferred, even from the foregoing brief reference, that Macready was a good deal of an autocrat, which from time to time gave rise to innumerable anecdotes in his connection with the several persons he came across on the stage. "Pray Mr. Elliston (the stage manager on this particular occasion), when do we play Shakespeare?", he asked one night in the green room while suffering from disappointment at the continuous season of melodrams in which of course he took the leading part. "When you are competent" was the retort. Elliston who had made his mark as a sterling actor some twenty years before, was not impressed generally with the talents of his leading man. Macready's success in America outshining for the nonce the local favourite Forrest, together with his supercilious manner, highly incensed a certain section of the playgoing public of New York, and a riot ensued at the Astor Opera House, in that city in 1849, wherein many persons were killed and injured, the tragedian himself escaping by the skin of his teeth. On the occasion of this visit he was rehearsing Hamlet and was annoyed by by "Guilderstein pressing too closely upon him" Hints being unavailing he asked the actor if he thought it was proper to shake hands with the Prince of Denmark?

"I don't know", was the retort "but I am quite able to do so with my own President"

"Did you ever see Macready?," was asked of an old showman who in Edmund Kean's budding days had numbered that prodigy in his modest booth company. He replied:—"No muster, I knows nothing about him; in fact he's some wagabone as nobody knows—one of them chaps as ain't had any eddication for the thing. He never was with me as Edmund Kean and them niglars was." But I could go on retailing similar bits of the career of this gifted actor, gathered here and there from trivial fond records of the drama, and quoting, too, more largely from the interesting work at hand, but time and space does not permit.

LE TATILLON.

GOSSIP OF THE WEEK.

LONDON, Nov. 22.

Queen Alexandra will to-morrow add one more to her many godsons by being sponsor to the little son of Mrs. George Lloyd, who was formerly one of her Majesty's Maids-of-Honour. Lord Roberts will be the godfather, and the little boy will bear the name of Alexander. In the absence of Queen Alexandra at Sandringham, her Majesty will be represented by a proxy at the christening, which will take place at St. Paul's, Knightsbridge. The late Queen, King Edward, and Queen Alexandra have between them stood sponsor to very nearly a quarter of the peerage, both masculine and feminine. For some reason, their present Majesties have but seldom granted this favour. Sponsorship has always been taken seriously by the members of the Royal Family.

The birth of a third heir-presumptive in the direct line to the Austrian throne, which has been hailed with such delight by the House of Hapsburg, will probably set at rest for ever certain rumours which for some time past have been current in the Dual Monarchy. It was freely stated that, although the children of the Archduke Franz Ferdinand and the Duchess of Hohenberg could not inherit the Austrian Imperial Crown, the disability might not extend to the Hungarian Crown, and that at some future date trouble might arise in that connection. Be this as it may, the fact remains that the Archduke Franz Ferdinand is extraordinarily popular in Hungary, and that his wife shares his popularity. At Pressburg (to Hungarians, Pozsonye), where the couple have principally lived they are great favourites with the whole of the inhabitants, who in 1849 had nevertheless unanimously ratified Kossuth's decree that the House of Hapsburg should be for ever excluded from the Hungarian throne.

Westminster Hospital, which is to be removed was the first such institution established by voluntary contributions in London. It was begun in a small house in Birdcage Walk in 1715, chiefly through the effort of Henry Hoare, who formed a society "for the relief of the sick and needy at the Public Infirmary in Westminster," and developed so rapidly that within a few years a new building had to be acquired in Chapel-street, providing accommodation for sixty patients. Another removal a few years later led to the resignation of a number of the governors, who subsequently founded the St. George's Hospital at Hyde Park. The present building dates from 1834. A question of very great importance will arise when the time comes to decide what shall be done with the valuable site in Board Sanctuary. There are lessons to be learnt from the Wesleyan headquarters, and, one fears from the new Guildhall, new building.

This is St. Cecilia's Day, most appropriately celebrated by the memorial concert in honour of the late Coleridge Taylor. Few people know that Massenet, glancing at the score of "Hiawatha," and knowing nothing of the young composer's history, exclaimed, "That music was written by a man of colour." So subtle a thing is race: so subtle, too, was Massenet's sense of race-influence in music.

The notice calling upon the faithful "retainers" of the Prince of Wales in Kennington to attend the Court Baron of his Royal Highness at the Horns Tavern, Kennington, carries one back to the feudal days when the Saxon peasants did homage to their lord of the manner. These courts at Kennington are held three times a year, but this is the first that has been called since the young Prince was created Prince of Wales. Centuries ago there was a Royal palace at Kennington which stood where Kennington Cross now is, and there the Black Prince resided

The death of Mr. W. B. Tegetmeier leaves Mr. T. H. S. Escott the last surviving contributor to the first series of Savage Club Papers, published in 1867. Among the other contributors were W. S. Gilbert, Henry S. Leigh, James Hannay, Artemus Ward, T. W. Robertson, H. J. Byron, Andrew Halliday, and Arthur Sketchley. In Mr. Tegetmeier's paper—an account of his first pigeon race—we get an interesting glimpse of the treatment of prisoners eighty years ago. His pigeons were kept in Westminster, over against Tothill Fields Prison. On several occasions I followed the long string of prisoners—men, women, and even children—linked handcuffed to a chain, and under the charge of two red-coated officers, passed our house every afternoon on their way from Marlborough-street police-court to the prison. There were no police-vans, with drivers in mock military uniforms, in those days.

In his speech at Frascati's Restaurant last night to the 3rd Essex Battery, R. F. A., the winners of the King's Cup, the Earl of Warwick incidentally quoted from an unpublished Nelson letter of the period immediately preceding Trafalgar. The then Earl of Warwick had sent to the Admiral the particulars of an invention for increasing the range of our guns, and in the course of his reply Nelson wrote: My principle has always been—Get as close to the enemy as you can, the more damage you will do him, and the less you will suffer yourself. The Earl of Warwick found this letter, yellow with age, but still, happily, legible, in a chest at Warwick Castle a few years ago.

The election of the Duke of Northumberland to the Chancellorship of Durham University makes a third ducal chancellor, the others being the Duke of Norfolk, at Sheffield; and the Duke of Devonshire, at Leeds. The University of Wales stands by itself with the King as Chancellor. Glasgow and London claim an earl in Lord Rosebery; and Belfast another in Lord Shaftesbury. Lord Curzon is the Chancellor of Oxford. Bristol and Dublin have viscounts in Lord Haldane and Lord Iveagh; and Manchester has Viscount Morley. Cambridge and Aberden have barons in Lord Rayleigh and Lord Strathcona. Birmingham and Edinburgh are content with M. P.'s in Mr. Chamberlain and Mr. Balfour; while with the death of Dean Kitchin, Ireland alone can boast an ecclesiastical in Archbishop Walsh, Chancellor of the National University.

If an autonomous Albania is to provide a throne, there will be a pretty strong candidate in the person of Prince Albert Ghika, who has already declared himself in a Trieste newspaper. He comes of the stock of Demetrius and Gregory Ghika, Princes and Hospodars of Walenchia and Moldavia, another of whose descendants was the late President of the Roumanian Senate. Out of the monarchical business the Ghikas have variously distinguished themselves. The late Elena Ghika was the well-known novelist, "Dora

THE "LONDON GAZETTE."

India Office, Nov. 19.

The King has approved of the following appointment:—Hon Major-Gen his Highness Maharaja Sir Pratap Singh, Bahadur, Regent of Jodhpur, Hon A D C to his Majesty, to be Hon Col of the 24th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse.

The King has approved of the promotion of the following officers of the Indian Army, Indian Medical Service, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, and Indian Army Departments:—

Indian Army.

Major to be Lieut-Col—H W Codrington, Commandant, 13th Rajputs Shekhawati Regt Sept 20.

Capts to be Majors—H A Holdich, 5th Gurkha Rifles Frontier Force, T E C Price, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers Probyn's Horse, M H L Gale, 8th Cavalry, C de J Luxmore, 99th Deccan Infantry, C A G Snoubridge, 112th Infantry, F T Duhan, 19th Punjabis, N R Anderson, 130th King George's Own Baluchis Jacob's Rifles, S E Watson, 64th Pioneers, R W Henderson, 17th Cavalry, D I M Macaulay, 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers, Skinner's Horse, H N Young, S and T Corps, H E Browne, 47th Sikhs, T S Cox, 16th Cavalry, I S Logan, S and T Corp, A G M Hogg, 42nd Deoli Regt, C E Bateman-Champain, 5th Gurkha Rifles Frontier Force, C W Carey, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides Lumsden's G A Hawks, Military Farms Dept, W H Lane, 95th Russell's Infantry, C E B Robinson, 117th Mahrattas, M C Naegle, 92nd Punjabis, P E Knapp, 51st Sikhs Frontier Force, W A S Walker, 46th Punjabis, H W Davies S and T Corps, E G S Trotter, Cantonment Magistrate's Dept Oct 10.

Lieuts to be Capts—A L Morris, 17th Infantry Loyal Regt May 2; V Seadon, Civil Employ Aug 19; S B Langrishe, 62nd Punjabis C C Stewart, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry Brownlow's Punjabis, R N B Campbell, 23rd Sikh Pioneers, F R Cosens 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs, H S Cardew, 39th Garhwal Rifles, A C K S Clarke, 15th Lancers Cureton's Multanis, J E D Prothero, Civil Employ, C M D Enriquez, 21st Punjabis, H Exham, 7th Gurkha Rifles, G S Kennedy, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles the Malaun Regt, J McL G Taylor, 119th Infantry Mooltan Regt, G T Dennys, 31st Punjabis, P d'A Bankes, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides Lumsden's, C N Steel, 25th Punjabis, R F Woodward, 130th King George's Own Baluchis Jacb's Rifles, M Wace, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs, H G Cleeney 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs, G V Comyn 95th Russell's Infantry, M C Balwin, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles the Malaun Regt, F A Macartney, 53rd Sikhs Frontier Force, A Masters 24th Sikh Pioneers, J A Pottinger, 30th Punjabis, W de C Malet, 14th Murray's Jat Lancers Oct 10.

Indian Medical Service.

Lieut-Col to be Col B B Grayfoot, M D Aug 25.

Major to be Lieut-Col H M Earle July 27.

Note—The promotions of the following officers to their present ranks are ante-dated as below:—Major G McPherson, M B., F R C S E, from Jan. 28 1910, as notified in the "Gazette" of May 3, 1910, to July 28, 1909; Capt R E Flowerdew, from March 26, as notified in the "Gazette" of June 18, to Jan 30; Capt B Gale, from Jan 31 1912, as notified in the "Gazette" of Aug 13, to Jan 30, 1912.

Indian Subordinate Medical Department.

Senior Assistant Surgeons with the Hon Rank of Lieut to be Senior Assistant surgeons with the Hon Rank of Capt—J Lee, R Sharples, M Courtney, J C Gillmon, R T Murphy Sept 25.

To be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the Hon Rank of Lieut—First-class Assistant Surgeon E A C Griffiths Sept 23.

Infantry Branch.

To be Sec Lieut—W R M Bonnet Oct 4.

The King has approved of the transfer of the following officer of the Indian Army to the Supernumerary List on completing ten years in Civil Employ:—Capt R Garratt July 26.

The King has approved of the transfer of the following officer of the Indian Army to the Unemployed Supernumerary List:—Lieut-Col. H Fitz L Farrant Oct 28.

The King has approved of the resignation of the following officer of the Indian Army:—Capt D J N. Blair Nov 1; Capt M E Sinclair Nov 7.

The King has approved of the retirement of the following officers of the Indian Army and Indian Medical Service:—

Indian Army.

Col K P Burne Oct 23; Brevet Col W W Norman Oct 23; Lieut-Col W Hastings Oct 27; Lieut-Col W A W Strickland, M V O Nov 6; Lieut-Col W C M Woodcock Nov 12.

Indian Medical Service.

Note—The retirement of Major (now Lieut-Col H M Earle has effect from July 28 and not July 27, as notified in the "Gazette" of Aug 13.

War Office, Nov. 19.

Regular Forces.

Command and Staff.

Lieut G S Ness, 3rd batt R Scots Fusiliers, to be A D C to Lieut-Col Sir J Hayes-Sadler, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Windward Islands (Nov. 6).

Establishments.

Army Veterinary School—Brevet Major A G Todd, Army Veterinary Corps, to be Professor, vice Lieut-Col A C Newsom Nov 16.

Cavalry.

1st Life Guards—Capt R H Stubber retires on retired pay to serve in the Special Reserve under the provisions of article 510, Royal Warrant for Pay and Promotion, 1909 Nov 20; Lieut L H Hardy to be Capt Nov 20; R L Dunville to be Sec Lieut on probation Nov 20.

3rd King's Own Hussars—Sec Lieut J C Petherick to be Lieut Sept 5, 1911, with seniority next below Lieut C B Leschman, but not to carry pay or allowances before Oct 24 1912.

6th Inniskilling Dragoons—Sec Lieut R G W Rimington to be Lieut Nov 6.

9th Queen's Royal Lancers—Capt R H R Brocklebank is seconded for service as an Adjutant, T. F. Nov 1.

11th Prince Albert's Own Hussars—Sec Lieut on probation the Hon S G Pelham to be Sec Lieut Nov 19.

17th Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers—Capt R A Coote resigns his commission Nov 20.

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

R H and R F A—Lieut Col J B H Askwith, on completion of five year's service as a regimental Lieut-Col, retires on retired pay Nov 20; Major F Potts to be Lieut-Col Nov 20.

Infantry.

R Scots Lothian Regt—Sec Lieut C D Acheson is seconded for service under the Colonial Office Oct 30.

R Fusiliers City of London Regt—Sec Lieut D E Estill to be Lieut Sept 4.

Suffolk Regt—Suffolk Regt—Superny Lieut N A Bittleston is restored to the establishment Oct 23.

Bedfordshire Regt—Capt V P Druce, is placed temporarily on the Half-pay List on account of ill-health Nov 20.

R Welsh Fusiliers—The following Lieuts. to be Capts:—E S Chance, and to remain seconded, and G F Hutton Oct 19.

S Wales Borderers—Sergt-Major W R Wilson to be Qrmr, with the hon rank of Lieut Nov 20.

S Staffs Regt—The following Lieut are seconded for service under the Colonial Office:—G Dawes Oct 30, and W J T Shorthose Nov 7.

Essex Regt—Capt A G N Wood to be Adjutant Nov 1 Sherwood Foresters Notts and Derby Regt—Capt A M Jones is placed temporarily on the Half-pay List on account of ill-health Nov 20.

Queen's Own R W Kent Regt—Capt H D Belgrave to be Adjutant Oct 16.

King's R Regt—Capt O V L Poe is seconded for service on the Staff Nov 4.

Princess Louise's Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders—Sec Lieut G F Connal Rowan to be Lieut. July 31.

R Munster Fusiliers—Capt D Wise to be Adjutant Nov. 18.

Army Service Corps.

Lieut W S G Drummond resigns his commission Nov 20.

Army Medical Service.

Col R I D Hackett retires on retired pay, instead of as notified in the "Gazette" of Nov 12 Nov 13.

R A M C—Brevet Col O H Malville, from the Supernumerary List, is restored to the establishment Nov 1.

Memorandum.

Lieut-Col H S Sloman, D S O, a General Staff Officer, 1st grade at the War Office, to be Col Oct 30.

Army Motor Reserve.

Lieut E R Holland resigns his Commission Nov 20.

Admiralty, 19th November.

The undermentioned Engineer Commanders have been promoted to the rank of Engineer Captain in His Majesty's Fleet:—Walter William Henry Rawlingson. Dated 9th October. Frank Rawling Stattaford. Dated 4th November.

In accordance with the provisions of His late Majesty's Order in Council of 19th March, 1908—Engineer Lieutenant Frank Guyer has this day been placed on the Retired List. Sub-Lieutenant Charles Norman Ebden Currey has been promoted to the rank of Lieutenant in His Majesty's Fleet. Dated 15th April, 1911.

Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve.

Acting Sub-Lieutenant William Foggie Keay has been confirmed in the rank of Sub-Lieutenant. Dated 18th March, 1911.

Admiralty, 20th November.

The retirement of Lieutenant Henry Toone Vernon, notified in the London Gazette of the 30th April, 1910, has been cancelled.

Royal Marine Light Infantry.

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Wilfred Noel Edmund Smith is placed on the Retired List on account of age, under the provisions of Order in Council of 29th November, 1881. Captain Robert Cator to be Major, vice Smith, retired.

Captain and Temporary Major Eugene Louis Gerrard (Supernumerary) is absorbed in the Establishment, vice Cator, promoted. All dated 20th November, Captain Hugh Ferguson Montgomery to be Major by Brevet. Dated 15th November.

Admiralty 21st November.

The undermentioned Surgeons have this day been promoted to the rank of Staff Surgeon in His Majesty's Fleet:—Sidbrooke Frank Cope, Kenelm Digby Bell, Horace Bryden Hill M B, Henry Mounsay Braithwaite, M D, Duncan Gordon Addison-Scott, M B, Lawrence Charles Hunt, Arthur Sylvestry Bradley, M B M A, Percy Montgomery Rivaz M B, James Richard Alexander Clark-Hall, Henry Cooper, B A, James McAlister Holmes, M B, Ernest Davis Rutherford, M B, Robert William, Alfred Oswald Hooper, M B, Robert Hunter McGiffin, M B Patrick Duncan MacIver Campbell.

In accordance with the provisions of Order in Council of 1st April, 1881. Surgeon Charles Robert Worthington, B A, has this day been allowed to withdraw from His Majesty's Naval Service with a gratuity.

War Office 22nd November.

Regular Forces.

Command and Staff.

Colonel George T. Forestier-Walker, Aid-de-Camp to The King, from an Assistant Quartermaster-General, to be a Brigadier-General, General Staff, and is granted the temporary rank of Brigadier-General while so employed, vice Colonel temporary Brigadier-General F W N McCracken, C B, D S O Dated 22nd October.

Establishments.

Royal Flying Corps.

Military Wing, Major Joan F A Higgins, D S O, Royal Artillery, to be a Flight Commander Dated 28th October, Lieutenant John D Mackworth, The Queen's Royal West Surrey Regiment, to be a Flying Officer Dated 4th October.

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

The undermentioned Serjeant-Majors (Warrant Officers) to be Lieutenants (District Officers). Dated 23rd November. Charles Harris. And Frederick George Syrett,

Royal Horse and Royal Field Artillery, Captain Henry W. Hill is seconded whilst attending the Gunnery Staff Course. Dated 6th October.

The undermentioned supernumerary Captains are restored to the establishment:—William E Irouside. Dated 26th September. Godfrey St. L Thornton. Dated 29th October. Kenrick C. Lourie. Dated 9th November.

The undermentioned Lieutenants are seconded:—Lancelot A Eddis, whilst attending the Gunnery Staff Course. Dated 4th October, Vaughan Elliott, for service as an Adjutant, Territorial Force. Dated 1st November.

The undermentioned supernumerary Lieutenants are restored to the establishment:—John C Walford Dated 5th October, Cecil S Carfrae Dated 27th October. Lieutenant Edward H W Bolitho to be an Adjutant, vice Captain G St L Thornton Dated 29th October. Carnaghan is placed on retired pay Dated 21st November, Serjeant-Major Arthur Ernest Wright to be Ridingmaster with the honorary rank of Lieutenant Dated 23rd November.

Royal Garrison Artillery, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Walter C Hunter-Blair, on completion of five years' service as a regimental Lieutenant-Colonel, is placed on the Half-pay List Dated 22nd November, Lieutenant-Colonel Oswald C Williamson Oswald is seconded for service with the Indian Mountain Artillery Dated 28th October.

The undermentioned supernumerary Lieutenant-Colonels are restored to the establishment. Montague M Noble, vice O C Williamson Oswald Dated 28th October.

Claude J Perceval, D S O, vice C S Meeres promoted Dated 14th November. Major William L Warren to be Lieutenant-Colonel vice W. C. Hunter-Blair. Dated 22nd November.

The undermentioned Captains are seconded whilst attending the Gunnery Staff Course. Dated 28th September:—Charles J. Everard and Henry R. Adams.

The undermentioned supernumerary Captains are restored to the establishment:—Francis S. Watson. Dated 20th October, Leonard K. Stanbrugh. Dated 4th November.

The undermentioned Lieutenants are seconded whilst attending the Gunnery Staff Course. Dated 28th September:—John L. R. Carey and Bernard H. Elliott.

The undermentioned supernumerary Lieutenants are restored to the establishment:—Edgar S. Halford. Dated 20th October.

Arthur F P Wehner. Dated 7th November, Captain Bernard B Colbeck to be an Adjutant, vice L K Stanbrough. Dated 4th November. Captain William O S Sanders to be an Instructor in Gunnery Second Class. Dated 7th November.

Corps of Royal Engineers.

Lieutenant-Colonel Arnaud C Painter, on completion of five years' service as a regimental Lieut-nant-Colonel, is placed on the Half-pay List, Dated 23rd November.

Major William T Digby to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice A C Painter. Dated 23rd November.

Royal Engineer Troops, Captain George Master to be Adjutant, vice Captain H J Elles. Dated 10th October.

Infantary.

The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment), Captain Hugo A. S. Stanton is seconded for service as an Adjutant, Territorial Force. Dated 1st November.

Supernumerary Captain Maldwyn M. Haldane is restored to the establishment. Dated 1st November.

The Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regiment), Lieutenant Geoffrey Parnell is seconded for service as an Adjutant, Territorial Force. Dated 1st November.

The Devonshire Regiment, Lieutenant-Colonel William T Bartlett, on completion of his period of service in command of a Battalion, is placed on the Half-pay List. Dated 22nd November.

Major Joseph O Travers, D S O, to be Lieutenant Col, vice W T Bartlett Dated 22 November.

The Suffolk Regiment, Supernumerary Captain Ernest E Pearson is restored to the establishment Dated 1st November.

Lieutenant Roderick M B Needham is seconded for service as an Adjutant, Territorial Force Dated 1st November.

The East Yorkshire Regiment, Captain Peter B Maxwell, from Indian Army, to be Captain, vice F G Swayne, who exchanges Dated 29th October.

The Bedfordshire Regiment, Second Lieutenant Leonard Wyndham Rendell, from 3rd Battalion, to be Second Lieutenant Dated 22rd November.

The Leicestershire Regiment, Lieutenant King D Harris, from Indian Army, to be Lieutenant, vice Lieutenant Cyril M Longbotham, who exchanges Dated 5th October.

The Queen's Own (Royal West Kent Regiment), Captain Arthur D'E. Knox is seconded for service as an Adjutant, Territorial Force. Dated 1st November.

Supernumerary Captain Jack C. Parker is restord to the establishment. Dated 1st November.

The Royal Irish Rifles, Supernumerary Captain Eric W. C. Monro is restored to the establishment. Dated 1st November.

The Rifle Brigade (The Prince Consort's Own), Lieutenant Edward U. Dimsdale to be Captain. Dated 2nd August.

Second Lieutenant Lionel C. Stopford Sackville to be Lieutenant. Dated 2nd August.

Army Medical Service.

Royal Army Medical Corps, Lieutenant-Colonel George E. Hale, D. S. O., retires on retired pay. Dated 23rd November.

Memoranda.

Brevet Colonel Walter C. Hunter-Blair to be Colonel, Dated 23rd November.

The undermentioned Lieutenant-Colonels to be Colonels:—Arnaud C. Painter. Dated 30th August, 1911. William T. Bartlett. Dated 6th June: Commissary and Honorary Captain James W. Turner, Indian Ordnance Department, is granted the honorary rank of Major. Dated 8th November.

IN LIGHTER VEIN.

"ROOM FOR TWO."

Only room for one, shouted the occupants of a crowded carriage in an excursion train bound for Brighton, to a middle-aged married couple, hurrying up at the last moment.

All right, you get in, dear, said the husband. Then in a confidential whisper to one of the passengers—Sir, might I trouble you to keep an eye on my wife? She is subject to violent epileptic fits. The passenger looked scared and jumped out. The husband got in just as the engine whistled, and the train moved off leaving the bewildered excursionist to his reflection.

HOW IT WAS DONE.

A newly-married couple had had a little disagreement about some cakes which the wife had made. The husband complained that those his mother used to produce were far superior. On the next day the girl set before him a plate of hot cakes.

Now you have achieved something! he exclaimed enthusiastically. These are exactly like what mother used to make. How did you do it?

I will give you the recipe, replied the wife coldly. I used margarine instead of butter, eggs a week old, I put slum in the flour, and added plenty of water to the milk.

THE OTHER HALF.

The parish tea was over and the curate stood up to say a few words to the recipients before they dispersed. He spoke in eloquent terms of the impecuniosity of curates in general and then went on to say, in apparently touching tones:—Why, even as I stand before you now I have only half a shirt on my back.

A few days later the reverend gentleman received a parcel containing half a dozen new shirts, accompanied by a card bearing the name of one of his fair (though, alas! no longer young) parishioners. At the earliest opportunity he called upon the lady and thanked her for the gift, and then proceeded to ask what had prompted the kind action.

Why, she replied, you told us the other night that you had only half a shirt on your back.

True, he answered, but the other half was in front.

COLD CONSOLATION.

Three o'clock on a cold, foggy autumn morning.

The weary cyclist was lost—lost in a trackless wilderness of moorland. As he pedalled wearily on his breath came in short, sharp gasps. He was nearly done! The ghastly silence oppressed him.

Ah, a light!

The sight revived him and he rode quite briskly up to the lonely little cottage and knocked loudly on the door.

Here I shall get at least food and drink and perhaps a bed, he was telling himself gleefully, when an upstairs window was thrown open.

Whadder yer want? came a husky, sleepy voice.

I'm a weary traveller—he began.

Then travel! resorted the husky voice. The window banged. All was again silence.

MEANT TO HAVE IT USED.

A true tale is told of an old country farmer who had attained prosperity. Having built himself a new house, he declared that it was not going to be a mere place to live in but was going to have all the frill. Anyway he had an electric bell fitted, then a distinct novelty to the neighborhood.

One Sunday afternoon Joe Bruggs, a neighbor, called. It was hot weather, and all the windows were open, but the front door was shut. Joe knocked timidly, but the former took no need. Joe knocked again louder. Still no reply. Joe grew restive, and knocked again with force. Still the owner of the mansion remained tranquil.

Joe stood puzzled and offended, for he knew the folks were at home. Once more he tried—a loud, continued knock that resounded over the entire place whereupon the nettled owner yelled. Ring the door bell, confound ye! Don't ye know nothin'?

MAKING IT UP.

What! shrieked the visitor, in an indignant voice. You're going to charge me five shillings for that poky little room I had last night? It's absurd! Its preposterous!

Well, sir, replied the landlady, that's our charge, and I cannot alter it.

The visitor nearly burst himself with wrath.

Anyhow, I refuse to pay it, he went on. Especially as I didn't get a wink of sleep last night. I was walking up and down the woole time with raging tooth ache.

The landlady smiled, as only landladies can smile. In that case, sir, she said, I must charge you an extra shilling for wear of the carpet.

IN SAFE KEEPING.

Tommy—Can you eat nuts, grandma?

Grandma—Oh, dear, no. I haven't any teeth.

Tommy—Well, look after these, till I come back from school.

TWO MEANINGS.

Mother (whose daughter is engaged to a young farmer)—Don't you find Bob rather rough?

Daughter (blushing)—Yes, ma. And yet he says he shaves every day!

WHY SHE WAS STAYING.

Mistress (after the quarrel)—Norah, you must stay until I get another girl.

Norah—I intend to. It's only roight some wan should tell her the kind of a woman ye are.

SAFETY IN NUMBERS.

O'Brien—Come home an' have supper wid me, Murphy.

Murphy (looking at his watch)—Shure, it's past 9, be the clock. Yer wife will be mad as the divil.

O'Brien—Yis: that's list it; but she can't lick the two av us.

A TOUCHING STORY.

John said Mrs Talker as they sat in front of the fire one evening having an after-dinner chat I've been reading a wonderful article on an electric home. It appears that you will be able to get everything you want by merely touching a button.

Really replied Mr T. It will never pay here anyhow You'd never be able to get anything that way.

Why not John asked Mrs T in mild surprise.

Because added he husband with a dry smile nothing on earth will ever in duce you to touch anything in the shape of a button Look at my shirt.

OTHERWISE OCCUPIED.

In the crisp bright Oct ber air the sweet young thing had been for a drive with her sweetheart and returned freshened and glowing with excitement.

Oh, mother, she cried, Tom and I had the narrowest escape from an awful accident! The horse nearly bolted, and I don't know what would have happened!

We were going through a narrow lane, when all of a sudden a pheasant got up from the hedge and flew across the horse's head; and before Tom could grasp the reins—

Er, enquired the young brother—wasn't he holding them, then?

And it took quite a long time to explain clearly what actually did happen.

A BURNING QUESTION.

A doctor who on one occasion was giving an informal talk on physiology, declared that it had lately been found that the human body contains sulphur. Oh, indeed, exclaimed a young lady listener. Then how much sulphur is there in a girl's body? Well, said the doctor, smiling, the amount varies. And is that, asked the girl, why some of us make so much better matches than others?

PLENTY OF HUNTING.

Hunting Squire—Murphy, you told me there was good hunting on your land. Why we've been here an hour and haven't even seen any game.

Murphy—Jest so, sir. But the less game the more hunting you have.

THE FORTUNATE MAN.

First Dude—I here Miss Flighty is to be married shortly.

Second Dude—Indeed! Who is the fortunate man?

First Dude—Her father.

OF WHAT HE WAS THINKING.

Sandy was walking along the road in deep thought and it was his minister who brought him to earth again with:—

Hallos, Sandy! Thinking of the future, eh?

No, replied Sandy moodily. To-morrow's the wife's birthday, and A'm thikin o' the present.

GO AHEAD.

"I think," said Mrs. Cumrox, who was arranging a musical programme, "that we will have a mezzo-soprano."

"All right," replied her husband. "Don't bother me about it. Go ahead and see an architect."

A Working Housewife

Nervous Depression, Neuralgia, Sleeplessness—

A cheerful, bright way of looking at things, a brisk activity which easily enables her to do almost as much as two ordinary persons, are some of the *immediate benefits* Mrs. Parker derived from Phosferine. Like most hard-working mothers, Mrs. Parker never found time to look after herself, and, as is always the case, suddenly broke down under the strain of endless household activities. Sudden noises caused her to tremble in feeble distress, gloomy fears assailed her, neuralgia and sleeplessness tortured her nerves relentlessly, and it was from this depth of misery that Phosferine raised Mrs. Parker. That this immediate effect was achieved by *two doses* of Phosferine, and Mrs. Parker's cure *made permanent* by a continuance of the tonic, demonstrates that with the aid of Phosferine any husband can save his wife from innumerable distresses.

Positively Cured and Prevented.

Mrs. A. Parker, 3, Linden Grove, Nunhead, writes:—"I got into a fearfully low nervous state through working too hard and overtaxing my strength. Any loud noise or a sharp knock at the door would throw me into a state of trembling and helplessness. I was always imagining all kinds of evils, and worrying about trifles. Neuralgia racked me with pain day and night, and prevented me from obtaining any rest. I got so worn and dejected that I could have cried, out of sheer misery. My husband persuaded me at last to take some Phosferine, and the effect was simply marvellous; the pains not only ceased, but *I have had no return since.* It seemed more like magic than anything else that a few drops of Phosferine could produce such a change. I kept on with it, and I began to gain strength; the neuralgia disappeared for good, the nervousness, dejection, and worry left me, and now I feel quite well."—Nov. 17, 1911.

PHOSFERINE

GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

A PROVEN REMEDY FOR

Sciatica	Maternity Weakness	Lassitude	Backache
Influenza	Premature Decay	Neuritis	Rheumatism
Indigestion	Mental Exhaustion	Faintness	Headache
Neuralgia	Sleeplessness	Brain Fag	Hysteria

And all disorders consequent upon a reduced state of the nervous system.

The Royal Tonic

Phosferine has been supplied by Royal Commands

To the British Royal Family
H.I.M. the Empress of Russia
H.M. the King of Spain
H.M. the King of Greece
H.M. the Queen of Roumania
H.M. the Queen of Spain
H.I.M. the Dowager Empress of Russia
H.I.H. the Grand Duchess Olga of Russia
H.R.H. the Grand Duchess of Hesse
The Imperial Family of China

And the Principal Royalty and Aristocracy throughout the world.

Price in Great Britain: Bottles, 2/9 & 4/6. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.

PROPRIETORS—ASHTON & PARSONS, LTD., LONDON, ENGLAND.

Wholesale Agents

Messrs. J. A. KIRKBRIDE & Co., 60, Tamarind Lane, BOMBAY.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

The Most Valuable Medicine ever discovered.
The best known Remedy for

COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

Acts like a charm in
DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY & CHOLERA.

Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS. Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, CROUP and AGUE.
The only palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM.

Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

INSIST ON HAVING Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.

N.B.—Every bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.

CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by all Chemists.

Prices in England: 1/1½, 2/9, 4/6.

*Sole Manufacturers:
J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd.,
LONDON, S.E.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., (INDIA) LIMITED.

GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,
FORT,
BOMBAY.

IMPORTERS OF THE FAMOUS

"SHELL" MOTOR SPIRIT

BEST ON EARTH BEST IN AIR

'SHELL' MEANS SATISFACTION

"SHELL" MEANS SPEED

BANKS.

THE
CAWNPORE BANKING, CO. LD.

HEAD OFFICE:—CAWNPORE.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received at:-
5 Per Cent for 12 Months.
5¼ Per Cent for 24 Months.
Detailed Rules furnished on application.

CAPITAL Rs. 2,00,000.

Agencies in all important towns in India, Every kind of Banking business transacted and facilities given to customers.

S. N. Atull,
Managing Director.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Rs. 50,00,000.
CAPITAL PAID UP .....Rs. 10,00,000.
RESERVED FUND .....Rs. 12,500.

HEAD OFFICE:

7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

BRANCHES and AGENCIES:—London, Ahmedabad, Baroda, Bhavnagar, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Hyderabad (Sind), Junagadh, Karachi, Kalbadevi, Lucknow Mandvi (Bombay), Rajkot, Sukkur, Surat and Wadhwan Camp.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 1-2 per cent. per annum and on sum over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangements. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. p. a. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rate for fixed deposits for 12 months, 5 per cent and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon, it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

Drafts issued on London and all Branches. Foreign Bills and Bills on every part of India accepted for collection.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager

THE
BANK OF INDIA, LD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906,
Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED....Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP.... ,, 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... ,, 3,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. p. a from December 1st to May 31st, and at 3 per cent p. a., for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....£ 950,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore,	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy,	Jinja,
Delhi,	Nuwara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore,	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividend, when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. RALPH KIDD,
BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

"THE AMULET"

PINCE-NEZ GLARE PROTECTOR
PROTECTED IN ENGLAND AND INDIA
BY
HIS MAJESTY'S ROYAL LETTERS PATENT

PRICE COMPLETE WITH CASE, Rs. 6.
THE NEATEST AND MOST COMFORTABLE PINCE-NEZ FOR PROTECTING THE EYES
From the Dangerous Tropical Sun,
AS NECESSARY TO THE TRAVELLER AS HIS TOPEE
Descriptive Pamphlet on Application to the Inventors.

LAWRENCE & MAYO

Manufacturing Opticians,
ADMIRALTY CHART AGENTS AND CONTRACTORS TO
HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT.

Head Offices:
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Offices in the East:—
CAIRO,
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS AND RANGOON,

BOMBAY OFFICE No. 44, HORNBY ROAD, (MACMILLAN BUILDINGS.)
Telephone No. 1827.

PAINTS

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS
The best quality of Paints and Oils manufactured by
MESSRS COLTHURST & HARDING, of London & Bristol,
can be obtained from all Bazar Dealers.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No, 25 and 26, Waterloo Street and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette, Ld."

CARLTON WHISKY.

RICHARD MATHEWS & CO. LTD. TRADE MARK

RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., Ltd., LONDON.

Obtainable of all Leading Merchants throughout the World.

"Hazeline' Snow"

(TRADE MARK)

A necessity to ladies who desire to preserve the fine texture and healthy tone of their skin.

Men also find it most valuable for curing the inflammation caused by shaving.

Skin as Soft as a Babe's

"'Hazeline' Snow" is obtainable of all Druggists

BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO., LONDON
NEW YORK MONTREAL SYDNEY CAPE TOWN MILAN SHANGHAI BUENOS AIRES

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Norwich Union Life Insce. Socty.

PURELY MUTUAL. CLAIMS PAID £24,000,000 ALL PROFITS TO POLICY-HOLDERS.

EXTRACT FROM "THE REVIEW":—
"From every point of view it may be unhesitatingly affirmed that there is no better Life Office in Great Britain than the Norwich Union."
For full particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO., *General Agents*
O. C. B. WIMBUSH, *Manager*.

AGENTS WANTED.
Address: Grahams Buidings.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, DEC. 5.] [BOMBAY, DEC. 6,

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Pins.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	75 9-16	Ex.	
3 do. Rentes ...	80 1-4	1-4	
3½ do. Sterling Loan ...	92	1-4	
do. do. Gov. Securities...	83 15-16	1-16	
Bar silver in London Spot ...	29 3-8	3-16	
do. 2 months' notice...	29 3-8	1-8	
Bar silver in New York ...	64	3-8	
Exchanges on London at Paris...	25·23	4-2	
do. do. at Berlin...	20·45	01	
do. do. New York...	4·84 1-2	unchgd	
Discount Bank of England Rate...	5	since	
do. Short London Bills	17th Oct		
3 months' sight...	4 1-2	1-16	
do. Indian Bank Bills			
6 months' sight...	4 1-8	unchgd	
do 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	5	unchgd	
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	5	unchgd	
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	3 5-8	unchgd	
do. 7 day Market Loans...	3 7-8	unchgd	

Bar Gold, ... 77·9 unchgd.
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 29-32 unchgd

Closing Tone of Silver—Buyers. No sellers. Indian buying.

Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about £900,000.

The Bombay mails of the 23rd ultimo arrived at Brindisi yesterday morning.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND Returns for the week ending yesterday, show the following results:—

Total Bullions	...£16,400,000	Dec. £1,400,000
Public Deposits	...£11,900,000	Dec. £1,800,000
Other Deposits	...£40,500,000	Dec. £ 1,200,000
Government Securities	£13,000,000	Unchanged.
Other Securities	...£30,930,000	Dec. £ 900,000
Notes and Gold	...£29,300,000	Dec. £1,500,000

The Bank's Reserve is 59 per cent. of the Liabilities.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot ... Easier—Good business done.
Futures ... Easy
Manchester ... Steady with a good demand
Total Sales ... 10,000 bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export... 1,500 „
Imports ... 59,000 „
Mid-Americans ... 6·67—05
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 10·05 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar-Apl.	Apr.-May.
6·66	6·65	6·64	6·63	6·62
—11	—10	—10	—11	—11
May.-June	**June-July.**	**July-Aug.**	**Aug.-Sept.**	
6·62	6·61	6·59	6·59	
—11	—11	—11	—20	

New York 11 a.m., Jan. 12·34 May. 12·33.
New York official Noon call Jan. 12·32, May. 12·34.
New Orleans 10 a.m. Jan. 12·39, May. 12·63.

NEW YORK—
Two Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ... 58,000
„ Receipts at „ last year ... 65,000
„ Exports to Great Britain ... 6,000
„ Exports to Continent ... 39,000
„ Spot Cotton ... 12·75 unchgd

Futures—Month of Dec. 12·47 +·05 — Declined early on longs unloading and declined later on Spinners reported to be bidding more freely.
Futures—Month of Mar. 12·51+·07

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot cotton ... 12 5-8 unchgd
Futures month of Jan. ... 12·66 + 12
Futures month of May. ... 12·78 + 11
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Quiet.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Wheat White Karachi ... ... 38 unchgd
Do. Months ... ... Nov.-Dec.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Value.
Wheat Red Karachi ... ... 37 3-4 unchgd
Do Months—Nov.-Dec—London—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet but steady.
Australian Wheat.— ... ... Unchanged

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c. ex-ship, ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p.c. ex-ship ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports.— ... .
Brown Cawnpore ... 43 1-2—1-4
Do. Months— ... Dec.-Jan.
Do. Name of Ports— Antwerp—Sellers
Tone—Quiet but steady.

LINSEED—
Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 49 1-4—3-4
Do. Months— ... Dec.-Jan.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet.
Linseed Calcutta ... ... Not received.
Do. Months— ... ...
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 43 1-2—1-4
Do. Months— ... Dec-Jan.
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg—Sellers.

COTTONSEED.—
Bombay Cottonseed Market ... £ 6-15-0 unchgd.
Dec.-Jan.—Hull—Sellers.—Quiet.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) ... ... 14 1-4 unchgd

RUBBER—
Para Rubber... ... ... 4 6 3-4+1-2d
Dec.-Jan.—Value—Firm.

METALS—
Copper Braziers ... £ 88 — 1-4
Yellow Metal ... d 7 3-8 unchgd
Standard Copper G M B ... £ 75 3-4—1-2

FREIGHTS—
Coals:—Cardiff, to Bombay Canals...14 6—Value

ARRIVALS:—
"Ariosto", "Montebello."

SUGAR—
German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ... 13 +2 1-4d
Do. Months of Shipment...Jan.-Mar.—Sellers.
Tone—Freights being higher caused rise in prices. Steady with a fair business.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... 12 10 1-2 +1 1-2d
Do Months of Shipments ... Jan.-Mar.—Sellers.
Tone—Not much doing. Holders firm.
German Beet-root 50 p.c. ... 9 6 3-4+1-2d.
Months of Shipments ... Dec.—Sellers
10—1-2d—May—Sellers.
Tone—Opened firmer. Closed easier.

S A R & Similar Crystal C & F India ... ... 14 3 +3-4d
Months of shipments ... Mar-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone.—Steady, Nothing much doing.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... 12 9 unchgd
Month of Shipments ... Dec.—Value.
Tone—Firm.

JAVA SUGAR.
Raw Java Nos 16×18 C and F Calcutta ... 12 6 —Dec.—Value.
Do.
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ... 12 7 1-2—Dec.—Value.
Do.
Fine White Java C & F Calcutta ... 12 7 1-2 unchgd—Dec—Value.
Do.
Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ... 12 9—unchgd—Dec.—Value.
Do.
Tone—Firm. Moderate business.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

FRIDAY EVENING.] [6TH DEC., 1912

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
	Rs.		
25 Boxes Bulns.	16,01,230	London	National Bank
Sovereigns ...	90,000	do	Chartered Bank
5 Cases Rs. ...	10,000	Bahrain	do
1 Box Bulns...	38,040	London	Hongkong Bank
23 Bars silver.	45,000	do	Chartered Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 4th Dec, 1912.

By	Bars	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....	71	81,771
B. B. and C. I. Railway...	22	86,383

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE :—

The market continues firm with rates unchanged There is little enquiry for Bank remittance however, and 3 months' sight bills are as scarce as ever Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-16d
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 3-32d
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 11-32d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 11-32d. to Feb.
Do. do France	...171 3-4
Do. do Marks	...140
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...152
Shanghai „	...211 1-2
Japan „	...149 3-4
„ „	...149 1-2 Jan-Feb

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

The market opened quiet but steady at 95 7-16 for cash and the settlement and has remained unchanged throughout the day with only a small business passing.

We quote :—

Cash	...	Rs. 95	7 0
Settlement	...	„ 95	7 0

BULLION:—

Bar Silver in London yesterday closed 3-16 higher for ready at 69 5-8 and 1-8 higher for forward at 29 3-8. New York was 3-8 up, at 64. The local market opened at 74 1-8 exduty for the first settlement and has fluctuated between that rate and 74 1-4 during the day, closing as under for all positions. A small business has been done. Bar Gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold ...	...	Rs.	23 15 0
Australian „ ...	...	„	23 15 0
Sovereigns „ ...	...	„	15 0 0
Silver (ex duty)			
Ready ...	...	„	73 14 0
1st Settlement ...	...	„	74 3 0
2nd Settlement ...	...	„	74 7 0
Silver (cum duty)			
Ready ...	...	„	83 4 0
1st Settlement ...	...	„	83 9 0
2nd Settlement ...	...	„	83 13 0

COUNCIL BILLS:—

At the weekly biddings on Wednesday last for 80 lakhs, allotments were made of 61·60 lakhs Bill at 1-4 1-16 and 18·40 lakhs T. T. at 1-4 3-32 tenders at these rates receiving only 3 per cent of their applications. The total amount sold during the week ending on Tuesday evening last was 82·50 lakhs, and for next week the amount to be offered is raised to 1 crore.

The steamer which left London on the 15th November and arrived with the mail of the 22nd November brings £20,000 silver, £150,000 bar gold and £10,000 sovereigns for Bombay, as also the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta ...	...	...Rs. 42,50,000
Bombay ...	...	... „ 26,40,000
Madras ...	...	... „ 5,80,000
Total...		... „ 74,70,000

The steamer which left London on the 22nd November and comes with the mails of the 29th November brings £150,000 bar gold and £10,000 Sovereigns (but no Silver) for Bombay, and also the following Council Bills.

Calcutta ...	...	...Rs. 35,70,000
Bombay ...	...	... „ 17,20,000
Madras ...	...	... „ 6,80,000
Total...		... „ 62,70,000

The steamer which left London on the 29th November and comes with the mail of the 6th December bring £510,000 Silver, £100,000 bar gold and £10,000 sovereigns for Bombay, as also the following Council Bills.

Calcutta ...	...	...Rs. 16,70,000
Bombay ...	...	... „ 35,80,000
Madras ...	...	... „ 11,30,000
Total...		... „ 63,80,000

The following is the Weekly Statement of the Bank of Bombay, for the last week, as compared with the previous one :—

LIABILITIES—	Increase. Rs.	Decrease. Rs.
Public Deposits	8,43,000	.....
Other Deposits.....	.....	18,13,000
Sundries	1,41,000	.....
ASSETS—		
Government Securities ...	.....	4,43,00
Other Authorized Securities	Unchanged	
Credits on Govt. and other Authorised Securities...	2,86,000	.....
Loans on Govt. and other Authorised Securities ...	.....	8,21,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	12,81,000	.....
Bullion	.....	28,000
Balance with other Banks.	3,76,000	.....
Sundries.....	55,000	.....
Cash	.....	15,37,000

COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales 1912.	Bales. 1911.	Bales Differences.
Receipts for the week..	59,594	28,845	— 20,746
Receipts from 1st to 5th Dec. ...	194,211	224,544	— 30,333
Shipments for the week ...			
Europe ...	5,787	8,130	— 2,343
China ...			
Japan ...	24,300	21,610	+ 2,690
Coast Ports ...			
Total...	30,087	29,740	+ 347
Total Shipments from 1st Oct. to 5th Dec.			
Europe ...	38,295	22,006	+ 16,290
China ...	1,081	.....	+ 1,081
Japan ...	38,811	61,161	— 22,350
Coast Ports ...	3,912	5,720	— 1,808
Total...	821,000	88,887	— 6,787
Afloat in Harbour—			
Europe ...	1,932	.....	— 1,932
China ...			
Japan ...	1,776	9,249	— 7,474
Coast Ports ...			

Total exports from Bombay by G. I. P. Railway from 1st to 16th November, 1912, 3,413 bales.

Total exports from Bombay, by B. B. & C. I. Railway from 1st to 23rd Nov. 1912, 3,132 bales.

Receipts of various growths of Cotton at Bombay to date compared with the corresponding periods of the previous season:—

.....	Total for the week	Total since 1st Oct. 1912.	Total same time last year.
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
Khandeish	9,293	20,948	31,609
Central India... ...	.....	.....	653
Berars and Nagur ...	2,140	4,743	1,659
Berar	8,486	17,383	62,035
Central Provinces ...	2,893	4,667	36,809
Total Oomras ...	22,812	47,741	153,265
Dholleras	711	1,378	2,443
Broach	.....	5	686
Compta and Dharwar.	300	5,720	13,620
Westerns	1,903	8,998	
Bengals (N. W. Provinces)	28,233	113,304	31,396
Bengals (Bajputana)	1,309	2,051	410
Sind	3,393	5,763	7,154
Persian	50	164	323
American	783	a 8,360	7,275
Egyptian	.....	399	210
Other sorts	.....	268	7,232
Total ...	59,594	194,211	224,544

a Or 6,824 original bales of American Cotton imported since 1st October, 1912.

STOCK OF COTTON IN BOMBAY.

	Bales.
Estimated Stock on 1st October, 1912.	300,000
Receipts from 1st October, 1912, to 5th Dec., 1912	194,211
	494,211
Less Shipments from 1st October, 1911, to 5th Dec. 1912 ...	82,100
	412,111
Less Afloat	3,707
	408,404
Less Estimated mill consumption ...	193,000
	215,404
Less up-country by rail	6,545
Stock of Cotton in Bombay in all hands on 6th Dec., 1912 ...	208,859
Difference since last week ...	+20,970

a Approximate subject to revision.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

Contrary to general expectation the advance reported in the home markets last week did not continue, and we have this week seen some fairly wide fluctuations which have resulted in a moderate decline. That there is a weak spot in the market was clearly shown on Monday, when a drop of about 40 points took place in New Orleans. The near future of the market is as perplexing as ever though sentiment at home is still bullish and in favour of higher prices shortly. The Ginners' figures up to 1st instant and the Bureau estimate of the crop, which should reach here on Tuesday next, may affect the market for a time. The figures of the National Ginners Association to hand yesterday, viz : 11,967,000 bales, are bearish ; and the forecast of the crop received from New York during the week, viz : 13,900,000, is about what was expected. There is therefore nothing to give a line as to the near course of the market, and we can only await developments. The ultimate course will depend on the question of supply and consumption. The home markets close irregular and fluctuations continue.

The following are comparison of prices in the Home markets as shown by the telegrams received here last Friday morning and to-day :—

New York—	Last week.	This week.	Differences
Futures Jan....	New position 12·47	New position	
„ May...	do 12·51	do	
Spot ...	13·10	12·75	—·35
New Orleans—			
Futures Jan....	New position 12·47	New position	
„ May ...	do 12·51	do	
Spot ...	12 5-8	12 5-8	Unchgd
Liverpool—			
Futures Dec.-Jan...	6·77	6·66	—·11
„ Apr.-May...	6·72	6·62	—·10
Spot ...	7·02	6·97	—·06

The local market has also fluctuated considerably. Last Friday the closing rate for good Broach was Rs. 320 1-2. From this point it declined to Rs. 308 advanced to Rs. 317, dropped again yesterday to Rs. 313, and opens this morning at the same price. A moderate business has been done in contracts during the week, speculators in the bazaar having been the chief buyers and sellers. For Japan the enquiry has been limited, and the continent is still holding off. Business has been done in Oomras styles Bengals and Broach. Japan shippers having bought fine Broach March delivery. Mills have occasionally been in the market for Oomras, Khandeish and Muthia. Prices are irregular and fluctuations of Rs. 3 to Rs. 5 are frequent during a single day. The general sentiment in the bazaar is bullish.

For ready cotton there has been a moderate enquiry by sheepers and local mills. Prices have been irrigular in sympathy with the fluctuations in contract rates, but holders have not been inclined to part with new crop cotton at any reduction owing to supplies being very moderate. A good demand is anticipated later on for December requirements, and unless receipts increase materially, or the home markets decline sharply ; prices for ready cotton are not likely to give way.

The weather was cloudy early in the day and the market had a steadier tone owing to the chance of rain up country. So far no reports of rain have been received from the cotton districts and this evening the weather here is clear and cooler. There has been little business doing during the day and prices close as under.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Fine M. G. Broach ...	...	Rs.	323 March
Good M. G. Broach ...	...	„	314 „
Fine M.G. Wardha-Hingunghat „			328 Jan.
Fine M. G. Nagpur ...	...	„	325 „
Fine M.G. Dhamangaon Pulgaon „			319 „
F. M. G. Khamgaon-Akola...	...	„	315 „
Fine M. G. Khandeish ...	...	„	291-2 „
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	...	„	290 „
Fine M. G. Bengal ...	...	„	282 „
Fine M. G. Bengal ...	...	„	285 Dec.
F. G. H. G. Bengals ...	...	„	264 Jan.

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—

Opening Tone ...	...	Firm.
Estimated Sales ...	...	8,000 bales.
Total Imports ...	...	33,000 „

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
6·72	6·71	6·70
+06	+06	+06
Mar.-Apr	Apr.-May.	May-June.
6·70	6·68	6·68
+07	+06	+06
June-July.	July-August.	Aug.-Sep.
6·67	6·65	6·56
+06	+06	+06

FREIGHTS.

The market is quiet. The following business was done during the week ending 6th Dec.

ANTWERP.—500 tons light seeds at 17s. and 500 tons seeds cotton at 19s. January loading.

ANTWERP.—300 tons seeds at 16s. ready steamer.

DUNKIRK.—Small lots of seeds at 18s. 3d. steamer.

MARSEILLES.—500 tons light seeds at 17s. Jan. loading.

MARSEILLES.—4,000 tons wheat and gram at 18s. and seeds cotton at 17s. prompt loading per s.s. Murestan.

HULL.—500 tons light seeds at 16s. 6d. and 10 cwts seeds at 14s. June loading.

ABERDEEN.—2,000 tons bonemeal at 24s. December January loading.

ABERDEEN.—500 tons bonemeal at 27s.

Market closes quiet.

Ready rates December.

ANTWERP...	16s.6d.13cwts,	16s. 6d.	Sds Ctln pea
HAMBURG...	16s.6d. „	16s. 6d.	"Chunleigh."
ANTWERP...	17s. „	19s.	Sds ctln pe
HULL ...	17s. „	19s.	"King Bleddyn.c
DUNKIRK ...	18s. 6d. „	20. 6d.	Sds ctln pe's "Arriston."
GENOA ...	18s.6d „	20s. 6d.	Sds ctln Dec
MAR. ...	18s. „	20s. „	

For January rates are the same.

Forward.

ANTWERP	... 17s. 13cwts.	19s. 6d. seeds cotton.
HULL	... 17s. 6d „	
DUNKIRK	... 18s. 6d. „	20s. 6d. „
HAMBURG	... 18s. 6d. „	20s. 6d. „

February to July-February only 3 more.

MARSEILLES	... „	20s. 6d. „
GENOA	... „	20s. 6d. „
HAVRE.	... „	21s. 6d. „

February to June.

February to June P. P. 21s. Havre option 1s. more.

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—

Fluctuations have occurred in the home markets and prices here have followed home advices. On the whole changes have been small, but business has been on very moderate lines and there is at the moment little change of much improvement. Rates are likely to follow the home market which close easier.

We quote:—

Ready ...	...	...Rs. 8 3 0 B.T.
December ...	...	„ 8 11 0 R.T.
April-May. ...	...	„ 9 1 9 „

RAPESEED :—

In this market also changes have been small and there has been little doing, the tone of the market having been quiet throughout the week.

We quote :—

Brown Delhi, Ap-May	...	Rs. 8	3 0 R.T.
Ready brown Cawnpore	...	Rs. 7	11 0 B.T.
„ Yellow „	...	Rs. 8	10 0 „

WHEAT :—

The market has remained steady during the week with a moderate business passing. Prices are practically unchanged.

We quote :—

Ready White Pissi 85 p. c.	Rs.	5	5 6 R.T.
„ Cawnpore	... „	5	4 0 „
White Delhi, Ap-May.	„	5	6 6 „

GINGELLYSEED :—

The market has been steady and a moderate business has been put through in most descriptions at about our quotations.

We quote :—

Bold White 85 p. c.	Rs.	55	0 0 D.J.
Small White 15 p. c.	... „	54	0 0 „
Mimbasa	... „	57	0 0 „
Red Khandwa ...	... „	53	0 0 D.J.
Black Kutne ...	... „	47	8 0 „
Yellow Hingunghat	... „	58	0 0 F.M.
Mughi	... „	54	0 0 J.F.

POPPYSEED:—

The market has been quiet but steady throughout the week at our quotation.

We quote:—

Ready ...	...	Rs. 13	0 0 B.T

GROUNDNUTS :—

This market has been steady with a moderate business passing and prices close a trifle higher.

We quote :—

Bold	Jan.-Feb. ...	Rs. 46	0 0
Small	... „	„ 44	12 0

CASTORSEED :—

The market is quiet with little business doing.

We quote:—

Ready ...	...	... Rs. 37	0 0 nl.
April-May...	...	... „ 35	8 0

COTTONSEED :—

The market is quiet but steady.

We quote :—

Ready ...	...	...Rs. 26	8 0
Dec-Jan ...	...	... „ 25	8 0

MOWRASEED :—

Fluctuations have occurred and the market is now quiet but steady.

We quote :—

Ready ...	...	... Rs. 8	6 0 B.T.

WEEK'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the week ended at 6 p.m., yesterday.

Cotton	...	59594 bales.
Wheat	...	82,774 cwts.
Linseed	...	4,885 „
Rapeseed	...	679 „
Gingellyseed ...	...	50 381 „
Poppyseed	...	370 „
Groundnuts... ...	...	21,664 „
Castorseed	...	8,399 „
Rice	...	106,881 „
Myrabollams... ...	...	8,753 „
Cottonseed	...	33,761 „
Mowrasseed	...	2,800 „
Gram	...	25,546 „
Joowar	...	44,181 „
Maize	...	2,817 „
Barley	...	12,162 „

LOCAL YARNS.

The market has kept steady during the week though the enquiry has been on very moderate lines. Sales have been made of 10s. 12s. and 20s., in some cases at an improvement in prices. At the close the tone of the market is steady and sellers are firm. Business continues on a moderate scale.

	Bales.
Fortnightly sales from Shanghai	4,000
Unsold stock at Shanghai.....	55,000

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.

WHITE GOODS :—The market continues steady and we have no change of importance to report this week.

GREY GOODS :—There is a fair general demand with prices firm and hardening.

PRINTS AND DYED GOODS :—The market continues steady. There is a fair demand for printed goods and prices are maintained in sympathy with the firmness on the other side.

TURKEY RED PLAIN GOODS :—The local market is quiet with a moderate demand. The home market is firm and the tendency is against buyers.

TURKEY AND PRINTS :—The market is quiet and prices continue steady.

DHOOTIES :—The home market continues firm. The Bombay market is still quiet, and there is a moderate demand for these goods.

METALS.

COPPER AND YELLOW METAL.—The Honee market shows little or no change during the week. On market has slightly improved this week but there has been little or no business doing.

COAL MARKET.

Although the spot freight market shows signs of decline sellers ideas of price have undergone no modification.

Approximate quotations are:—

	Rs.	Rs.
Powell Duffryn ...	...	24-8
Hastings Hartly ...	...	22-11
Davizons Hartley	...	23
Australian ...	...	18-15
Natal ...	...	20-7
Desherghur ...	...	19-4
Desherghur ...	... 18	
Jherriah ...	... 17-8	

PETROLEUM.

The following are to-day's rates for the Standard Oil Company's brands :—

			per case.
Snowflake Brand ...150°	American	Rs.	6 0 2
White Rose Brand..150°	American	„	5 12 2
Chester Brand ..... 75°	Abel A'can	„	4 12 2
Devoe's Imp. Brilliant 76°	Abel A'can	„	4 8 2
Monkey Brand ...125°	American	„	4 6 2
Tiger Brand ...125°	American	„	4 8 2
White Camellia			per 2 tins
in Brand tins ...125		„	4 0 0
Elephant Brand			
Bulk in tins ...125°		„	4 6 0
Elephant Brand			per 8 l gals.
Bulk without tins 125°		„	3 6 0
			per 2 tins.
Camel Brand in tins 125°		„	4 0 0

The following are the rates ruling to-day for the undermentioned brands of the Asiatic Petroleum Coy., (India), Ld :—

	Rs. a. p.
Rising Sun Brand Bulk Loose per unit...	3 0 0
Rising Sun Brand New Tins per pair	4 0 0
Bull Brand Bulk Loose per unit	3 2 0
Bull Brand New Tins per pair	3 12 0
Swan Brand Bulk Loose per unit	3 1 0
Swan Brand New Tins per pair	3 11 0
Anchor Tins per pair	4 2 0
Shell 150 cases per case.....	5 4 0
Anchor cases per case	4 8 0

SHARES.

The market is quiet and declining and almost all Mill shares have more or less declined owing to high prices of Cotton and a number of sellers on the market of their holdings. Bank of Bombay shares have remained quiet at Rs. 1,735 ; Bank of Indias have changed hands at Rs. 643 ; Bank of Barodas are steady at Rs. 70 ; Indian Specie Bank have declined to Rs. 72 1-2 ; Bombay Merchant Bank shares are steady at Rs. 13 ; Eastern Bank have changed hands at Rs. 95 ; Press shares are quiet. Indian Cotton at Rs. 140 ; New Berar at Rs. 570 ; New Mofussils at Rs. 840 ; In Mill Companies Bombay Cotton are quiet at Rs. 330 ; Century Mill shares at Rs. 297 1-2 ; Central Indias after touching Rs. 2,160 have improved to Rs. 2,190 ; Colaba Land and Mill Companies shares are quiet at Rs. 1,440 ; Oreseens at Rs. 116 1-4 ; Davids at Rs. 522 1-2 ; Edward Sassoon at Rs. 210 ; Fazulbhoys at Rs. 535 ; Finlays at Rs. 380 ; Jamshed at Rs. 205 ; Kohinoors at Rs. 817 1-2 ; Madhavji Dharamsey Nudar at Rs. 1,575 ; Maneckjee Petit's at Rs. 3,160 ; New Great Eastern at Rs. 272 1-2 ; New City of Bombay at Rs. 1,040 ; Phœnix at Rs. 141 1-4 ; Sassoon Silk Mill shares have changed hands at Rs. 422 1-2 ; Standards after touching Rs. 1,400 have closed at Rs. 1,420 ; Swan mill shares are quiet at Rs. 287 1-2 ; Sun Mill shares at Rs. 127 1-2 ; Swadeshis at Rs. 1,790. In Railway Companies Ahmedabad Pantej have changed hands at Rs. 675 ; Amritsar Pactis at Rs. 138 ; Sindh Light Railway shares at Rs. 137 ; Tapty Valley are steady at Rs. 656 ; Ahmedabad Dhokas at Rs. 140 ; Central Provinces have changed hands at Rs. 69 1-2 ; and Gujarat Railways are quiet at Rs. 121. In miscellaneous companies Bombay-Burma Tram. Co. have changed hands at Rs. 562 1-2 ; Bombay E S and Tramways Co Ltd. ordinary shares are steady at Rs. 173 and preference shares have improved to Rs. 181 ; Bombay Steam Navigation Co. ordinary shares to Rs. 267 1-2 and preferences shares to Rs. 275 ; Port Banning and Land Improvement Company Ltd shares have ruled at and about at Rs. 807 1-2 ; Tata Iron and Steel Co. ordinary shares are quiet at Rs. 95 ; difference shares at Rs. 198 ; and preference shares at Rs. 174 ; Treachers are quiet at Rs. 495. The rest are unchanged at previous quotation.

GRIFFITHS' COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.

Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports	...	56,000 Bales
Exports to Great Britain	...	6,000 do.
Exports to Continent	...	39,000 do.
Spot Cotton at New York	...	12·75
Future Cotton at New York—Jan.	...	10·37—5
Future Cotton at New York—May...	...	12·51—7
Tone Market at closing Spot—Steady—Future—		Steady

General Tone Market opened —
—Steady and early declined owing to longs unloading, later advanced on spinners said to be bidding more freely.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 5.

Spot Cotton at New Orleans ... 12 5-8
Future Cotton at New Orleans—Jan. 12·66 + 12
Future Cotton at New Orleans—May. 12·78 + 11
Opening Tone of Market—Closed—Steady.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 5.

COTTON.

Cotton.—The Liverpool market opened
for spot ... ...Quiet and closed Quiet.
Do. The Liverpool market closed for futures ... ... Quiet.
Do. The Liverpool market closed for East Indian ... ... Quiet.
Total Day's Sales ... ... 10,000 bales.
Sales on spot and export ... ... 1,500 do
Total Day's Imports ... ... 54,000 do
Oocoonada Fair Red—Ldn. C. I. F. ... 6 5-16
Oocoonada Giuee l—Ldn. C. I. F. ... 5 7-16
Egyptian F. G. Fair Brown... ... 10 1-16
Good Bhownuggur ... ... 5 15-16d.
Good Bengal ... ... 5 9-16d.
F. G. Bengal ... ... 5 11-16d.
Fine Bengal ... ... 5 13-16d.
Good Madras Westerns Ldn ... 6 3-8d.
F. G. F. Tinnevelly L'pool C. I. F. ... 6 3-8d.
Geo. Mayalls Yarns 11 1-8
40's Mule Twist (Bannermills) 11 1-4
Weft 54 American 11 1-2
Weft 80 Egyptian 17 1-2
Weft 32's 13 5-8
Twist 36 ... ... 10 5-8
Twist 42 ... ... 11 7-8
Twist American 60 ... ... 11 7-8
Twist Egyptian 60 ... ... 16 7-8
Twist Egyptian 80 ... ... 20 1-8
Tone of Fine Yarns ... ... Firm
Tone of Coarse Yarns ... ... do
Mid American at Liverpool... ... 6 97—5
Cotton Daily Mid Uplands G. O. C.
Liverpool—
Dec.-Jan. ... ... 6·66—11
Jan.-Feb. ... ... 6·65—11
Feb-Mar. ... ... 6·64—10
Mar-Apl. ... ... 6·63—11
Apl.-May ... ... 6·61—11
May-June ... ... 6·62—11
June-July ... ... 6 61—11
July-Aug. ... ... 6·59—11
Aug.-Sept. ... ... 6·50—10

MANCHESTER, Dec. 5.

Manchester Piece Goods Market —
Firm—Fair enquiries but sellers stiff and transactions difficult to arrange—fair enquiries for Shirting Dhooties—demand from China for Staples.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Linseed, 4 p. c Refraction, Landed Terms (per 410 lbs)...Dec.-Jan.—Ldn.—46 4 1-4—Sellers
Do. Bombay exship (per 416lbs) ...Dec.-Jan.—Dunkirk—50 ...
Do. La Plata ...Dec.-Jan.—Hamburg 42 9 „
Do. Tone of Market at close ... Quiet „
Do. Tendency of the Market...Little doing.
Linseed Oil Spot Pipes. Dec.—£25 0·0 „
do ...Feb.-Mar.—£24-10-0 „
Do. Tone of Market at close ... Quiet „
Poppyseed Canal...Dec.-Jan.—Hamburg 70 3 „
Do. Tone of Market at close ... Firm
Rapeseed Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 p.c.

The *Statesman*, November 16th, says:—At the invitation of Mr. J. Lee, Proprietor and Secretary, the writer was permitted a press interview with the Sports Club yesterday afternoon. In its appendages and appurtenances, its billiard tables, bar, and so forth, it is well found and it is apparently a club with very catholic sympaties and has a membership of over 500. The prizes for the Xmas Billiard Tournament were shown to the writer and are two big and very solid silver cups.

The *Asian*, Calcutta, September 7, says:—It will have been noticed that in support of a challenge, which he issued. Mr. Joe Lee placed a lakh of rupees on deposit with a Calcutta Bank. His business integrity is beyond question, and punters doing business with him, may do so in the full assurance that they will receive their winnings in full.

The *Statesman*, Calcutta, 6th Jan., says:—Mr. Joe Lee is one of the biggest starting price and straight-out fielders in India.

Indian D. Telegraph, Lucknow, 21st Aug., says:—Absolute security is assured to all punters doing business with Mr. Joe Lee, the well-known Turf Accountant, of 8, Lall Bazar Street, Calcutta. His funds are unlimited and he accepts commissions to any amount.

The *Sporting Life* of London, England, 30th October, says:— * * * * * If Mr. Lee were not well-known to Sportsmen and Cricmen throughout the world as one of themselves, he would still be somebody as a mere Globe Trotter.

UNBIASSED
and
INDEPENDENT
OPINIONS OF
JOE LEE'S
integrity and bona-fides.

Daily Post, Bangalore, 20th Aug., says:—Prompt payment is assured to all punters doing business with Mr. Joe Lee, of 8, Lall Bazar Street, Calcutta. He executes commissions to any amount and his integrity is well known in sporting circles.

The *Bengalee*, Calcutta, 16th Aug., says:—We notice that Joe Lee, of 8, Lall Bazar Street, Calcutta, has deposited one lakh of rupees with his bankers in Calcutta in support of a challenge.

Rangoon Times, Burma, 29th February, 1912, says:—Mr. Joe Lee, the well-known Calcutta Turf Commission Agent, has opened a branch in Rangoon. The fact that he has been favoured with large commissions by Mr. Burjorjee and other prominent Rangoon sporting gentlemen, proves his *bona fides*.

Telegraphic and Money Orders Will NOT be accepted.

The *Indian Field*, Calcutta, 14th Dec., says:—The fact that he does extensive business with many of the prominent racing owners, both in Calcutta and Western India, should be sufficient guarantee of his *bona fides*.

Times of Ceylon, Aug., 23rd, 1912, says:—Mr. Joe Lee, of 8, Lall Bazaar Street, Calcutta, has a reputation for square dealing with clients.

The *English Mail*, Nov. 16th 1912, says:— . . . . . The Public can safely entrust their money to Mr. Joe Lee, who has been well known in India, particularly on the Bombay side, for many years.

Madras Times, Madras, 20th Aug., says:—The mere fact of Joe Lee having deposited one lakh of rupees with his bankers to meet the requirements of one particular venture only, speaks volumes for his cash resources.

Capital, Calcutta, 15th Feb., 1912:—The best thing to do is to encourage Commission Agents whose integrity is beyond question. To this class belongs Mr. Joe Lee.

Englishman, Calcutta, Sept. 2nd, 1912, says:—Mr. Joe Lee, the well-known Turf Accountant, has handled large sums and the lucky punters who deal with him have never had uneasy moments.

The *Indian Planters Gazette*, 6th April, says:—Mr. Joe Lee, of the Sports Club, 8, Lall Bazaar Street, Calcutta, is, keeping up his reputation as India's premier Commission Agent. The Sports Club has become quite a feature in this city; it is most comfortably furnished and is up-to-date in all respects. The number of its members has increased very considerably and it is well patronized.

Burdwan, Indian G. National Trials and Viceroy's Cup Doubles, Trebles, Quadruples, Mixed or Absolute Placings.

A BIG BET.

"THE INDIAN DAILY NEWS," August 12th, says:—

The well-known Turf Accountant, Mr. JOE LEE, claims to be the most extensive layer of odds of anyone in India. To support this claim he has deposited Rs. 1,00,000 in the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank.

Should any layer of odds prove his claim to be incorrect he is entitled to claim the money.

The Lakh of Rupees was NOT claimed.

Send your Commissions to JOE LEE and thus make a Certainty of Receiving Long odds AND your money when you win.

A FORTUNE to be Won by the outlay of 5 RUPEE'S.

No knowledge of racing necessary. Send for full particulars to:

JOE LEE, 8, Lall Bazaar Street, Calcutta, (Sole address in Calcutta.)

Address Letters:—Joe Lee, Dept. No. 9, Box 386, CALCUTTA.

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TURKISH BATH CABINET
(A BLESSING TO HUMANITY)

A TURKISH BATH at home means a great auxiliary for preserving health and affords an invigorating tonic for the nervous system and the vital organs.

TURKISH BATHS are specially beneficial in cases of skin and blood diseases, as they produce a healthy perspiration which expels all the impurities through the pores of the skin.

FULL LITERATURE ON APPLICATION.

Complete with three light Inside Heater	... Rs.	24 8
Do. Do. with Tin Outside Heater	... ,,	35 0
Do. Do. ,, Copper ,, ,,	... ,,	24 0

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KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in*

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.

"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognized; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils, and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized."

DR. R. C. CROFT,
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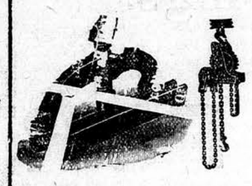

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